

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS - REGULAR MEETING AGENDA – GRAYSON COUNTY COURTHOUSE, INDEPENDENCE, VA THURSDAY, JANUARY 9, 2025 – 6:00 P.M.

6:00 Call to Order:

The Honorable R. Brantley Ivey

Opening Business:

- Invocation
- Pledge
- Decorum
- Approval of Agenda and Consent Agenda (Items listed under this heading may be approved in one motion without discussion as presented or amended.)
 - 1. Regular Meeting Minutes of December 12, 2024
 - 2. Bills & Payroll December 2024
 - 3. WGRL 3rd Quarter Appropriation Request
 - 4. Grayson County Public Schools Appropriation Request

---- Public Hearing(s):

- None
- ---- Reports, Presentation(s) or Requests
 - None
- 6:05 Registered Speaker(s) and Public Comment(s)

6:30 Old Business

- Comprehensive Plan Amendments (repeal & replace the adopted 2018 Comprehensive Plan in its entirety. Content, maps, goals, objectives, and strategies for all chapters have been revised and/or replaced entirely to address updated data and priorities identified through research and with the Code of Virginia. Updates to the Comprehensive Plan also include adding the Grayson County Parks and Recreation Master Plan and a Comprehensive Plan Implementation Matrix.) - <u>Synopsis</u>
 - Resolution Board Action Required Approval/Adoption/Denial
- Board Appointments

6:55 New Business

Resolution – Grayson County High School Football Team

7:05 County Administrator's Report

----- Informational Items:

- BRCEDA 11-25-24 Minutes
- Grant Computer Center 2nd Quarter Update

7:15 Board of Supervisors' Time:

(*Refer to 2023 Rules of Procedure (Section 6.4: From the 2023 Rules of Procedure, Titled - Supervisors' Time.)) ...Matters not included on the agenda and not disposed of during each member's unrestricted time, shall be taken up only if the presiding officer determines that:

- A. They are emergency in nature; or
- B. They involve person present who would not otherwise be present at a Subsequent meeting; or
- C. by the unanimous consent of the membership present

7:30 Adjourn

MEETING DECORUM -

All official meetings conducted within these chambers are to be observed by the following decorum:

- Behavior during all official meetings shall be consistent with the behavior exercised in any court or legislative room found within the Commonwealth of Virginia; and,
- There shall be no outbursts, booing, heckling or other forms of disrespectful behavior by any individuals present within these chambers; and,
- Persons wishing to speak shall do so respectfully and in accordance with the applicable Rules of Procedures and/or at the specific direction of the presiding official; and,
- Out of respect for the official business being conducted, for those conducting the official business and for those present for same purpose, there shall be no private conversations taking place in the audience or other forms of distractive behavior or nuisance; and,
- Please silence cell phones and other such devices before entering these chambers

Range of Checking Accts: 100GENERAL Report Type: All Checks

to 100GENERAL

OGENERAL Range of Check Dates: 11/08/24 to 12/12/24
Report Format: Super Condensed Check Type: Computer: Y Nanual: Y Dir Deposit: Y

Check #	Check Date	Vendor ARCET005 ARC 3 GASES CARQ0010 Carquest Auto Parts DEPAR005 Department Of Forestry GB0IL005 c8B OIL COMP, INC. GRAY0070 Grayson Florist & Gifts HURTP005 HURT & PROFFITT JOANN010 Joanne Sullivan Ball JUNEB005 June Barnes NAPAA010 Napa Auto Parts RALPH015 Ralph Sullivan SUNT0010 Trust TOWN0020 Town Of Troutdale - Water VIRG1055 VIRGINIA UTILITY PROTECTION SE XEROX005 Xerox Corporation ANTH0010 Anthem - Health ANTH0015 Anthem - Dental AFLAC005 Aflac ANTH0010 Anthem - Health ANTH0015 Anthem - Dental DSSFL005 DSS FLOWER FUND GRAY0105 Grayson Co Treasurer'S Office NINNE005 Minnesota Life NTALIO05 NTA LIFE SKYLI005 DSS Christmas Club VAAS0015 VACORP VACU0005 VA CREDIT UNION, INC WASH1010 WASHINGTON NATIONAL ANTH0015 Anthem - Dental GRAYS060 Grayson Co Combined Dist Court	Amount Paid	Reconciled/Void Re	ef Num
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16520	11/08/24	ARCET005 ARC 3 GASES	167.00		2147
16521	11/08/24	CAROUO10 Carquest Auto Parts	207.84		2147
16522	11/08/24	DEPAROOS Department Of Forestry	10.812.98		2147
16523	11/08/24	GROTLOOS G&B OTL COMP. INC.	1.756.76		2147
16524	11/08/24	GRAY0070 Grayson Florist & Gifts	42.95		2147
16525	11/08/24	HIDTOOLS HIDT & PROFETTT	5 439 00		2147
16576	11/08/24	JOANNOID Joanne Sullivan Rall	4 186 57		2147
16527	11/00/24	TIMEDAGE Tune Barnes	3 000 00		2147
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10252	11/00/24	KALPHUIS KAIPH SUITIVAH	7,300.07		2147
10220	11/08/24	SUNTOUTO Truist	1 700 00		2147
10221	11/08/24	TOWNOUZU TOWN OF TROUTDATE - WATER	1,700.00		2147
16552	11/08/24	VIRGIDSS VIRGINIA UTILITY PROTECTION SE	27.00		2147
16533	11/08/24	XEROXUUS Xerox Corporation	211.03		
16534	11/08/24	ANTHUULU Anthem - Health	2,4/1.98		2148
16535	11/14/24	ANTHOO15 Anthem - Dental	20.21		2149
16536	11/15/24	AFLACO05 Aflac	88.06		2151
16537	11/15/24	ANTHOO10 Anthem - Health	9,358.79		2151
16538	11/15/24	ANTHOO15 Anthem - Dental	629.87		2151
16539	11/15/24	DSSFLO05 DSS FLOWER FUND	81.00		2151
16540	11/15/24	GRAY0105 Grayson Co Treasurer's Office	117.29		2151
16541	11/15/24	MINNEOOS Minnesota Life	98.41		2151
16542	11/15/24	NTALIOUS NTA LIFE	67.63		2151
16543	11/15/24	SKYLI005 DSS Christmas Club	1,045.00		2151
16544	11/15/24	VAASOO15 VACORP	174.26		2151
16545	11/15/24	VACUODOS VA CREDIT UNION, INC	125.00		2151
16546	11/15/24	WASHTOID WASHINGTON NATIONAL	29.39		2151
16547	11/25/24	ANTHOO15 Anthem - Dental	20.21		2156
216548	11/25/24	GRAYSOGO Grayson Co Combined Dist Court	46.91	11/25/24 VOID	2156 (Reason: Hearing date passed
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216549	11/26/24	AFLACOOS Aflac ANTHO010 Anthem - Health ANTHO015 Anthem - Dental DSSFLOOS DSS FLOWER FUND GRAYO105 Grayson Co Treasurer'S Office MINNEO05 Minnesota Life NTALIO05 NTA LIFE SKYLIO05 DSS Christmas Club VAASO015 VACORP VACUO005 VA CREDIT UNION, INC WASHIO10 WASHINGTON NATIONAL AFLACO05 Aflac AMERO010 American Heritage Life Ins Co ANTHO010 Anthem - Health ANTHO015 Anthem - Dental BOSTO005 Boston Mutual Life Ins Co GRAYO105 Grayson Co Treasurer'S Office INGO005 Ing MINNEO05 Minnesota Life VAASO015 VACORP ADAMSO05 Adams Building Supply AMAZO005 Amazon Capital Services, Inc. AMORTO05 A.Morton Thomas and Associates APPALO05 Appalachian Power ARCETO05 ARC 3 GASES ATLANO10 Atlantic Emergency Soluntions BIBLEOOS Bible Baptist Church BKTUNO05 Bkt Uniforms BLACKO10 Blacksheep Customs, LLC. BOUNDOO5 Bound Tree Medical LLC BRIGHO05 brightspeed CARQO010 Carquest Of Alleghany CINTAO05 Cintas Corp, #532 CINTO05 CivicPlus, LLC COMCA015 COMCAST BUSINESS COMERO05 Comers Rock Community Center DANNYO05 Danny Smith DIRECO10 Directional Signing ProgramLLC EDMUNO05 Edmunds & Associates, Inc ELKCO010 Elk Creek Rescue Squad EMBRO005 Embroidery Ville ERINGO05 Flat Ridge Community Center	88 06	100000	2158
216550	11/26/24	ANTHONIO Anthem - Hazlth	9 426 97		2158
210330	11/20/24	ANTHOUSE Anthem - nearth	643.07		2150
210001	11/20/24	ANIHUUIS Anthem - Dentai	042.97		2130
216552	11/26/24	DSSFLOOS DSS FLOWER FUND	81.00		2158
216553	11/26/24	GRAY0105 Grayson Co Treasurer'S Office	117.29		2158
216554	11/26/24	MINNEOO5 Minnesota Life	98.41		2158
216555	11/26/24	NTALIOOS NTA LIFE	67.63		2158
216556	11/26/24	SKYLTOOS DSS Christmas Club	1.045.00		2158
216557	11/26/24	VAASOOTS VACORD	174.26		2158
216550	11/20/24	VACUODE VA CREDIT UNITON THE	125 00		2150
710330	11/20/24	VACUUUUS VA CREDII UNIUN, INC	123.00		2130
210559	11/26/24	WASHIDID WASHINGTON NATIONAL	29.39		2138
216560	11/27/24	AFLACOUS ATTAC	494.58		2160
216561	11/27/24	AMEROO10 American Heritage Life Ins Co	47.58		2160
216562	11/27/24	ANTHO010 Anthem - Health	78,784.98		2160
216563	11/27/24	ANTHOO15 Anthem - Dental	4,382.88		2160
216564	11/27/24	BOSTOODS Boston Mutual Life Ins Co	604.19		2160
216565	11/27/24	GRAY0105 Grayson Co Treasurer's Office	1.880.90		2160
216566	11/27/24	TNC00005 Tnc	100.00		2160
210300	11/2//24	NTHUSONS Himnosota Life	007.50		2160
216567	11/2//24	MINNEUUS MINNESOCA LITE	997.30		2100
216568	11/27/24	VAASUU15 VACORP	810.51		2100
216664	11/27/24	ADAM5005 Adams Building Supply	245.34		2165
216665	11/27/24	AMAZOOOS Amazon Capital Services, Inc.	0.00	11/27/24 VOID	0
216666	11/27/24	AMAZOOOS Amazon Capital Services, Inc.	1,267.49		2165
216667	11/27/24	AMORTOO5 A.Morton Thomas and Associates	1,386.00		2165
216668	11/27/24	APPALOOS Annalachian Power	924.99		2165
216669	11/27/24	ARCETOOS ARC 3 GASES	1.650.00		2165
216670	11/27/24	ATLANDID Atlantic Emergency Soluntions	109.08		2165
216671	11/27/24	DIDLEGOS Bible Bantiet Church	40.00		2165
216673	11/27/24	BUTUNOS BLAT Uniforms	605.04		2165
270017	11/2//24	BKIUNOUS BKC UITTUIMS	73.00		3165
2166/3	11/2//24	BLACKULU Blacksheep Customs, LLC.	72.00		2165
216674	11/27/24	BOUNDOOS Bound Tree Medical LLC	1,757.68		2165
216675	11/27/24	BRIGHOO5 brightspeed	1,429.56		2165
216676	11/27/24	CAROUO10 Carquest Auto Parts	198.98		2165
216677	11/27/24	CAROLIOUS Carollest Of Allenhany	11 99		2165
216670	11/27/24	CTNTARRE Contract Corn #527	0.00	11/27/24 VOTD	0
2100/0	11/2//24	CINIADUS CINCAS COIP, #332	1 413 71	11/27/24 4010	2165
2166/9	11/2//24	CINIADUS CINTAS COPP, #532	1,413.71		2165
216680	11/27/24	CITY0010 City Of Galax	31,853.54		2165
216681	11/27/24	CIVICOOS CivicPlus, LLC	17,184.10		2165
216682	11/27/24	COMCA015 COMCAST BUSINESS	1,442.57		2165
216683	11/27/24	COMEROOS Comers Rock Community Center	250.00		2165
216684	11/27/24	DANNYDDS Danny Smith	75.00		2165
216600	11/27/24	DIRECTION Directional Signing Drogram LC	500.00		2165
210003	11/27/24	DIRECOID DIFECCIONAL SIGNING Programmed	300.00		2103
216686	11/2//24	EDMUNUUS Edmunds & Associates, Inc	13,818.00		2165
216687	11/27/24	ELKCOO10 Elk Creek Rescue Squad	100.00		2165
216688	11/27/24	EMBRO005 Embroidery Ville	280.00		2165
216689	11/27/24	ERINGOO5 Erin Gifford	2,875.00		2165
216690	11/27/24	EROILOOS E&R Oil Company, Inc	8.00		2165
216601	11/27/24	FLATROO5 Flat Ridge Community Center	225.00		2165
216691	11/27/24		223.00		2165
	11/27/24	FLEETOOS Fleetpride	399.96		2165
216693	11/27/24	FLOREOOS Flores & Associates, Llc	428.00		2165
216694	11/27/24	FOODCOOS Food City, Store #866	488.79		2165
	11/27/24	FRIESO20 Friesland Corp.	200.00		2165
		GALLSO05 GALLS, LLC	274.46		2165
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216607	11/27/24		025 27		7165
	11/27/24	GBOILO05 G&B OIL COMP, INC.	925.27		2165
216698	11/27/24 11/27/24	GBOILOOS G&B OIL COMP, INC. GRACEOOS Grace Free will Baptist Church	75.00		2165
216698 216699	11/27/24 11/27/24 11/27/24	GBOIL005 G&B OIL COMP, INC. GRACE005 Grace Free will Baptist Church GRANI010 Granite Telecommunications,LLC	75.00 6,022.52		2165 2165
216698 216699	11/27/24 11/27/24 11/27/24	GBOIL005 G&B OIL COMP, INC. GRACE005 Grace Free will Baptist Church GRANI010 Granite Telecommunications,LLC	75.00		2165
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216698 216699 216700 216701	11/27/24 11/27/24 11/27/24 11/27/24 11/27/24	GBOIL005 G&B OIL COMP, INC. GRACE005 Grace Free will Baptist Church GRANI010 Granite Telecommunications,LLC GRAY0030 Grayson Co Dept Of Social Serv GRAY0055 Grayson Co School Board	75.00 6,022.52 502.60 6,624.99		2165 2165 2165 2165
216698 216699 216700 216701 216702	11/27/24 11/27/24 11/27/24 11/27/24 11/27/24 11/27/24	GBOIL005 G&B OIL COMP, INC. GRACE005 Grace Free will Baptist Church GRANI010 Granite Telecommunications,LLC GRAY0030 Grayson Co Dept Of Social Serv GRAY0055 Grayson Co School Board HIGHC005 High Country Springs, Llc	75.00 6,022.52 502.60 6,624.99 16.95		2165 2165 2165 2165 2165 2165
216698 216699 216700 216701 216702 216703	11/27/24 11/27/24 11/27/24 11/27/24 11/27/24	GBOIL005 G&B OIL COMP, INC. GRACE005 Grace Free will Baptist Church GRANI010 Granite Telecommunications,LLC GRAY0030 Grayson Co Dept Of Social Serv GRAY0055 Grayson Co School Board	75.00 6,022.52 502.60 6,624.99		2165 2165 2165 2165

317705	11/27/24	INDEO020 Independence Vol Fire Dept JASON070 Jason William Edsall JOHNA015 John Alexander JOHNN005 John M Taylor JOYC0010 Joyce Rouse KURTC005 KUrt Card LANDS005 Landscape Supply, Inc. LAURA040 Laura Bryant LCR00005 LCR LOWES015 Lowes Home Center LUMEN005 Lumen MANSF005 Mansfield Oil Company MERRI005 Merritt Supply, Inc MOUNT050 Mountain View Baptist Church MTR00030 Mt Rogers Community Improvemen NAPAA010 Napa Auto Parts NEWR0025 New River Valley Juvenile Dete NEWR0030 New River Valley Reg Jail NTAIN005 NATEC NXTEC005 NXTEC OAKH1005 Oak Hill Academy OMNIL005 ONNILINK Systems PAPER005 Paper Clip PITNE025 Pitney Bowes Inc PMGNE005 PMG Newspapers, Central NC/VA POWER015 Power DMS PRENI010 Premier Building Solutions PRIN0015 Printelect PROF0010 Professional Networks, Inc PROFE020 Professional Communications RIVER030 River Ridge Organics ROBYN005 Robyn Dillon RRENT005 SAR Enterprises, Inc SANDS005 Sands Anderson PC SIMC0005 SIMCON Company, LLC SOUTH030 Southwest Soils, Inc. STEPH060 Stephen Boyer SUMMIO05 Summit Publishing Llc SUPRE005 Supreme Court Of Va TOWN0010 TOWN OF INDEPENDENCE TROUT005 Troutdale Vol Fire & Rescue USCELO05 US Cellular VADEP005 Va Dept Of Motor Vehicles VAELE010 VA. ELECTRIC SUPPLY, INC. VANES005 Vanessa Hollifield VAREC005 VA RECREATION & PARK SOCIETY	75 00		2165
216705	11/27/24	INDEDUZU Independence voi Fire Dept	75.00		2165
216700	11/27/24	JASONO/O JASON WITITAM EGSATT	13 50		2165
216707	11/27/24	JOHNAUIS John M. Taylor	19.00		2165
216700	11/27/24	JOHNMOUS JOHN M TAYTOT	11 80		2165
216710	11/27/24	VIDICOOL JOYCE ROUSE	27 00		2165
210/10	11/27/24	LANDSONS Landsonna Sunniv. Tes	747.00		2165
216711	11/27/24	LANDSOUS LandScape Supply, Inc.	54.00		2165
216712	11/27/24	LAUKAU4U LAUFA BEYATIC	177 40		2165
210/13	11/27/24	LOWESOTE LOWER Home Contor	364 08		2165
216715	11/27/24	TOMESOUS TOMES HOME CENTER	1 289 52		2165
216716	11/27/24	MANSEONS Manefield Oil Company	10,006,52		2165
210/10	11/27/24	MEDITIONS Manualth Cumply Inc	1 425 00		2165
216717	11/27/24	MCMRTOSO Mountain View Bantist Church	35/ /0		2165
216710	11/27/24	MTD00020 Mt Doopes Community Improvemen	150.00		2165
216720	11/27/24	NADAAOTO Nana Auto Barts	1 189 94		2165
216721	11/27/24	NEWBOOTS Now Piver Valley Juvenile Dete	3 750 00		2165
216722	11/27/24	NEWPOORS New River Valley Reg 12:1	83 . 191 . 80		2165
216722	11/27/24	NTATNOOS NEW KIVEL VALLEY KEY SALL	48.36		2165
216724	11/27/24	NWCDTOOS NWCd The	284 60		2165
216725	11/27/24	NXTECOOS NXTEC	390.15		2165
216726	11/27/24	OAKHTOOS Oak Hill Academy	40.00		2165
216727	11/27/24	OMNTLOOS OMNTLINK Systems	409.50		2165
216728	11/27/24	PAPEROOS Paper Clip	1.159.88		2165
216729	11/27/24	PITNEO25 Pitney Bowes Inc	91.29		2165
216730	11/27/24	PMGNEOO5 PMG Newspapers, Central NC/VA	1.754.18		2165
216731	11/27/24	POWER015 Power DMS	10,093.70		2165
216732	11/27/24	PREMIO10 Premier Building Solutions	4,025.00		2165
216733	11/27/24	PRINO015 Printelect	5,076.14		2165
216734	11/27/24	PROF0010 Professional Networks, Inc	875.00		2165
216735	11/27/24	PROFE020 Professional Communications	413,032.00		2165
216736	11/27/24	RIVERO30 River Ridge Organics	34.20		2165
216737	11/27/24	ROBYNOO5 Robyn Dillon	1,100.00		2165
216738	11/27/24	RRENTOOS R&R Enterprises, Inc	250.00		2165
216739	11/27/24	SANDSOOS Sands Anderson Pc	3,957.50		2165
216740	11/27/24	SIMCODOS SIMCON Company, LLC	31,820.00		2165
216741	11/27/24	SOUTH030 Southwest Soils, Inc.	154.00		2165
216742	11/27/24	STAPLO15 Staples, Inc.	226.59		2165
216743	11/27/24	STEPH060 Stephen Boyer	710.27		2165
216744	11/27/24	SUMMIOOS Summit Publishing Llc	3,295.00		2165
216745	11/27/24	SUPREOOS Supreme Court Of Va	650.00		2165
216746	11/27/24	TOWNOOLO TOWN OF INDEPENDENCE	1,683.19		2165
216747	11/27/24	TROUTOOS Troutdale Vol Fire & Rescue	50.00		2165
216748	11/27/24	USCELOO5 Us Cellular	0.00	11/27/24 VOID	0
216749	11/27/24	USCELOOS US Cellular	1,258.92		2165
216750	11/27/24	VADEPOOS Va Dept Of Motor Vehicles	5,150.00		2165
216751	11/27/24	VAELEO10 VA. ELECTRIC SUPPLY, INC.	268.58		2165
216/52	11/27/24	VANESOOS Vanessa Hollifield	85.50		2165
		VERIZO10 Verizon WIreless (PSA)	120.03		2165
		VILLIOOS Villiage To Villiage Press,LLC	1,486.00		2165
		VIRGIO55 VIRGINIA UTILITY PROTECTION SE	54.05		2165
		VIRGI115 Virginia Outdoor Adventures	3,029.40		2165
		XEROXOO5 Xerox Corporation	211.14		2165
		APPALOOS Appalachian Power	1,000.00		2166
		BRIGH005 brightspeed	7.00 88.71		2166 2166
	11/27/24 11/27/24	CINTAOOS Cintas Corp, #532 HANDSOOS Hands Of Grace	12,702.08		2166
710/07	11/2//24	מארחשות און מומנים וויים מומנים	11,701,00		1100
216763	12/04/24	1STDE005 1ST DEFENSE PEST CONTROL, LLC	75.00		2172
		ALPHA005 Alpha Card	55.34		2172
		ANTHOO10 Anthem - Health	1,617.43		2172
		APPALOOS Appalachian Power	2,416.61		2172
			1.20.02		

		5-133	170.58	0.00	0.00	170.58	
		5-128	12,702.08	0.00	0.00	12,702.08	
roadband		5-114	425,356.44	0.00	0.00	425,356.44	
ARES ACT		5-113	67,193.40	0.00	0.00	67,193.40	
eneral Fund piod Settlemen	:	5-100 5-112	288,453.99 5,064.04	0.00	111,436.89	399,890.88 5,064.04	
und Descriptio		Fund	Expend Total	Revenue Total		Total	
otals by Year-	und	-	Evnand Total	Devenue Total	G/L Total	Tatal	
0	rect Deposit:) 0	967,297.25	0.00 46.91			
eport Totals	Checks: Paid	Void 100	Amount Paid 967,297.25	Amount Void 46.91			
D	rect Deposit: (00	0.00 967,297.25	0.00 46.91			
hecking Account	Totals Paid Checks: 189		Amount Paid 967,297.25	Amount Void 46.91			
16808 12/04/2		Marion		100.00	2173		
216806 12/04/2 216807 12/04/2	LINDAOO5 Linda B	evins MORRIS		100.00 35.00	2173 2173		
216804 12/04/2 216805 12/04/2	GALAOO40 Galax Pu KISEROO5 Kiser Co	ombuter consulti	no. Lic	310.00 280.00	2173 2173		
216802 12/04/2 216803 12/04/2	DONNAO15 Donna B.	on On Vasap Hill		610.26 280.92	2173 2173		
216800 12/04/2 216801 12/04/2	BANKOOOS Bank Of	an Power (ASAP) Marion - Visa		751.56	2173 2173		
216799 12/04/2	ABPRIO05 A & B Pr	inting		595.00	2173		
216797 12/04/2 216798 12/04/2	VERIZO10 Verizon	WIreless (PSA)		120.23	2172 2172		
16795 12/04/2 16796 12/04/2	TOWNPOUS Town Pol VABUO010 Region 1	ice Supply VBCOA	4,	629.40 120.00	2172 2172		
16794 12/04/2	TOWN0020 Town of	Troutdale - Wat	er .	600.00	2172		
16792 12/04/2 16793 12/04/2	SUNTOO10 Truist	Court Of Va	23,	847.62 563.80	2172 2172		
216790 12/04/2 216791 12/04/2	STAPLUIS Staples, SUNTOOIO Truist	inc.		76.09 0.00 12/04/24 v			
216789 12/04/2	SHREDOOS SHRED-IT	Tue		89.74	2172		
216787 12/04/2 216788 12/04/2	ROBYNOOS Robyn Di	llon chardson	1,	400.00 300.00	2172 2172		
216785 12/04/2 216786 12/04/2	RECOVOOS Recovery	Through Fitnes	s 2,	460.89	2172		
216784 12/04/2	PMGNEOOS PMG News	papers, Central	NC/VA	508.85	2172 2172		
216782 12/04/2 216783 12/04/2	OCVLLOOS OCV, LLO PAPEROOS Paper Cl	ip	3,	000.00 845.19	2172 2172		
216780 12/04/2 216781 12/04/2	JIREHOO5 Jireh Pr	operty MNGNNT C		799.50 312.50	2172 2172		
216779 12/04/2	GREATO10 Great Am	erican Financia	l Serv.	289.90	2172		
216777 12/04/2 216778 12/04/2		Co School Board	3, fice 1.	278.61 140.62	2172 2172		
216776 12/04/	4 GAZETUUS GAZET	te Press, Inc		225.00		2172	
216774 12/04/ 216775 12/04/	24 ELECOO10 Elect 24 FERGUO15 Fergu	ion Systems & S son Waterworks	#7575 #7575	7,664.85 174.27		2172 2172	
216773 12/04/	24 EDMUN005 Edmun	ds & Associates	s, Inc	246.96		2172	
216771 12/04/ 216772 12/04/		s Corp, #532		374.34 466.09		2172 2172	
216769 12/04/ 216770 12/04/	A CENTRALE CONT.	are the dealer		41 22		2172	
216768 12/04/		tspeed	w Falid Wa	120.81		2172 2172	

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT	5-355	396.00	0.00	0.00	396.00
Water - PSA FUND	5-501	42,549.47	0.00	417.41	42,966.88
DMV/RETURNED CHECKS Year T	5-607 <u></u>	5,150.00 847,036.00	0.00	0.00	5,150,00 958,890.30
	X-225	1,025.00	0.00	0.00	1,025.00
County Anthem Insurance Fund	x-251	4,089.41	0.00	0.00	4,089.41
ASAP	X-714	3,262.74	0.00	0.00	3,262.74
Year T	x-763 _	29.80 8,406.95	0.00	0.00	29.80 8,406.95
Total Of All F	unds:	855,442.95	0.00	111,854.30	967,297.25

Grayson County Board of Supervisors Regular Meeting Minutes December 12, 2024

Members attending in person: R. Brantley Ivey, Michael S. Hash, Tracy A. Anderson, Mary E. Dickenson Tomlinson and Mitchell D. Cornett.

Staff attending in person: Stephen A. Boyer, Mitchell L. Smith, and Linda C. Osborne

IN RE: OPENING BUSINESS

Supervisor Hash made the motion to amend the agenda to include in board appointments Todd Cannaday from the EDA and adding resignation from Philip Vaughan from the Planning Commission and add under new business a Resolution for Grievance Procedure (Mr. Boyer noted this is for a USDA grant and this is an internal grievance procedure based on the Rehabilitation Act) which includes consent agenda items of regular meeting minutes of November 14, 2024; November bills & payroll; unanticipated revenue/budget amendments/transfer and personnel policy; duly seconded by Supervisor Cornett. Motion carried 5-0.

IN RE: PUBLIC HEARING(S)

A public hearing to receive public comments and consider input regarding the draft Comprehensive Plan in accordance with §15.2-2204 of the Code of Virginia. The Comprehensive Plan Amendments repeal & replace the adopted 2018 Comprehensive Plan in its entirety. Content, maps, goals, objectives, and strategies for all chapters have been revised and/or replaced entirely to address updated data and priorities identified through research and with the Code of Virginia. Updates to the Comprehensive Plan also

include adding the Grayson County Parks and Recreation Master Plan and a Comprehensive Plan Implementation Matrix. Mrs. Jada Black, Director of Planning & Zoning addressed the Board and noted the Planning Commission has competed its review and revisions of the Draft 2024 Comprehensive Plan (on file in Planning & Zoning Office), as required by Virginia state law Section 15.2-2230, which requires that a review be completed every five years to determine whether amendments are advisable – the Planning Commission worked on this draft for a little over a year to refine current data and update each chapter – the Panning Commission believes the revisions address the community's needs and align with the vision for the county's future development – this is a review/update, not a rewrite – Supervisor Ivey thanked the Planning Commission for all their hard work. Supervisor Hash made the motion to close public hearing; duly seconded by Supervisor Anderson. Motion carried 5-0. Supervisor Cornett made the motion to table the Comprehensive Plan to the following meeting; duly seconded by Supervisor Hash. Motion carried 5-0.

- Resolution – Adopting the Comprehensive Plan, Addendums, and Implementation Matrix – tabled to following meeting.

A public hearing to receive public comments regarding text amendment to the Grayson County Subdivision Ordinance concerning the regulation of Cemeteries as authorized by §15.2-2285 of the Code of Virginia. Supervisor Hash made the motion to open the public hearing; duly seconded by Supervisor Tomlinson. Motion carried 5-0. Mrs. Black noted the Planning Commission requests the Board's consideration of amending the county subdivision ordinance to more comprehensively address the issue of family cemeteries – the subdivision ordinance doesn't sufficiently address the development, preservation, and protection of family cemeteries that are often located on private properties – many families in our area have cemeteries on their land that have been passed down through generations, holding significant cultural, historical and emotional value – the Planning Department continues to receive calls from families wanting to establish family cemeteries - currently there is no guidance- this is for new cemeteries going forward (does not include post) - the Planning Commission has created language for consideration to exempt family cemeteries as a single division, additionally providing guidance for newly created family cemeteries to have a 30' right of way from a statemaintained road, the cemetery is named and recorded in the clerk's office for public record – Planning Commission held a public hearing on November 19th, unanimously passing a resolution for the Board's consideration to amend the subdivision ordinance to allow for family cemeteries. Mrs. Black also noted that the Ordinance has been vetted by the County Attorney. Supervisor Hash made the motion to close the public hearing; duly seconded by Supervisor Tomlinson. Motion carried 5-0.

Ordinance – To Amend Article 6, Section 6-3 of the Grayson County Subdivision Ordinance to Allow Family Cemeteries As A Permitted Single Division – Supervisor Hash made a motion to adopt the Ordinance (listed below) as presented by the Planning Commission; duly seconded by Supervisor Tomlinson.

Reading of the ordinance was waived. Roll call vote as follows: Tracy A. Anderson – aye; Michael S. Hash – aye; Mitchell D. Cornett – aye; Mary E. Dickenson Tomlinson – aye; R. Brantley Ivey – aye.

ORDINANCE

OF THE COUNTY OF GRAYSON, VIRGINIA
TO AMEND ARTICLE 6, SECTION 6-3 OF THE GRAYSON COUNTY
SUBDIVISION ORDINANCE TO ALLOW FAMILY CEMETERIES
AS A PERMITTED SINGLE DIVISION

WHEREAS, Grayson County recognizes the need to preserve the ability for families to establish cemeteries on their property in accordance with cultural, historical, and personal preferences; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Supervisors of Grayson County believes it is necessary to amend the Grayson County Subdivision Ordinance to allow for family cemeteries as a specifically permissible division under the Single Division provisions; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED, by the Board of Supervisors of Grayson County, Virginia, after public notice, public hearing, and consideration of the best interests of the public, health, safety, and welfare, that the Subdivision Ordinance of Grayson County, Virginia, shall be amended by adding to Article 6, Section 6-3 of the Grayson County Subdivision Ordinance new Sections, numbered 6-3.1 and 6.3.2, as follows:

Division for Cemetery Purposes:

6-3.1 Cemetery: Land may be subdivided for a single division when set aside and dedicated solely for the development of a cemetery provided, and shall not be subject to lot size limitations, setbacks or similar requirements of this ordinance provided, however, that this property shall be served by a thirty (30) feet right-of-way from a state-maintained road. A cemetery shall be defined as a single division of property in which the land is used or intended to be used for the burial of the dead and dedicated for cemetery purposes, including columbariums, crematories, and mausoleums. A plat showing the cemetery boundary, right-of-way, and official name of the cemetery shall be submitted to the Subdivision Agent for review and approval.

Land divided for the purpose of establishing a separate parcel as a cemetery where the property has been used as a cemetery prior to March 13, 1978, shall not be required to follow the provisions of the ordinance provided; however, the plat showing the cemetery boundary shall be submitted to the Subdivision Agent for review and approval

<u>6-3.2 Definitions.</u> The following terms, as used in this section, shall be defined as indicated unless the <u>context requires a different meaning:</u>

<u>Cemetery: Land dedicated for the burial and memorializing of deceased humans, including associated structures such as chapels and or mausoleums, art and statuary, and gardens. A cemetery may be a principal use or accessory to religious assembly uses. Cemeteries shall meet all requirements set forth in the Code of Virginia §57-26.</u>

Family Cemetery. Means a private burying ground or cemetery, not operated for profit, that contains a collection of graves of people who descended from the same immediate family, and that is exempt from taxation pursuant to Article X, § 6 (a) (3) of the Constitution of Virginia.

<u>Immediate family member or descendant.</u> Means a spouse, child, parent, sibling, grandchild, grandparent, and parent-in-law of a deceased person buried in a family cemetery.

This ordinance shall be effective immediately. Should any section or provision of this ordinance be decided by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unconstitutional, such decision shall not affect the validity or constitutionality of any other section or provision of this ordinance or of the Subdivision Ordinance of Grayson County.

		By:	
			R. Brantley Ivey, Chair
			Grayson County Board of Supervisors
Attest:			
	Stephen A. Boyer, Clerk Grayson County Board of Supervisors		

CERTIFICATE OF VOTES

The record of the roll-call vote by the members of the Grayson County Board of Supervisors on the foregoing amended Ordinance, duly adopted upon a roll-call vote at a public meeting held on December 12, 2024, as follows:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Aye</u>	Nay	<u>Abstain</u>	<u>Absent</u>
R. Brantley Ivey				
Michael S. Hash				
Tracy A. Anderson				
Mary E. Dickenson Tomlinson				
Mitchell D. Cornett				

A public hearing to receive public comments regarding text amendments to the Grayson County Zoning Ordinance concerning the regulation of newly developed Campgrounds and RV parks as authorized by §15.2-2285 of the Code of Virginia. Supervisor Hash made the motion to open the public hearing; duly seconded by Supervisor Tomlinson. Motion carried 5-0. Mrs. Black noted that the Planning Commission realized there is not enough information in the Zoning Ordinance to be able to justify a campground - Planning Commission recommends minimum requirements for site plan, acreage, density standards, primary road access, property management and sanitary requirements (which goes back to the Virginia Department of Health for health safety) – this proposed ordinance has been vetted by the County Attorney – language is directly out of the Virginia State Code – this is for newly developed camp grounds - plans will now need to be completed on a plat that the Planning Commission can review and then pass along to the Board. No one signed up to speak but Mr. Boyer did read a letter (on file in County Administrator's Office) from Diana Goodwin that was sent in via email. Supervisor Hash made the motion to close the public hearing; duly seconded by Supervisor Cornett. Motion carried 5-0.

Ordinance – To Amend the Zoning Ordinance of Grayson County To Adopt Regulations For Campground(s) and RV Parks (listed below) - Supervisor Cornett made the motion to approve; duly seconded by Supervisor Hash. Discussion took place. Roll call vote as

follows: Tracy A. Anderson – aye; Michael S. Hash – aye; Mitchell D. Cornett – aye; Mary E. Dickenson Tomlinson – aye; R. Brantley Ivey – aye.

ORDINANCE

OF THE COUNTY OF GRAYSON, VIRGINIA TO AMEND THE ZONING ORDINANCE OF GRAYSON COUNTY TO ADOPT REGULATIONS FOR CAMPGROUND(S) AND RV PARKS

WHEREAS, section 15.2-2204 et.seq. of the Code of Virginia (1950, as amended) established that any locality may, by ordinance, establish regulations on zoning and planning; and

WHEREAS, the Grayson County Board of Supervisors have determined that it is in the best interest of public health, safety, and general welfare to amend and update regulations related to the establishment of campgrounds and RV parks; and

WHEREAS, the Grayson County Board of Supervisors have determined that the proposed amendments of the Grayson County Zoning Ordinance will establish standards for site development, occupancy, environmental considerations, and operational guidelines for campgrounds and RV parks, ensuring that they are compatible with surrounding land uses; and

WHEREAS, the Grayson County Planning Commission held a public hearing and recommended passage of this Ordinance on November 19, 2024; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Supervisors of the County of Grayson, Virginia, held a public hearing on this Ordinance.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the Board of Supervisors of Grayson County, Virginia, after public notice, public hearing, and consideration of the best interests of the public health, safety, and welfare, that the Zoning Ordinance of Grayson County, Virginia, shall be amended, by adding new sections, 3-11.1 through 3-11.3, as follows:

- 3-11.1 Regulation of Campground and RV Parks. The purpose of this section is to regulate the development of campgrounds and RV parks as provided and authorized in the Code of Virginia, § 15.2-2285.
- **3-11.2 Campground and RV Park** <u>Definition(s)</u>. The following terms, as used in this section, shall be defined as indicated unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Campgrounds" means tourist camps, travel trailer camps, recreation camps, family campgrounds, camping resorts, camping communities, or any other area, place, parcel, or tract of land, by whatever name called, on which three (3) or more campsites are occupied or intended for occupancy, or facilities are established or maintained, wholly or in part, for the accommodation of camping units for periods of overnight or longer, whether the use of the campsites or facilities is granted gratuitously, by a rental fee, by lease, by conditional sale, or by covenants, restrictions and easements. This definition is not intended to include migrant labor camps and summer camps as defined in §§ 32.1-203 and 35.1-16 of the Code of Virginia, construction camps, manufactured home parks, storage areas for unoccupied camping units, or property upon which the individual owner may choose to camp and not be prohibited or encumbered by covenants, restrictions and conditions from providing sanitary facilities within established property lines.

- "Camping unit" means tents, tent trailers, travel trailers, camping trailers, pick-up campers, motor homes, yurts, cabins, or any other device or vehicular-type structure as may be developed marketed and used by the camping trade for use as temporary living quarters or shelter during periods of recreation, vacation, leisure time, or travel.
- "Campsite" means any plot of ground within a campground used or intended for the exclusive occupation by a camping unit.
- <u>"Primitive campsites"</u> means campsites that are characterized by the absence of toilets, showers, lavatories, electrical connections, or any combination thereof.

Sanitary facilities" means toilets, privies, urinals, lavatories, and showers.

"Self-contained camping unit" means a unit that contains a toilet, and may contain a lavatory, shower, and kitchen sink, all of which are connected as an integral part of the structure to water storage and sewage holding tanks located within the unit.

"Service building" means a structure housing toilets, showers, or lavatories.

3-11.3 <u>Standards for Campgrounds and Recreational Vehicle Parks.</u> Campground and Recreational Vehicle Park developments should be designed to encourage compatibility of the area contained with surrounding land uses; ensuring that the public health, safety and general

welfare are protected; minimizing adverse environmental impacts on the air, land and water resources of the state, and proper provisions for all public facilities shall be made. Developments shall conform to the following:

- 1. <u>Minimum Size for Campgrounds</u>. The area for the total campground/RV Park shall be no less than three (3) acres.
- Campsite Size. Individual campsites shall be no less than three thousand (3,000) square feet. Each campsite shall be a minimum of fifty (50) feet in width and shall include parking spaces.

3. Minimum Setback.

- a. Each campsite shall be set back a minimum distance of one hundred (100) feet from the adjoining properties. A lesser setback may be permitted if all adjoining properties agree to a lesser standard and shall be documented in a notarized document and recorded in the Clerk's Office of Grayson County.
- b. <u>Camping Units shall not be located within ten (10) feet of any campsite measured</u> from the front, side and rear boundaries.

4. Interior Roads and Primary Access.

- a. All interior roads shall have no less than thirty (30) feet right-of-way, established by deed or other recorded legal instrument, and shall be constructed with gravel or stone base to prevent erosion and sediment runoff.
- b. <u>Primary Access roads shall meet the Virginia Department of Transportation</u> entrance requirements.

5. Health and Safety Compliance.

- a. All provisions for water and sewer disposal requirements shall be in accordance with the Virginia Department of Health Rules and Regulations Governing Campgrounds (12VAC 5-450 et al).
- b. All provisions for plumbing, electrical, mechanical and ADA accessibility shall comply with the provisions of the Uniform Statewide Building Code.
- c. Service Building. Campgrounds providing a service building shall meet the requirements of the Virginia Department of Health Rules and Regulations

 Governing Campgrounds (12VAC5-450-et.al). All service buildings will be constructed in accordance with the Virginia Uniform Statewide Building Code.
- **6.** Site Development Plan. Every application submitted to the Planning and Community Development Department for a special use permit for a campground shall contain the following:
 - a. Name, address, and telephone number of the applicant;
 - b. Location, address and legal description of the entire proposed campground site;
 - c. Existing zoning of subject property and all adjacent properties;
 - d. Narrative addressing the management plan demonstrating how the proposed campground will be managed and how the impact on neighboring properties will be minimized. A copy of the proposed campground rules shall be included with the narrative, along with a copy of the proposed evacuation plan;
 - e. Complete site plans and specifications prepared and stamped by a licensed VA architect, land surveyor, or engineer in a scale of the designer choice of the proposed campground showing:
 - Boundary survey of the entire tract of land owned on which the proposed campground/RV Park to be located;
 - If less than the whole tract will be used for campground/RV Park the site plan shall show proposed use of remaining land with the boundary of campground/RV shown;
 - The land uses occupying the adjacent properties;
 - 4. The number, size, and location of the proposed campsites and parking areas;
 - The location, public access, right of way, surfaced roadway, width and surfacing materials of the interior roads;
 - 6. The proposed interior vehicular and pedestrian patterns;
 - 7. The location of existing, or proposed structures, use intended for each structure, and location of open space areas, if any;
 - 8. The locations and details of lighting, electrical, and gas systems;
 - Letter of review of proposed site access issued by the Virginia Department of Transportation.
 - 10. <u>Letter of review of proposed campground and approval by the Virginia</u>

 <u>Department of Health</u>
 - 11. Written acknowledgment of the need to comply with the permitting requirements from the Virginia Department of Health, Grayson County Building Official, and Grayson County Planning Department for Erosion and Sediment Control.
 - 12. Written acknowledgment of plan review feedback, and recommendations for safety by the Grayson County Sheriff's Department and Grayson County Emergency Management.

This ordinance shall be effective immediately upon adoption. Should any section or provision of this ordinance be decided by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unconstitutional, such decision shall not affect the validity or constitutionality of any other section or provision of this ordinance or of the Zoning Ordinance of Grayson County.

	By	y:
		R. Brantley Ivey, Chair
		Grayson County Board of Supervisors
Attest:		
	Stephen A. Boyer, Clerk	
	Grayson County Board of Supervisors	

CERTIFICATE OF VOTES

The record of the roll-call vote by the members of the Grayson County Board of Supervisors on the foregoing amended Ordinance, duly adopted upon a roll-call vote at a public meeting held on December 12, 2024, as follows:

<u>Name</u>	Aye	Nay	<u>Abstain</u>	Absent
R. Brantley Ivey				
Michael S. Hash				
Tracy A. Anderson				
Mary E. Dickenson Tomlinson				
Mitchell D. Cornett				

IN RE: PRESENTATIONS OR REQUESTS

Mrs. Sandy Venzie, WGRL Board Trustee and Mrs. Susan Mitchell addressed the Board and introduced Amy Adams as the new Wythe-Grayson Regional Library Director – Ms. Adams is from Clarksburg, WV.

IN RE: NEW BUSINESS

Budget Calendar (listed below)

Supervisor Ivey noted that the public hearing for the budget would be held at a regular board meeting and not at a budget work session.

Grayson County Board of Supervisors

FY 25-26 Budget Calendar

Grayson County Board Room

Meetings begin at 3:00 p.m. unless otherwise noted

01/02/25	Board of Supervisor Organization Meeting – Location – GATE Center Conference Room
02/03/25	Disburse budget request memo to all departments
02/12/25	County Administration to hear request from departments, boards, authorities, commissions, o organizations and/or agencies, and school
02/14/25	All budget requests due to County Administration for insertion into the draft budget
03/06/25	Budget Work Session – FY 25-26 – Goals & Objectives Revenue
04/03/25	Budget Work Session – FY 25-26 – General Operation Budget
05/01/25	Budget Work Session – FY 25-26 – PSA & Special Projects (CIP)
05/08/25	Request public hearing for FY 25-26 Budget
05/14/25	Legal ad due into the Gazette and Declaration notifying the holding of a public hearing on the FY 25-26 budget (to meet advertising guidelines must be no later than this date)
05/22/25	Board of Supervisors to hold public hearing on the County Budget Hold final work session for FY 25-26 Budget Approve School Budget
06/12/25	Board of Supervisors to approve the County budget
06/16/25	Approved FY 25-26 budget figures to be sent to each respective department
07/01/25	FY 25-26 Budget Implementation

- Board Appointments

Building Inspection Board of Appeals - 4 yr term

- Robert Phipps (EC) term expires 12/31/24
- David Hood (EC) term expires 12/31/24
- Christopher Cooke Alternate term expires 12/31/24

District III Governmental Cooperative - 1 yr term

- Mike Hash (P)) term expires 12/31/24
- Elizabeth Jones (EC) Alternate term expires 12/31/24

Economic Development Authority - 4 yr term

 Chris Butler (P) – resigning 12/31/24 – new appointee will fill the remainder of Mr. Butler's term which expires 4/13/26

Grayson County Senior Advocacy Committee - 2 yr term

Amelia Bland-Waller (EC) – term expires 12/8/24

Planning Commission – 4yr term

Charlie Ward (EC) – term expires 12/31/24

Recreation, Conservation & Development (New River Highlands) - 1 yr term

Lyndsie Young (EC) – term expires 12/31/24

Wythe-Grayson Regional Library - 4 yr term

- Sandra Venzie (EC) term expires 12/31/24
- Mary E. Dickenson Tomlinson (OT) term expires 12/31/24

Supervisor Hash noted at this time he does not have a recommendation at this time for the Providence position for EDA (Chris Butler) or Planning Commission (Philip Vaughan). Supervisor Anderson noted that Roger Rose is interested in the appointment for EDA in the Elk Creek district. Supervisor Anderson stated the appointment for Charlie Ward on the Planning Commission will expire at the end of the month and noted that Mr. Ward wishes to continue to serve. Supervisor Anderson made the motion to reappoint Charlie Ward to the Planning Commission for another term; duly seconded by Supervisor Cornett. Motion carried 4-1 with Supervisor Tomlinson abstaining. All other appointments will be looked at in the January meeting.

- Resolution – Blue Ridge Rising along the Blue Ridge Parkway

Mr. Boyer explained they are recruiting community members; working to secure a grant; talking with foundations to help match the ARC grant and also working with state and commonwealth legislators and the governor's administration to explore state-level funds to serve as part of the match — Supervisor Hash noted that a couple years ago a coalition was formed between different counties and the Blue Ridge Pkwy. Supervisor Cornett made the motion to approve both resolutions (Blue Ridge Rising along the Blue Ridge Parkway and the resolution adopting an Internal Grievance Procedure Implementing Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973); duly seconded by Supervisor Anderson. Roll call vote as follows: Tracy A. Anderson — aye; Michael S. Hash — aye; Mitchell D. Cornett — aye; Mary E. Dickenson Tomlinson — aye; R. Brantley Ivey — aye.

RESOLUTION

Supporting Funding for Repairs and Strategic Implementation of Blue Ridge Rising along the Blue Ridge Parkway

WHEREAS, the Blue Ridge Parkway traverses 469 miles from Afton Mountain in Virginia to the Qualla Boundary in North Carolina and unites these two states' unique mountain cultures and identities with a world-renowned national park that celebrates the places, communities, and people along the Parkway; and

WHEREAS, the Blue Ridge Parkway is the most-visited unit of the national park system, attracting nearly seventeen million visitors each year and contributing significantly to the local and regional economies in Virginia and North Carolina; and

WHEREAS, the Parkway generates approximately \$1.4 billion in visitor spending and \$1.8 billion in total economic output for the 1,799,000 residents of the surrounding corridor of twenty-nine counties, seven independent Virginia cities, and numerous municipalities in North Carolina and Virginia, including the towns of Buchanan, Fincastle, and Troutville in Botetourt County; and

WHEREAS, the Blue Ridge Parkway Foundation serves as the sole official philanthropic partner to the Blue Ridge Parkway, advocating for necessary funding and resources for the Parkway's maintenance, preservation, and community engagement; and

WHEREAS, the Blue Ridge Rising strategic plan provides a roadmap for the sustainable management and enhancement of the Parkway, ensuring that it continues to serve as a vital resource for environmental education, recreation, tourism, and community connection; and

WHEREAS, Tropical Storm Helene has caused catastrophic damage and loss of life for several communities in western North Carolina and southwest Virginia, including those communities adjacent to the Parkway; and

WHEREAS, repairs are critical to preserving the safety and accessibility of the Parkway and its adjacent communities, which is essential for their economic wellbeing; and

WHEREAS, collaboration among local, state, and federal governments is critical in this response and imperative to secure the necessary funding and policies that will sustain and benefit the communities surrounding the Blue Ridge Parkway; and

WHEREAS, the establishment of a coalition composed of elected officials and community representatives will enhance advocacy efforts and foster a unified regional voice for the Blue Ridge Parkway corridor.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the County of Grayson Board of Supervisors endorses and supports the following:

- Funding for Repairs: Urging state and federal governments to prioritize and allocate funding for repairs along the Blue Ridge Parkway to ensure its continued safety and accessibility;
- Implementation of the Blue Ridge Rising Strategic Plan: Advocating for the full funding and implementation of
 the Blue Ridge Rising Strategic Plan to enhance visitor experience, preserve natural resources, and promote
 sustainable tourism along the Parkway;
- Collaboration and Support: Calling upon local, state, and federal officials to collaborate with the Blue Ridge
 Parkway Foundation and other stakeholders to secure resources and policies that benefit the Parkway and its
 surrounding communities; and
- 4. Coalition Creation: Supporting the formation of a coalition of elected officials and community representatives dedicated to advocating for the Blue Ridge Parkway, ensuring that the needs and voices of the communities along the corridor are effectively represented.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to relevant local, state, and federal entities, as well as the Blue Ridge Parkway Foundation, to demonstrate our unified support for the Parkway and its vital role in our communities.

This resolution is in full effect upon its adoption this 12th day of December, 2024

CERTIFICATION OF ADOPTION OF RESOLUTION

The undersigned Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of the County of Grayson, Virginia hereby certifies that the Resolution set forth above was adopted during an open meeting on December 12, 2024, by the Board of Supervisors with the following votes:

		Ву:	
		R. Brantley Ivey, Chair	
		Grayson County Board of Supervisors	
Attest:			
	Stephen A. Boyer, Clerk		
	Grayson County Board of Supervisors		

CERTIFICATE OF VOTES

The record of the roll-call vote by the members of the Grayson County Board of Supervisors on the foregoing Resolution, duly adopted upon a roll-call vote at a public meeting held on November 14, 2024, as follows:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Aye</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>Abstain</u>	Absent
R. Brantley Ivey				
Michael S. Hash				
Tracy A. Anderson				
Mary E. Dickenson Tomlinson				
Mitchell D. Cornett				

Resolution – Adopting an Internal Grievance Procedure Implementing Section
 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973

RESOLUTION

THE GRAYSON COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ADOPTING AN INTERNAL GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE IMPLEMENTING SECTION 504 OF THE REHABILITATION ACT OF 1973

WHEREAS, the Grayson County Board of Supervisors has adopted an internal grievance procedure providing for prompt and equitable resolution of complaints alleging any action prohibited by the Department of Housing and Urban Development's (HUD) (24 CFR 8.53(b) implementing Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794). Section 504 states, in part, that (no otherwise qualified handicapped individual ... shall solely by reason of his handicap, be excluded from the participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving federal financial assistance ..."

WHEREAS, complaints should be addressed to the Grayson County Director of Human Resources, who has been designated to coordinate Section 504 compliance efforts.

- A complaint should be filed in writing or verbally contain the name and address of the
 person filing it, and briefly describe the alleged violation of the regulations.
- A complaint should be filed withing ten (10) days after the complainant becomes aware
 of the alleged violation. (Processing of allegations of discrimination occurring before this
 grievance procedure was in place will be considered on a case-by-case basis).
- 3. An investigation, as may be appropriate, shall follow a filing of a complaint. The investigation will be conducted by the Director of Human Resources. These rules contemplate informal but thorough investigations, affording all interested persons and their representatives, if any, an opportunity to submit evidence relevant to a complaint. Under 24 CFR 8.53(b), the Human Resources Department need not process complaints from applicants for employment or from applicants for admission to housing.
- A written determination as to the validity of the complaint and description of resolution,
 if any, shall be issued by the Director of Human Resources and a copy forwarded to the
 complainant no later than thirty (30) days after its filing.

- The Section 504 coordinator shall maintain the files and records of the complainant relating to the complaints filed.
- The complainant can request a reconsideration of the case in instances where he or she
 is dissatisfied with the resolution. The request for reconsideration should be made within
 ten (10) days to the County Administrator.
 - 7. The right of a person to a prompt and equitable resolution of the complaint filed hereunder shall not be impaired by the person's pursuit of other remedies such as the filing of Section 504 complaint with the Department of Housing and Urban Development. Utilization of this grievance procedure is not a prerequisite to the pursuit of other remedies.
 - These rules shall be construed to protect the substantive rights of interested persons, to meet appropriate due process standards and to assure that the County complies with Section 504 and the HUD regulations.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Grayson County, Virginia Board of Supervisors does hereby adopt this grievance procedure.

Adopted this 12th day of December 2024, in the County of Grayson, Virginia.

ATTEST:	
Stephen A. Boyer, Clerk	R. Brantley Ivey, Chair
Grayson County Board of Supervisors	Grayson County Board of Supervisors

CERTIFICATE OF VOTES

The record of the roll-call vote by the members of the Board of Supervisors of Grayson County, Virginia, on the foregoing Resolution, duly adopted by the Board upon a roll-call vote at a public meeting held on December 12th, 2024, as follows:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Aye</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>Abstain</u>	<u>Absent</u>
R. Brantley Ivey				
Michael S. Hash				
Tracy A. Anderson				
Mary E. Dickenson Tomlinson				
Mitchell D. Cornett				

- Public Works Convenience Center

Mr. Boyer noted that discussions regarding the convenience center has taken place over the past six (6) months — public works department is running in a deficit and the convenience center costs approximately \$55,000/year — the Town of Independence has made the decision to no longer use Grayson County Public Works and effective January 2025 they will be using GFL which is a loss of approximately \$79,000 — not sure if town residents will sign up for GFL or use the convenience center — if they use the convenience center, we don't know what the increase to the county will be. Supervisor Hash made the motion to do away with the convenience center effective January 1, 2025; duly seconded by Supervisor Tomlinson. Discussion among the Board took place

which included: monitor center; increase number of bags (would require an ordinance change); increase in operation cost to place convenience centers in different areas; service used by Independence area, not entire county; owe citizens to cut cost; potentially increase number of bags to make more equal to entire county; dumpsters in each district; need to think about long term and in favor of looking at other options. After discussion, the motion passed 5-0.

IN RE: COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR'S REPORT

Stephen A. Boyer gave the following report:

- ➤ Louisville Lane Update: currently ahead o schedule and on budget; main line completion by 12-20-24; expect fill/test late December & start connections in January; Danny Smith resuming inspections beginning 12/17/24
- ➤ Wellspring donation of \$28,000 for each emergency organization has been mailed out
- Playground (interactive) met today; will meet sales rep and planning team in January
- ➤ Met with Jim Werth of Tri-Area Health and Kelly Wilmore, GC School Superintendent Mr. Werth has offered to put a PA and mental health counselor in the school
- Mr. Werth met with our EDA and has verbally received the go ahead to establish a site and pharmacy in Independence; closing the EC telehealth office due to lack of usage
- ➤ Attended grand opening for the Recovery Hub in Galax vision of Vicky Novac and Emily Carrico
- Debris cleanup is going well
- Revealed county website should go live end of January 2025
- Commissioner of Revenue had to purchase new software as previous software is no longer supported - \$80K – this will allow us to marry up the tax tickets with our GIS system
- ➤ AEP has hired 20 people in Grayson County at \$17/hr to help work from home as part of the remote call center so the middle mile fiber along with Gigabeam has created an influx of jobs in that industry
- Grayson County football team will play Essex on Saturday for the Championship.
- Wished everyone a Merry Christmas

IN RE: INFORMATION ITEMS

As presented

IN RE: REGISTERED SPEAKERS AND PUBLIC COMMENT

- Clair Richards of Rock Creek Rd/Independence spoke regarding Rock Creek Rd noting they were told the road would be widened but it was taken off the plan the hurricane destroyed the culvert at the 4-way (Rock Creek Rd, Silver Hill Rd, Mystic View Ln) also noted that when the quarry was approved, trucks are not supposed to turn left traveling that road and it has made it much worse due to the heavy trucks 13 residents have to use this road for travel road is narrow and state police has told them they can't legally back up asking the Board to do something to help
- Carl Richards of Rock Creek Rd/Independence spoke regarding Rock Creek Rd and noted the road needs to be fixed so you can at least pass another vehicle trucks are not supposed to make a left turn onto the road but they are road is muddy all the with heavy traffic requesting road be worked on and for a new culvert.

IN RE: BOARD OF SUPERVISORS' TIME

None

IN RE: CLOSED SESSION

Supervisor Cornett made the motion to go into closed session pursuant to §2.2-3711(A)(1) of the Code of Virginia to discuss personnel matter; duly seconded by Supervisor Hash. Motion carried 5-0.

Supervisor Hash made the motion to come out of closed session; duly seconded by Supervisor Cornett. Motion carried 5-0.

Whereas, the Grayson County Board of Supervisors has convened a closed session on the 12th day of December 2024, pursuant to an affirmative recorded vote and in accordance with provision of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act; and

Whereas, §2.2-3711 of the Code of Virginia requires a certification by this Board of Supervisors that such closed session was conducted in conformity with Virginia law;

Now, Therefore Be It Resolved that the Board of Supervisors hereby certifies that, to the best of each member's knowledge, (I) only public business matters lawfully exempted from open meeting requirements by Virginia law were discussed in the closed session to which this certification resolution applies, and (II) only such public business matters as were identified in the motion convening the closed session were heard, discussed or considered by the Board of Supervisors with recorded confirmation from members as follows: Tracy A. Anderson – I so certify; Michael S. Hash – I so certify; Mitchell D.

Cornett—I so certify; Mary E. Dickenson Tomlinson —I so certify; R. Brantley Ivey —I so certify.

IN RE: ADJOURN MEETING

Supervisor Cornett made the motion to adjourn; duly seconded by Supervisor Tomlinson. Motion carried 5-0.

Range of Checking Accts: 100GENERAL Report Type: All Checks to 100GENERAL

ENERAL Range of Check Dates: 12/05/24 to 01/02/25
Report Format: Super Condensed Check Type: Computer: Y Manual: Y Dir Deposit: Y

Check #	Check Date	Vendor		Amount Paid	Reconciled/Void	Ref Num	
10000000	Λ1		Anthem - Dental Aflac Anthem - Health Anthem - Dental DSS FLOWER FUND Grayson Co Treasurer'S Office Minnesota Life NTA LIFE DSS Christmas Club VACORP VA CREDIT UNION, INC WASHINGTON NATIONAL Adams Building Supply Appalachian Power Bkt Uniforms Brewer Construction CARICO CONSTRUCTION Cathy Burnett Cheryl Sizemore Cintas Corp, #532 Piedmont Reg Justice Acadamy Crossroads Institute Deena Phipps Elizabeth Vaughan Granite Telecommunications,LLC Iworq Systems Lumen Mansfield Oil Company Mansfield Oil Company Mt Rogers Planning Dist Comm New River Valley Reg Jail Romar Elevators, Inc Spring Valley Graphics Starlink THE LANE GROUP GALAX Twin Co Airport Commission		·		
100GENER	AL 12/12/24	∧NT⊔0015	Anthom - Dontal	20, 21		2177	
216003	12/12/24	VELVCUUZ	Affac	20.21 88.06		2177	
210010	12/13/24	AFLACUUS	Anthom Hoolth	00.00		2179	
210011	12/13/24	ANTHOUTU	Anthom Dontal	9,420.97 642.07		2179	
210012	12/13/24	DCCLI UUE	AILLIEII - DEILLAI	70 00		2179	
210013	12/13/24	CDAV010E	Craycon Co Treasurer's Office	/0.00 117 20		2179	
210014	12/13/24	MENNEUUZ	Minnocota Life	117.29		2179	
210013	12/13/24	MITAL TOOS	MITHIESULA LITE	50.40 67.62		2179	
210010	12/13/24	CNALIOUS	NIA LIFE	1 0/.03		2179	
210017	12/13/24	7/4/CUU1	VACORD	1,043.00		2179	
210010	12/13/24	AA20013	VA CREDIT UNITON INC	103.33		2179	
210019	12/13/24	WACUUUU3	VA CREDIT UNION, INC	20.20 20.20		2179	
210020	12/13/24	MASUTOTO	Adams Building Supply	23.33		21/3	
210021	12/13/24	ADAMOUS	Annalachian Bower	21 21		2181	
210022	12/13/24	APPALUUJ DI/TIMOOS	Apparaciiraii rowei	202.06		2181	
210023	12/13/24	DRIUNUUJ DDEWEN1N	Prower Construction	5 000 00		2181	
210024	12/13/24	CYBICUUE	CARTCO CONSTRUCTION	3,000.00	12 /12 /2/ VOTD	2101	n: vendor req sep check)
210023	12/13/24	CARICOOS	Cathy Burnott	50,300.00	12/13/24 VOID	2181 (Reason	ii. Velluul Tey Sep Clieck)
210020	12/13/24	CHEDVOOD	Charyl Sizamore	50.00		2181	
210027	12/13/24	CTNTACOS	Cintas Corn #522	725 25		2181	
210020	12/13/24	CINTAUUS	Diodmont Bog Justice Acadamy	200.00		2181	
216830	12/13/24	CILLOUIS	Crossroads Institute	25 00.00		2181	
210030	12/13/24	DEENA010	Doons Phinns	23,000.00		2181	
210031	12/13/24	EL TZYUOU	Elizahoth Vaughan	50.00		2181	
210032	12/13/24	CDANT()10	Cranita Talacommunications IIC	2 881 97		2181	
21683/	12/13/24	TWODOODS	Tword Systems	5 404 00		2181	
216835	12/13/24	I HWENUUS	I uman	1 280 52		2181	
216836	12/13/24	MANICENOS	Mansfield Oil Company	1,203.32	12/13/24 VOTD	0	
216837	12/13/24	MANGENNS	Mansfield Oil Company	2 220 N2	12/13/24 VOID	2181	
216838	12/13/24	MTDOOO	Mt Pogers Planning Dist Comm	1 601 00		2181	
216830	12/13/24	MEMDUU3U	Now Piver Valley Peg Jail	77 950 20		2181	
216840	12/13/24	DUNY DUL	Pomar Flavators Inc	77,330.20 855 NN		2181	
2168/11	12/13/24	CDDTNIANO	Spring Valley Graphics	20.00		2181	
216842	12/13/24	STADI NOS	Starlink	120.00		2181	
216843	12/13/24	TUEL ANIN	THE LANE GROUP GALAX	23,940.00		2181	
216844	12/13/24	TWINCOUS	Twin Co Airport Commission	36,600.00		2181	
216845	12/13/24		Us Postal Service	154.00		2181	
	12/13/24		Us Postal Service	100.00		2181	
	12/13/24	VAAS0015		10,271.00		2181	
	12/13/24		Vickey Bryan	50.00		2181	
	12/13/24		VIRGINIA UTILITY PROTECTION SE	18.40		2181	
	12/13/24		Vision Government Solutions	20,000.00	12/13/24 VOID		n: change of amount)
	12/13/24		Xerox Corporation	431.03	12/13/24 1010	2181 (Neason	in change of amount)
	12/13/24		Vision Government Solutions	80,000.00		2182	
	12/13/24		CARICO CONSTRUCTION	38,500.00	12/13/24 VOID		n: incorrectly print)
	12/13/24		CARICO CONSTRUCTION	19,250.00	TC/ T3/ CT VOID	2184 (Reason	ii. Incorrectly print)
	12/13/24		CARICO CONSTRUCTION	19,250.00		2184	
	12/13/24	AFLAC005		494.58		2185	
	12/26/24		American Heritage Life Ins Co	494.36		2185	
£10031	16/ 60/ 64	VIII KOOTO	American heritage Life 1113 CO	77.30		2103	

Check #	Check Date	e Vendor	Amount Paid	Reconciled/Void Re	f Num
OGENER	AL	Continued			
	12/26/24		79,242.97		2185
	12/26/24		4,295.73		2185
	12/26/24		604.19		2185
	12/26/24				2185
	12/26/24	INGO0005 Ing	100.00		2185
	12/26/24	MINNEOO5 Minnesota Life	997.58		2185
	12/26/24	VAASO015 VACORP	802.16		2185
	12/27/24		88.06		2187
	12/27/24		9,426.97		2187
	12/27/24	ANTHOUS Anthem - Dental	642.97		2187
			78.00		2187
	12/27/24				
	12/27/24		117.29		2187
	12/27/24	MINNEOO5 Minnesota Life	96.46		2187
	12/27/24		67.63		2187
	12/27/24	SKYLLUUS DSS CHRISTMAS Club	1,045.00		2187
	12/27/24		165.59		2187
	12/27/24	VACU0005 VA CREDIT UNION, INC	125.00		2187
	12/27/24	WASHI010 WASHINGTON NATIONAL	29.39		2187
	12/30/24	ANTH0015 Anthem - Dental	20.21		2189
	12/30/24	321EQ005 321 Equipment Company	8,560.00		2191
	12/30/24	ADAMS005 Adams Building Supply	0.00	12/30/24 VOID	0
16879	12/30/24	ADAMS005 Adams Building Supply	398.82		2191
16880	12/30/24	AMAZOOO5 Amazon Capital Services, Inc.	775.06		2191
216881	12/30/24	AMORTO05 A Morton Thomas and Associates	2,428.44		2191
	12/30/24	APPALOO5 Appalachian Power	5,093.38		2191
	12/30/24	ARCET005 ARC 3 GASES	323.68		2191
	12/30/24	ASHLE080 Ashley Smart	500.00 2191		2191
	12/30/24	BILLY035 Billy Graybeal	500.00		2191
	12/30/24	BLUE0025 Blue Ridge Parkway Association	450.00		2191
	12/30/24	BOBBIO30 Bobbi Blevins	500.00		2191
	12/30/24	BOUND005 Bound Tree Medical LLC	960.03		2191
	12/30/24	BRAND065 Brandon Burress	500.00		2191
	12/30/24	BRIANO85 Brian Walls	500.00		2191
	12/30/24	BRIAN090 Brian Rascoe	500.00		2191
	12/30/24	BRIGH005 brightspeed	66.17		2191
	12/30/24	CAMEROO5 Cameron Wiles	500.00		2191
	12/30/24	CHADBOO5 Chad Breer	500.00		2191
				12/20/24 VOTO	
	12/30/24	CINTAOO5 Cintas Corp, #532	0.00	12/30/24 VOID	0
	12/30/24	CINTA005 Cintas Corp, #532	1,186.47		2191
	12/30/24	COCHRO05 Cochran's Diesel & Fab,LLC	8,123.19		2191
	12/30/24	COMCA015 COMCAST BUSINESS	794.12		2191
	12/30/24	DAVID195 David Wingler	500.00		2191
	12/30/24	DIVER005 Diversified Integration, Inc	157.50		2191
	12/30/24	DRIVEOUS DriveErt	6.77		2191
	12/30/24	ELKC0010 Elk Creek Rescue Squad	28,000.00		2191
	12/30/24	ELKCR005 Elk Creek Volunteer Fire Dept	28,000.00		2191
	12/30/24	EMMAW005 Emma Walls	500.00		2191
	12/30/24	FELICO10 Felicia Hall	500.00		2191
	12/30/24	FLEET005 Fleetpride	175.40		2191
	12/30/24	FOODCOO5 Food City, Store #866	372.50		2191
	12/30/24	FRIESOO5 Fries Fire Department	28,000.00		2191
	12/30/24	GALA0025 Galax Grayson Ems	79,480.66		2191

The continued The continue	
216910 12/30/24 GALLS, LLC 135, 49 2191	
216911 12/30/24 GRAY0005 GRAY ORD COMP, INC. 891.00 2191	
216912 12/30/24 GRAY0040 Grayson/Galax Health Dept. 45,000.00 2191	
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216950 12/30/24 RICHAO55 RICHARD A ADAMS 1,673.66 2191	
216951 12/30/24 RONNIO20 Ronnie Richardson 500.00 2191	
216952 12/30/24 RRENT005 R&R Enterprises, Inc 105.00 2191	
216953 12/30/24 RUGBY005 Rugby Vol Fire Department 28,000.00 2191	
216954 12/30/24 SANDS005 Sands Anderson Pc 1,540.00 2191	
216955 12/30/24 SHAWN020 Shawn Trivett 500.00 2191	
216956 12/30/24 SOUTH030 Southwest Soils, Inc. 66.00 2191	
216957 12/30/24 SPILL005 Spilman Thomas & Battle, PLLC 50.00 2191	
216958 12/30/24 SURRY005 Surry Chemicals, Inc 924.00 2191	
216959 12/30/24 SYSC0005 Sysco Charlotte, Llc 626.71 2191	
216960 12/30/24 THELA005 The Lane Group Abingdon 4,299.40 2191	
216961 12/30/24 TIAYO005 Tia Young 500.00 2191	

Check #	Check Date	e Vendor	Amount Paid	Reconciled/Void Ref Num
100GENER	ΔI	Continued		
	12/30/24		1,265.99	2191
	12/30/24		500.00	2191
	12/30/24	TRICO005 Tri-County Glass, Inc	540.15	2191
	12/30/24	TROUT005 Troutdale Vol Fire & Rescue		2191
	12/30/24		2,760.76	2191
	12/30/24			2191
	12/30/24		193.86	2191
	12/30/24		4,425.00	2191
	12/30/24		66.88	2191
	12/30/24		12,330.00	2191
	12/30/24		231.33	2191
	12/30/24	WYATT010 Wyatts Small Engine Repair	25.00	2191
	01/02/25		60,000.00	2193
	01/02/25	ADAMS005 Adams Building Supply	18.32	2194
	01/02/25			2194
	01/02/25		1,855.41	2194
	01/02/25		1,770.27	2194
	01/02/25	BKTUN005 Bkt Uniforms	479.94	2194
	01/02/25	BRIGH005 brightspeed	1,335.68	2194
216981	01/02/25	CAROLO45 Carolina Environmental Systems	3,864.38	2194
	01/02/25	CARRO020 Carroll-Grayson-Galax Solid Wa	33,197.70	2194
	01/02/25	CINTAOO5 Cintas Corp. #532	653.93	2194
	01/02/25	CREATO10 CREATIVE CAKES & CATERING	664.00	2194
	01/02/25	DALTO005 Dalton Logging, Inc	277.20	2194
	01/02/25	CREATO10 CREATIVE CAKES & CATERING DALTO005 Dalton Logging, Inc DEBRA045 Sustainable Results	1,330.00	2194
	01/02/25	DLPTW005 Dlp Twin Co Reg Hospital, Llc	360.41	2194
	01/02/25	DONNIO15 Donnie Ramey	17,900.00	2194
	01/02/25	EMBRO005 Embroidery Ville	641.00	2194
216990	01/02/25	FITZG005 Fitzgerald Peterbilt II, LLC	161.94	2194
216991	01/02/25	GBOILOO5 G&B OIL COMP, INC.	239.66	2194
216992	01/02/25	GRAY0060 Grayson Co Sheriff'S Office	616.45	2194
216993	01/02/25	HURTPOO5 HURT & PROFFITT	440.00	2194
216994	01/02/25	KUSTO005 Kustom Signals, Inc.	5,825.40	2194
216995	01/02/25	MANSF005 Mansfield Oil Company	0.00	01/02/25 VOID 0
216996	01/02/25	MANSF005 Mansfield Oil Company	8,255.04	2194
216997	01/02/25	MCGRI010 McGriff Insurance Services,LLC	7,550.00	2194
216998	01/02/25	MUNIC010 Municipal Emergency Services	2,420.00	2194
216999	01/02/25	NAPAA010 Napa Auto Parts	656.37	2194
217000	01/02/25	NWCDI005 Nwcd, Inc	209.88	2194
	01/02/25	NXTEC005 NXTEC	291.78	2194
	01/02/25	PAPER005 Paper Clip	350.21	2194
	01/02/25	PMGNE005 PMG Newspapers, Central NC/VA	508.85	2194
	01/02/25	SPRIN005 Spring Valley Graphics	16.00	2194
	01/02/25	SUPREOO5 Supreme Court Of Va	961.41	2194
	01/02/25	TREA0010 Treasurer Of Virginia,M.E.	20.00	2194
	01/02/25	XEROX005 Xerox Corporation	133.66	2194
	01/02/25	APPALO20 Appalacian Power (ASAP)	200.00	2195
	01/02/25	BANKO005 Bank Of Marion - Visa	1,147.38	2195
	01/02/25	COMM0015 Commission On Vasap	490.17	2195
	01/02/25	DONNA015 Donna B. Hill	143.35	2195
	01/02/25	KISER005 Kiser Computer Consulting, Llc	280.00	2195
217013	01/02/25	LINDA005 Linda Blevins	100.00	2195

Check # Check Date Vendor		Amount P	aid Reconciled/V	oid Ref Num	
Checks: Direct Deposit:	Γ E MORRIS	70 117 Amount Paid 1,180,906.59 0.00 1,180,906.59	.00 .26 <u>Amount Void</u> 97,000.00 0.00 97,000.00	2195 2195	
Checks: Direct Deposit:	Paid Void 199 8 0 0 199 8	Amount Paid 1,180,906.59 0.00 1,180,906.59	Amount Void 97,000.00 0.00 97,000.00		

Wythe-Grayson Regional Library 75 YEARS OF SERVICE

P.O. BOX 159 Independence, VA 24348 Phone: 276-773-2761 FAX: 276-773-3289 Amy Adams, Regional Library Director aadams@wgrlib.org www.wgrlib.org

Stephen Boyer County Administrator, Grayson County PO Box 217 Independence, VA 24348

December 19, 2024

Dear Mr. Boyer,

I would like to request the third quarter appropriations for FY 24/25 on behalf of the Wythe Grayson Regional Library in the amount of \$93,687 (Ninety-three thousand, six hundred and eighty-seven dollars). If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me.

Thank you for supporting the library.

amy Ladans

Sincerely,

Amy L. Adams

Regional Library Director

Grayson County Public Schools

412 East Main Street, P.O. Box 888, Independence, Virginia 24348
Telephone: (276) 773-2832
Fax: (276) 773-2939

Mr. Kelly Wilmore
Division Superintendent

SCHOOLS

The School Board
Diane Haynes, Chair
Fred Weatherman, Vice Chair
Jody Poole
Troy Sage
Jonathan Warren

January 2, 2025

Mr. Stephen Boyer County Administrator PO Box 217 Independence, VA 24348

RE: Appropriation Request: \$7,208,459.93

Dear Mr. Boyer:

We respectfully request the Grayson County Board of Supervisors' approval of the above referenced appropriation request. We ask for our regular \$1,660,872.75 quarterly appropriation for the required effort, \$10,000.00 for the above effort funds, \$178,082.78 for debt service payments. This will equal a total payment of \$1,848,955.53. Please see the attached spreadsheet for specific details.

Thank you for considering this request.

Hem Cassel

Sincerely,

Kelly Wilmore

Division Superintendent

Michelle Cassell
Director of Finance

Attachment: (2)

CC: Nikki Edwards Linda Osborne

Grayson County Public Schools FY 2025 Appropriation Request Dated: January 2, 2025

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Additional Appropriations	1st Qtr Appropriation	2nd Qtr Appropriation	3rd Qtr Appropriation	4th Qtr Appropriation	EOY True Up	Remaining Budget
Revenues:									
County RLE Funds	6,643,491.00			1,660,872.75	1,660,872.75	1,660,872.75			1,660,872.75
Debt Service	1,243,995.23			1,065,912.45	•	178,082.78	•		0.00
School Bus Lease Purchase	57,179.35			57,179.35	•				•
County Above RLE Funds	325,000.00			90'000'06	225,000.00	10,000.00			,
CIP Account	15,626.58			•	•	•			15,626.58
Other Local Funds	413,702.00			103,425.50	103,425.50	103,425.50			103,425.50
State Funds	17,996,694.48			4,445,122.18	4,445,122.22	4,553,225.04			4,553,225.04
Federal Funds	2,811,415.43			702,853.86	702,853.86	702,853.86			702,853.85
Total Revenues	29,507,104.07	,	•	8,125,366.09	7,137,274.33	7,208,459.93	,		7,036,003.72
Expenditures:									
Instruction	19,441,002.49			4,860,250.62	4,860,250.63	4,860,250.62			4,860,250.62
Admin/Health	1,430,704.38			357,676.09	357,676.09	357,676.10			357,676.10
Transportation	2,125,695.73			574,308.45	517,129.10	517,129.09			517,129.09
Operation & Maintenance	2,469,783.79			617,445.95	617,445.95	617,445,95			617,445.94
Food Services	1,360,732.33			340,183.08	340,183.09	340,183,08	•		340,183.08
Facilities	556,832.26			00'000'06	225,000.00	118,102.84			123,729.42
Debt Service	1,243,995.23			1,065,912.45		178 082.78	,		0.00
Technology	878,357.86			219,589.45	219,589.47	219,589,47			219,589.47
Contingency Reserves	•	4		•	•	•	•	•	•
Total Expenditures	29,507,104.07	,	•	8,125,366.09	7,137,274.33	7,208,459.93	•		7,036,003.72

1,84	
Total cash transfer request:	

1,848,955.53	
anster request:	

For Accounting Purposes Only-County Funds	ly-County Funds*
General	\$ 1,830,018.53
Food Services	· \$
Textbooks	\$ 18,937.00
TOTAL	\$ 1,848,955.53

Grayson County Public Schools FY 2025 Appropriation Request Dated: January 2, 2025

		For Finan	For Finance's Office Use:		
Otrly Appropriation:	RLE	Above RLE	Bus Lease	Debt Service	_
Instruction	1,222,797.00	-	,	•	
Admin/Health	91,485.00		•	•	
Transportation	128,999.75		1	1	
Operation & Maintenance	161,147.00		•	•	
Food Services	1		•	•	
Facilities	•	10,000.00	,	,	
Debt Service	•		•	178,082.78	
Technology	56,444.00		`	•	
Contingency Reserves	1	4		•	
Total County Transfer	1.660.872.75	10.000.00		178 082 78	_

Planning & Community Development

129 Davis Street
P.O. Box 217
Independence, Virginia 24348
(276) 773-2000
(276) 236-8149
FAX: (276) 773-0305

To: Grayson County Board of Supervisors

From: Jada Black, Director of Planning & Zoning

Date: December 5, 2024

Subject: 2024 Draft Comprehensive Plan

The Grayson County Planning Commission has completed its review and revisions to the Draft 2024 Comprehensive Plan, as required by Virginia state law Section 15.2-2230, which requires that a review be completed every five years to determine whether amendments were advisable. The Planning Commission has worked for a little over a year to refine current data and update each chapter.

On November 19, the Planning Commission held a public hearing to provide an opportunity for community input. Acknowledging this is an important step in ensuring that the final plan reflects the needs and vision of our residents. The Planning Commission believes the revisions address the community's needs and align with the vision for the county's future development.

We respectfully request that the Board of Supervisors consider and adopt the plan.

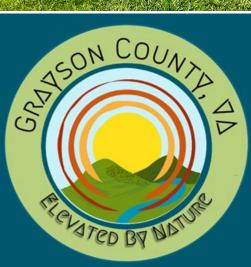
Jada C. Black

Respectfully,

Jada C. Black, Clerk

Grayson County Planning Commission





This planning document was prepared by the Grayson County Planning Commission, the Grayson County Board of Supervisors, and the Citizens of Grayson County. County staff and the Mount Rogers Planning District Commission completed the background research, writing, and assembly of the document.



Acknowledgments

This planning document was prepared by the Grayson County Planning Commission, the Grayson County Board of Supervisors, and the Citizens of Grayson County. The background research, writing, and assembly of the document were completed by County staff and staff of the Mount Rogers Planning District Commission.

This plan does not constitute a standard, specification, or regulation but rather a vision for the future of Grayson County.

Grayson County Planning Commission

Brian Walls (Chair), Dan Boyer (Vice Chair), Robert Noblett, Lisa Hash, Charlie Ward, Robert Felicito, Gary Ballard, Don Dudley, Justin Funk, Philip Vaughan, Travis Jones, Howard D. Sharpe, Jr.

Grayson County Board of Supervisors

R. Brantley Ivey (Chair), Michael S. Hash (Vice Chair), Tracey A. "Zeke" Anderson, Mitchell D. Cornett, Mary E. Dickenson Tomlinson

County Staff

Stephen A. Boyer, County Administrator Mitch Smith – Assistant County Administrator Jada Black, CZA – Director of Planning & Zoning

Technical Assistance

Mount Rogers Planning District Commission The Berkley Group

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Comprehensive Plan Implementation Matrix



Grayson County Introduction

Chapter One: Introduction

Background and Purpose of Plan

The County's comprehensive plan is an official public document adopted by Board of Supervisors. The plan is to be used as a long-term guide for land use decisions related to growth and development and to assist the County in determining when and where new public facilities and improvements are needed. Recommendations of the comprehensive plan are typically general and long-range to outline a vision of the County over a 20 –year period.

Legal Basis for the Plan

The comprehensive plan was developed in accordance with Title 15.2 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended. The local planning commission is authorized to prepare and recommend a comprehensive plan for the physical development of the territory within its jurisdiction. Every governing body is required to adopt a comprehensive plan for the territory under its jurisdiction. The Plan is to be general in nature and designate the general location, character, and extent of public facilities.

Updating the Plan

Annual Report

The Grayson County Planning Commission recommends conducting an annual review of the comprehensive plan in coordination with the annual budget, as well as other financial, planning and regulatory tools.

Five-Year Updates

The Code of Virginia requires that the comprehensive plan be reviewed at least every five years.

Amendments

As with any document, amendments may be needed over time depending on new initiatives, more detailed planning, or changes in governmental policy. Examples of possible future amendments include neighborhood plans, transportation improvement plans, housing plans, parks plans, or other strategic or Master plans.

<u>Adopted</u>

The 2024 Grayson County Comprehensive Plan was adopted by the Grayson County Board of Supervisors on .



Grayson County Introduction

Plan Implementation

The plan can be implemented through a variety of regulatory and financial tools. Generally, comprehensive plans are implemented primarily through the Zoning Ordinance, Operating Budget, Capital Improvements Plan, and Master Plans for specific areas.

Understanding and Using the Plan

Comprehensive planning is a process that determines community goals and aspirations in terms of community development. The outcome of comprehensive planning is the Comprehensive Plan, which dictates public policy in terms of transportation, utilities, land use, recreation, economy and housing. The Comprehensive plan encompasses the entire county, a broad range of topics, and covers a long-term time horizon.

The Comprehensive Plan can be a tool for planning the future growth of the local community. The document is official in nature, meaning it is designed to be adopted by the governing body (Grayson County Board of Supervisors). The document can then serve as a policy guide to decisions about community development.

The Plan can be used to assist the governing body, committees, and County staff with strategic planning, visioning and project development. The Plan may also be used for solicitation of new business and industrial development.



Chapter Two: History

Introduction

The rich history of Grayson County includes hundreds of families and dozens of communities. These pages are a brief summary of the major events that have occurred since the county's inception over the last two hundred years¹. More information about the history of Grayson County can be found in the resources below:

- Grayson County Historical Society-_ http://www.graysonvahistsoc.com/index.html
- Grayson County Virginia Heritage Foundation, Inchttp://www.graysonheritage.org/
- Grayson County History <u>http://www.graysoncountyva.com/history-of-grayson</u>
- Historical Markers -_ http://www.markerhistory.com/tag/grayson-county/
- Grayson County A History in Words and Pictures.
 Grayson County Historical Society, 1976.
- Bicentennial Heritage Grayson County, Virginia 1793.
 1908 Courthouse Foundation, 1995.
- New River Notes -_ <u>http://www.newrivernotes.com/grayson_index.htm</u>

Grayson County Pre-1800

The first inhabitants of Grayson County were believed to be Native Americans known as Xualans and/or Mohetan Indians, who may have been conquered by the Iroquois,

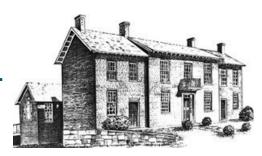


Figure 1-3: Courthouse at Oldtown -1800s



Figure 1-3: Historic 1908 Courthouse-Independence



Figure 1-3: Grayson County Courthouse -Today

Cherokee or Shawnee who used this area as hunting grounds. The last known settlement of Native Americans lived peacefully near the New River at Mouth of Wilson during the 1850s.

European explorers traveled throughout Southwestern Virginia, starting with DeSoto in 1540, Abraham Wood (Woods River now the New River was named for) in 1653 and later the Jefferson/Frye surveying expedition in 1751, traveled through Grayson County expanding the boundaries of European exploration and preparing the way for western expansion.

¹The Department of Planning & Community Development worked with members of the Grayson County Historical Society & The Historic 1908 Courthouse Foundation to develop the History Chapter for the 2013 Comprehensive Plan. Every attempt was made to factually portray the history of the Grayson County.



1750 - 1780s -The Colonial Governor issued land grants which were later sold to the pioneers who settled here. The first settlers included the Hales of Elk Creek who came over Iron Mountain, William Bourne and family who settled in the Spring Valley area, Capt. John Cox and Lieut. David Cox who set up a fort on Peach Bottom Creek/New River and the Enoch Osborne Fort near Bridle Creek. Some of these pioneers participated in the French/Indian War and later in the Revolutionary War. Historical evidence of Revolutionary War battles between settlers and Tory's in what is now Baywood (Round Meadows) and Fairview (The Glades) show us that Grayson County was part of our young country's efforts to break free from European dominance.

The immigrants came from the wagon road (current I-81, Hwy 11), followed the New River or came over Iron Mountain from Wythe County, some arrived here from the Yadkin Road which was a corridor (Roanoke - North Carolina) through the mountain gaps. Those who made it into the county were true pioneers as the major wagon roads were left behind and the paths into the county were traveled with pack animals carrying the few items needed to start new homesteads in Grayson County.

1787- The first industry was established by Matthew Dickey at the Falls of Peach Bottom Creek. Point Hope Furnace, an iron furnace and forge which was essential to the settlers for supplies began operation there, remnants of which can still be seen at "the falls" on Powerhouse Road. The first road order of the County was issued to connect this enterprise to the community of Blair's (now known as Cliffview). William Bourne becomes the owner of the Furnace in 1797. The grist and saw mill, mine and stores of this operation were a huge asset to the formation of Grayson County.

1792- Grayson County was formed out of Wythe County and officially became its own county in 1793 when the first court is held in William Bourne's barn on the Knob Fork of the New River. In 1794, the new log courthouse is built in Greenville (Old Town), where a brick courthouse replaced it in 1811 and again the courthouse was rebuilt of brick at the same site in 1838.

Grayson County is named for William Grayson, who was one of the first two U.S. Senators from Virginia.

Before 1800, over 100 families had settled in Grayson County. These were self-sufficient pioneer families who made, built, grew or bartered for everything they owned.

Grayson County 1800-1900

The year is 1800 and approximately 100 families are living in Grayson County, the transition from pioneer to permanent settlements had begun. Communities have developed with schools, churches, post-offices, banks and general stores throughout the county. A mill was found on just about every major stream in the County. Communities formed near these waterways and also at major transportation routes or ferries/fords across the New River. Fox Creek had a 3-story grain/flour mill and a saw mill, Reavis had a rolling mill, Gordon's Woolen Mill on Meadow Creek, and the mill at Brush Creek were in operation. In 1844, a textile mill was



established on Wilson Creek by Col. Fields J. McMillian. Various mills were also found on Elk, Wilson, Saddle and Peach Bottom Creeks.

Church and faith were central to the communities of Grayson County and is witnessed today by the many churches that dot the landscape. The Methodist circuit rider Francis Asbury visited the area in the late 1700s' and his work combined with the faith of many denominations spurred church development at a phenomenal rate during this time period. Old Bethel Church in 1812, Mt Zion UMC in 1831, Cox's Chapel UMC in 1832; and many more were built throughout the 1800s, along with places of worship for Lutherans, Baptists, Quakers, Dunkards and more.

The county saw healthy population growth during this century. Carroll County separated from Grayson County to form its own County in 1842. As a result of this shift in county lines, the leaders decided to relocate the county seat more central to the county. The Town of Independence developed, named after "the Independents" who won the new location of the county seat, Independence, VA, established in 1850.

In 1860, the slave schedule recorded a total of 560 slaves in Grayson County. Records show that slavery was not the main issue driving local secession efforts that led up to the Civil War. In fact, some claim that up until the first shots were fired in South Carolina the county had yet to formally support Virginia's decision to secede from the Union. When the war began in 1861 hardships overcame the county. While no major battles were fought here, the impact of labor shortages, union raids for provisions, and supply shortages were felt across the county. Some Grayson County men were active in Confederate Units such as the Grayson Dare Devils and the Grayson Rifles. When the war ended in 1865 Grayson County resumed its pace to develop infrastructure and communities. This century saw the development of academies and schools; Oak Hill, Bridle Creek, Elk Creek, High Point at Grant and Spring Valley just to name a few.

In 1897, Boyd's Survey Map (on display at the Historic 1908 Courthouse) was commissioned by the Grayson Board of Supervisors and accompanied a guide to the natural resources of the county. By this time the county was interested in development of the county's natural wealth and labor resources. By the late 1800s telephone lines had developed along major corridors, The Grayson Gazette and other local newspapers were established, railroads were under

development, timber was being harvested on a large scale and the county was optimistic about the future.

Some would claim that the local economy was not close enough to major cities and transportation routes to keep pace with other areas of the country (Northeast and Mississippi Valley) who were rapidly expanding because of the capital resources gained during this time of growth for the entire nation. When outside interest did invest in the county during the latter part of this century and into the 1900s, these



Figure 2-4: Powerhouse falls circa 1880s, Photo courtesy of the Grayson County Historical Society



investments were often short lived and lacked long term sustainable development. Subsistence farming and a resourceful community provided for farm and family. The rapid pace of innovation and modern amenities was typical for the American life at the turn of the century.

Grayson County 1900-1950

1900 - 1950 would have been an exciting time to live in Grayson County. Railroads were built on both ends of the county; 1902 in Fries, in 1906 the same line was connected to Galax. In the early 1900s the railroad extended to the Troutdale area with the Marion and Rye Railroad and also in Whitetop with connections to Abingdon and West Jefferson. The rails were used for timber extraction and for shipping agricultural products out of the county. The timber extraction on the western end of the county transformed the landscape dramatically. In 1929 Fields Dam was built on the New River in Mouth of Wilson, the power was used for a woolen mill and for electricity in the Mouth of Wilson community. The communities of Fries, Galax, Troutdale, Whitetop, Mouth of Wilson, and Independence were all booming town centers due to the supply of electricity produced by hydro-electric dams and the influence of the railway along with the wages that supported off farm income in these communities. Th mill town Fries was highly notable during this time period as one of the most modern communities in Southwestern Virginia. With public water and sewer, electricity, recreation and commercial activity, many people traveled to Fries for a taste of "modern life".

In 1905, the Grayson County Board of Supervisors ordered that a new courthouse be built to meet the state standards for a fire-proof vault. As a result, the Historic 1908 Courthouse began construction in 1906 and was completed in 1908. This unique structure, preserved by the Historic 1908 Courthouse Foundation, is a surviving tribute to this time in our county's history.

The period from 1910-1920 presented hardships with the negative effects from WWI, major floods in 1916 and 1917 impacting both Fries and Mouth of Wilson and the major flu epidemic of 1918. Effects of the Great Depression were felt in the 1930s as financial resources were scarce and migration patterns of people leaving the area looking for work and returning home to "live off the land" were felt across the county.

From the 1930s to 1950s, dairies and creameries were established, schools, churches, post offices and banks were popping up across the county and infrastructure was developing. The Byrd Act of the 1930s transferred the responsibility of roads away from the county. The Lakes to Florida road, now Hwy 21 and Hwy 58 were paved during this time period. Independence received electricity, public water and sewer in the 1930s. During this time, big screen movie theatres and automobiles were bringing the outside world to the lives of Graysonites.

This time period may also be remembered for the effect of federal projects on our local communities. The Jefferson National Forest was created, absorbing large tracts on the western edge of the county. The Civilian Conservation Corps, NYA and WPA projects created infrastructure in the national forest and in the community. The programs developed a trade school in Baywood, provided employment through construction of the Blue Ridge Parkway and other innovative initiatives. Because of these projects the Mt. Rogers School, Bridle Creek School, Grant School (Grange) and Becker Library were built.



In 1940 over 10" of rain fell in 24 hours. Major flood damage occurred across the county. In 1941 when WWII began, many citizens left the county to join the military forces or work in the factories supporting the war effort. After WWII, Grayson County experienced accelerated growth. The Grayson County Regional Library System was up and running and Grange Halls/Community Centers had formed across the county.

In the 1940s, local business leaders began small scale sewing factories in one room shops across the county. These become the foundation of the larger hosiery and textile operations yet to come. Furniture manufacturing begins in the Galax area. Grayson County continued the march toward modern life and while agricultural income was still important; wage dollars from developing industry enable discretionary spending important to the post war generation.

Grayson County 1950-2000

The 1950s through the 1980s was a period of growth for the county. The smaller textile and garment operations were replaced by larger operations such as Grayson Garment, Kayser Roth Hosiery, Mr. Casuals/Perry Manufacturing, Inc, Anvil Brand Inc., Grayson Millis Hosiery Mills, Hampton Knitting Mills, Klear Knit Inc., Parsons & Rives, and Washington Mill (later Fries Mill/Reigel Textiles) all together this established Grayson County as a textile manufacturing locale. Furniture manufacturing in Galax and Dairy Industries such as Foremost Dairies, Clover Creamery and later Kraft Food blossomed in the 1950s. Other industries such as Camcar Textron, Robertshaw Controls, Comp Air Kellog, Nautilus, Darco Southern, McAllister Mills, Grayson Mountain Water, Michelin Tire developed later during this time period. The economic impact of these industries increased local wages that further supported retail and service industries across the county.

In the 1950s, agriculture production increased as mechanization and modern tractors took hold, agricultural organizations could be found in every community from Cox's Chapel to Comers Rock and the commodity prices were high enough for farm success throughout the 1950s.

In 1952, Galax became an independent city. The overall population of the county declined with the physical land that was now a part of Galax City. A significant percentage of the county's tax base was reduced because of this. Independence High School opened in 1956 ushering in the new age of school consolidation as smaller schools merged.

In 1962, Appalachian Power Company applied for the Blue Ridge Dam Project. The proposed dam was to flood 14,500 acres of the county on the New River west of Independence. After much controversy the project was abandoned in 1977. During this debate the county's land was in a state of flux as citizens didn't know whether to buy or sell and some would claim that this debate caused many long-established farms and families to relocate.

During the years 1965 - 1966 both Grayson Highlands State Park and the Mount Rogers National Recreation area were formed of lands in western Grayson, thus transferring land to the State and Federal governments



In 1977, the rail line through Whitetop was closed and in 1984 rail service was abandoned on the Fries/Galax line. Interstate I-77 opened in the mid-70s, this reduced traffic on the "Great Lakes to Florida" Highway 21, a major east/west corridor that came through Elk Creek and Independence. The loss of thru traffic was a revenue loss for local businesses and several businesses closed as a result.

In 1973, the new Grayson County library was built and shortly after in 1979 the new Grayson County Courthouse began construction and was completed in 1981. The Historic 1908 Courthouse Foundation secured the old courthouse in 1985 and has kept the building operational as a community facility to this day. In 1983/84, the Grayson County Recreation Park was completed with a swimming pool and athletic facilities for the community.

Fries and the county experienced hardship in the 1980s when the Fries Mill/Mount Vernon Mill closed in 1989 (the mill was the largest taxpayer in Grayson County). In 1989, Fries High School was consolidated with Grayson County High School. Local manufacturing began a decline in the late 80s -90s as free trade and other factors caused textile and furniture industries to close down. During this same time period, growth in the real estate market from second home and recreational lots occurred. These economic issues (high unemployment and low capital reserves) are still prevalent to this day. In general, those who can afford to live in the county enjoy the benefits of strong community and family ties, a moderate climate with bountiful natural resources and a clean and safe environment.

The Communities of Grayson County

The communities of Grayson County developed around transportation and resources. Transportation routes and crossroads, creeks and the New River provided natural areas for churches, schools, general stores, banks and post offices. The waters of Grayson were areas of development due to the water-powered mills, which provided essential products for business, home and farm. In general, communities formed in areas where nearby residents could travel the distance to the community center and back to the homestead in one day. As the modern automobile became prevalent, the close proximity of products and services became less



important. Today, only a handful of the original communities of Grayson County provide products and services.



Figure 2-8: Washington Mills at Fries, Virginia on the New River (Photo courtesy of the Grayson County Historical Society)



Figure 2-7: Elk Creek after the construction of the Elk Creek Training School (in the far right of photo), circa 1900 (Photo courtesy of Grayson County Historical Society)

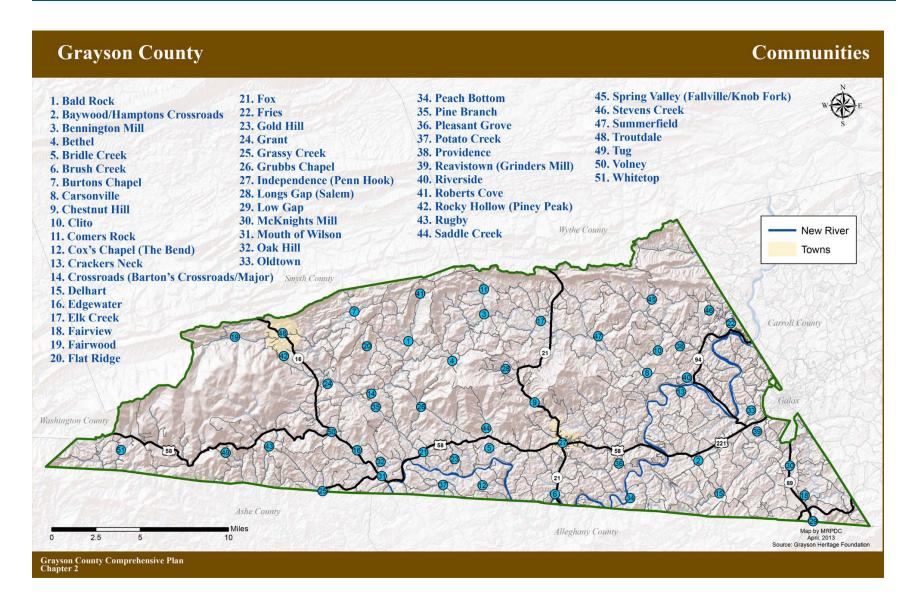


Figure 2-6: Flour Mill in Flatridge (Photo courtesy of Grayson County Historical Society)



Figure 2-5: Motor Company and Grocery, Mouth of Wilson in the 1930s, (Photo courtesy of Grayson County Historical Society)







Chapter Three: Population and Housing

Goal: Enhance neighborhoods within Grayson County through preservation, revitalization, and quality infill development, and create quality affordable housing and mixed-use development in higher population areas.

Introduction

Grayson County's estimated population as of July 1, 2022 was 15,356, according to the American Community Survey, an annual demographics survey program conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau. After a sharp fall in the

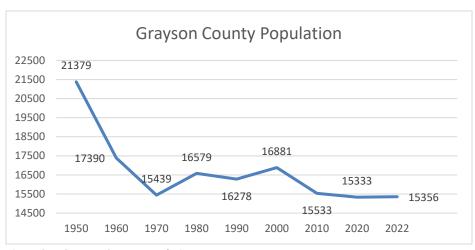


Figure 3-1: Grayson County Population

the 1950s and 1970s, Grayson County's population has remained relatively steady since 1970, staying between 15,500 and 16,500 people.

Population

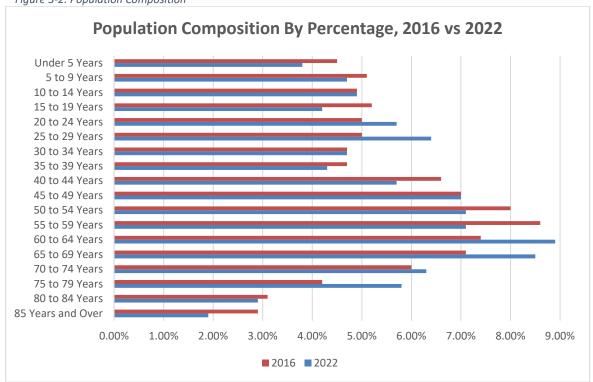
population between

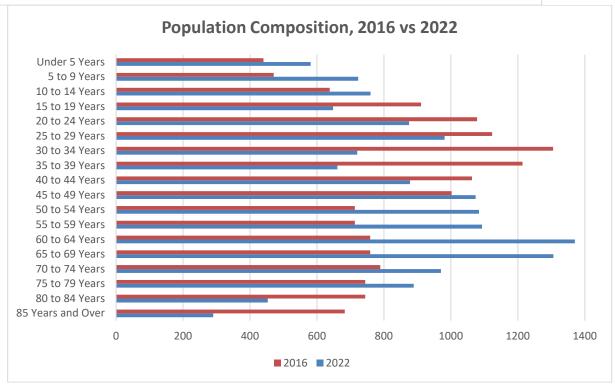
Population Composition by Age and Race

The following chart shows the population composition of Grayson County for 2016 and 2022, according to the Census Bureau's American Community Survey Five-Year Estimates. The percentages show the aging population in Grayson County and explain the rise in median age from 48.2 in 2016 to 49.0 in 2022. The percentage of the population age 50 and over has risen from 47.3% in 2016 to 48.5% in 2022.



Figure 3-2: Population Composition







Grayson County's population in 2016 continued to be predominantly white. This is a fairly consistent characteristic of every locality across the Mount Rogers Planning District Commission and Southwest Virginia. The minority population represented only 9.7 percent of the total population in 2022 (1508 persons). The majority of the non-white population are African American residents, with only 0.6 percent of the population composed of other minorities.

Figure 3-3: Population by Race

Population of Grayson County by Race					
	2016	2022			
White alone	95.8%	90.2%			
Black or African American alone	2.3%	5.5%			
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	0.0%	0.0%			
Asian alone	0.1%	1.2%			
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	0.0%	0.0%			
Some other race alone	0.5%	1.8%			
Two or more races	1.1%	1.2%			

Population Trends and Projections

Figure 3-5: Population Projections

Population Projections 2020—2050

Year	Projection
2020	15,333
2022	15,356
2030	14,916
2040	13,423
2050	12,131

Population projections published by the Weldon Cooper Center project a decline in Grayson County's population, but some of this decline can likely be linked to the county's aging population. Thirty-year population projections predict Grayson County will experience a decrease of almost 3,202 persons between 2020 and 2050. It is important to note that these are only estimates of growth, which change yearly and are based on the American Community Survey's population estimates.

Projecting population for a community the size of Grayson County can be an almost impossible task because of the vulnerability to change based upon outside forces. For example, decision-making at the county level can have a profound effect. For example, the construction of public water and sewer infrastructures, while not spurring automatic population growth, can have a pro-growth affect as the county looks to the future. These services alone are critical public health improvements and will provide the opportunities for future residential and industrial expansion. To spur potential growth, the county will continue to support basic infrastructure improvements, expand local tourism attractions, retain and recruit industry, and nurture small business development.



Housing

Figure 3-6: Housing Characteristics

Grayson County had a total of 8,948 housing units according to the 2022 Five-Year American Community Survey. Of these, approximately 4,969 (55.5%) were owner occupied. In comparison, Virginia's home ownership rate was 66.9%, however, Grayson County's homeownership numbers show a high rate of vacancies (31.3%), which can be attributed to the high number of vacation and seasonal homes.

The majority of the housing units in Grayson County are single-family homes (78.5%). Multi-family units (apartments and duplexes) comprise only 3.5% of the housing stock, while 18% are manufactured homes. Another small portion of the housing stock (0.0%) was included in the "Other" housing type, which is comprised of Recreational Vehicle homes and boats. Additionally, most of the housing stock consists of older homes, as approximately 43.7% of homes in the county were built prior to 1970.

The median value of an owneroccupied home in Grayson County is approximately \$129,100, which is approximately one-third of the Commonwealth's median value of \$339,800. With respect to housing

Grayson County Housing Characteristics					
Total Housing Units	8,948				
Owner Occupied	4,969	55.5%			
Renter Occupied	1,179	13.2%			
Vacant	2,800	31.3%			
Housing Type					
Single-family	7,019	78.5%			
Multi-family	315	3.5%			
Mobile home	1614	18.0%			
Other (Boat, RV, Van, etc.)	0	0.0%			
Housing Age, (Year Built)					
Built 2020 or later	12	0.1%			
2010-2019	337	3.8%			
2000-2009	745	8.3%			
1990-1999	1,423	15.9%			
1980-1989	1,178	13.2%			
1970-1979	1,343	15.0%			
1960-1969	1,000	11.2%			
1950-1959	826	9.2%			
1940-1949	628	7.0%			
Built 1939 or earlier	1,456	16.3%			
Avg. Household Size (Owner Occupied)	2.32				
Median Value (Owner Occupied)	\$129,100				
Median Gross Rent (Renter Occupied)	\$703				
Median Mortgage Cost	\$999				
Housing Owner Costs > 30% of income	20.3%				
Rental Costs >30% of income	46.8%				

affordability, approximately 13.5% homeowners are paying less than thirty percent of their incomes for housing costs; however, over 46.8% percent of the rental tenants pay more than thirty percent of their income for housing. This may indicate that there needs to be more affordable rental housing in the County to meet the needs of residents.



Strategies

In order to achieve Grayson County's housing goals, the County has several guiding principles in regard to housing and development:

- Ensure a variety of quality housing types for all income levels
- Encourage a sense of community by incorporating features that enhance interaction
- Ensure neighborhoods are inclusive of all races, ages, and incomes
- Foster a climate that is hospitable to affordable housing developments
- Support public-private partnerships for the provision of affordable housing
- Recognize local community plans and include them in countywide planning efforts
- Protect historic resources and the natural environment
- Preserve character of individual communities within the county

These principles help support the individual strategies that the County has set forth to as targets for this Comprehensive Plan. The strategies listed below depict the County's goals for the future:

- 3-1 Support private investment in Assisted Living Developments and other housing infrastructure needed for elderly and aging, where possible.
- 3-2 Create information clearinghouse for citizens in need of building repair and energy improvements by connecting them with established organizations such as Rooftop Community Action, People Inc., Rural Development, HUD, and others.
- 3-3 Consider incentive program to remove pre-1976 manufactured homes that may be unable to meet current building codes.
- 3-4 Create a task force to analyze the environmental health of the county as it relates to septic tank issues, straight-piping, and the lack of a full-time environmental health officer. Ensure that the programs offered by the Health Department align with the needs of the county. (See 9-2)

Summary and Conclusions

In comparison to the rest of the Commonwealth, Grayson County is generally a more affordable location to live, whether renting or owning. Grayson County's housing stock generally consists of single unit, detached homes and mobile homes. With only 3.5% of housing stock being multi-unit attached homes, there may be a need for multifamily housing within the county. Grayson County also has a higher vacancy rate than the state, due to the high number of homes used for seasonal or recreational purposes.

Almost half of all residents (48.5%) are age 50 or older, which is something that the County must take into consider when determining the needs of the community. The County should pursue programs and strategies to provide for the needs of this aging population and ensure a high quality of life. Additionally, strategies that encourage younger populations to remain in or relocate to Grayson County should be high priorities, as the younger population ensures a viable workforce and steady future population growth.



Chapter Four: Education

Goal: Support "K-to-Gray" educational opportunities, including career and technical education, long-distance learning, and lifelong learning.

Introduction

There are numerous educational opportunities for Grayson County's citizens of all ages, despite the rural location of the county. Rooftop of Virginia provides Early Head Start assistance to income-eligible families with children as young as six weeks and approximately thirty higher and/or technical education institutions are located within sixty miles of Grayson County, including several branches of the Virginia and North Carolina Community College Systems. Grayson County has a robust public school system, with schools that are all Level One accredited by the Virginia Department of Education (VDOE), the highest accreditation offered by the Commonwealth.

Early Childhood Education

Early Head Start and Head Start

Rooftop of Virginia provides Early Head Start (EHS) and Head Start (HS) services within Grayson and Carroll Counties and the City of Galax, serving income eligible children from ages six weeks until they are ready for kindergarten in both classroom and home-based settings.

Early Head Start (EHS) and Head Start (HS) program is designed to nurture healthy attachments between parent and child by emphasizing the role of parents as their child's forst and most important teacher. The goal of the programs is to provide services to promote academic, social, and emotional development to the enrolled children and families.

Rooftop's Early Head Start program serves infants and toddlers under the age of 3, and pregnant women, providing intensive comprehensive child development and family support services.

Head Start (HS) provides early childhood education to three and four year olds developing school readiness skills by providing a learning environment that supports children's growth in many areas such as language, literacy, and social and emotional development.

Rooftop of Virginia also provides free quality preschool for ages three through five years of age, following the Virginia Kindergarten Readiness Requirements. Rooftop of Virginia has high-quality standards that meet the education, health, and nutrition needs of growing toddlers. Igniting Futures Academy is partnered with the United Way of Southwest Virginia to offer caring and supportive environments for young learners, encouraging healthy growth and school readiness. Igniting Futures Academy is located within the City of Galax and is currently serving nine (9) Grayson County families.



Virginia Preschool Initiative

The Virginia Preschool Initiative (VPI) provides state funds to community-based organizations that provide preschool programs for at-risk four-year-olds unserved by Head Start. The Virginia Department of Education and the Council on Child Day Care and Early Childhood Programs establish measurable standards in order to prepare preschool age children for entry into Kindergarten. For a preschool program to receive funding from the VDE, they must provide services that include: quality preschool education, parental involvement, comprehensive child health services, comprehensive social services and transportation. See Figure 4-1 for the number of children in Grayson County that have been served by the VPI in the last ten years.

Figure 4-1: Students Served by Virginia Preschool Initiative

Students Served by Virginia Preschool Initiative										
School Year	23-24	22-23	21-22	20-21	19-20	18-19	17-18	16-17	15-16	14-15
Number of										
Students	48	41	41	44	40	45	52	47	43	48
Source: Virginia De	partmen	t of Edu	cation		•	•	•	•	•	

Grayson County Schools

The Grayson County Public School System manages primary and secondary schools in the county. The Grayson County School Board is elected by the citizens of the county and the five members represent each voting district and an at large member. The primary role of the school board is to develop policy as it relates to the management of the school system. The School Superintendent is the executive officer of the school system and is in charge of managing personnel, financial considerations, school budgets, facilities and reporting to the school board.

Grayson County School System is composed of six schools and the Career & Technical Education Center at the Grayson County High School Campus. There are many programs offered beyond standard curriculum that includes: The Cate Center - credentials in Nursing (CNA), Cosmetology (State Board Certification), Auto Mechanics (ASE), Business Information Systems (MOS), and various National Occupational Competency Testing Initiative (NOCTI). Grayson County High School offers Associate Degree Programs and numerous offerings for Dual Enrollment.

Following the Public Schools Facility Study in 2006, which assessed the condition of buildings and determined the feasibility of renovation and/or construction, the School System made changes to protect the County's investment in the system's facilities and buildings. Two schools consolidated, and the Grayson Highlands School was constructed. Three of the schools currently in use were built before 1950, although Fries School, built in 1922, was renovated in 2010. The study determined that these schools may be near the end of their useful life and that maintenance issues will increasingly become problematic for these schools, which is one reason for the closure of Baywood Elementary in 2018. The ability of these schools to meet building codes and energy efficiency standards is difficult for these older structures, and without major capital investment the "band aid" approach used to keep the buildings operational will only delay the substantial capital investment needed to replace these buildings. Furthermore, the aging school system may impair local economic development where as young professionals prefer modern and high performing structures.



Figure 4-2: Student Enrollment in Grayson County 2015-2024

Student Enrollment in Grayson County														
School Name	Year Built	Last Addition/ Renovation	Square Feet (1,000)	Grades	2023 -24	2022 -23	2021 -22	2020 -21	2019 -20	2018 -19	2017 -18	2016 -17	2015 -16	2014 -15
Fairview Elementary	1942	1957/N/A	25.7	KG - 5	147	155	149	135	127	122	102	102	106	109
Fries School*	1922	2010		PK - 7	234	253	267	267	268	267	238	231	250	262
Grayson County High	1955	1989	55.5	9 - 12	457	465	453	454	464	448	502	517	676	702
Independence Elem	1983	N/A	30.4	KG - 5	301	277	272	265	283	280	222	245	224	225
Independence Middle	1936	2005	38	6 - 8	295	262	251	258	278	276	249	273	159	178
Grayson Highlands**	2010	N/A	67	PK - 7	142	149	138	138	136	149	146	143	159	160
Baywood Elementary***		Closed		PK - 5							121	121	125	133
Homeschooled****		N/A		KG-12	128	120	113	106	95	99	54	44	93	86

^{*} Providence Elementary (PK-3) closed in 2010 and students from the area the school served now attend Fries School. Fries School numbers from 2008-10 includes only grades 4-7.

Source: Virginia Department of Education, Fall Membership Build-A-Table

https://p1pe.doe.virginia.gov/apex/f?p=180:1::::p session id,p application name:3488754574392728888,fallmembership



^{**} Grayson Highlands was built in 2010 and serves as a consolidation of Bridle Creek Elementary and Mount Rogers Combined School. In its first year of operation, the school served grades PK-12, but in 2011 the school became PK-7.

^{***} Baywood Elementary closed in 2018

^{****} Number of children homeschooled within the County, as reported to the Virginia Department of Education

Higher Education

Despite the seemingly rural nature of Grayson County, within a short drive higher, education options are abundant.

Community Colleges and Technical Schools

Virginia's Community College System offers a variety of Associate Degree Programs, Work Force Development and Occupational & Technical Programs, and includes the Manufacturing Technology Center which is a cooperation of five community colleges in Southwest Virginia and various industries throughout the region. College courses are provided at the Crossroads Institute (see more information below) in Galax and there are three locations for classes within a sixty-mile radius: Wytheville, Virginia Highlands (Abingdon), and New River (Dublin). North Carolina also has nearby options, including several campuses of Wilkes Community College, Davidson County, Surry, and Forsyth Technical.

Universities and Other Schools Offering Four-Year Degrees and Higher

Within sixty miles of Grayson County are various universities, including Virginia Polytechnic Institute & State University (Virginia Tech), Radford University, Emory & Henry College, Appalachian State University, King University, Bluefield State, and Wake Forest University. Additionally, Old Dominion University (ODU) partners with Virginia's Community College System, including Wytheville Community College, to provide opportunities for students to receive a Bachelor's or advanced degree from ODU while staying local.

Additional Education Resources

The Crossroads Institute

Opened in 2005 in Galax, the Crossroads Rural Entrepreneurial Institute provides a variety of resources to the surrounding area, including a mixed-use small business incubator, modular work spaces with high flexibility, a Computer Emporium with student and public access, an Idea Lab for pre-incubator small business planning, Technical and Occupational Lab Space, Electronics and Computer Networking Labs (Health Science and Wet Labs, Teaching Kitchen, Building Technologies Lab), Classrooms and two seminar rooms with video teleconferencing capabilities, a Learning Assistance Center with student access, an exhibit hall and atrium also serves as a café and social area, and a modern conference room

Grayson Agricultural and Technical Education (GATE) Center

Located in the heart of Independence, the GATE Center provides a meeting center, county office spaces, a commercially licensed kitchen, and a technology-enhanced conference room, making distance learning opportunities more readily- available. The facility's commercial kitchen will provide access for prospective entrepreneurs who may be interested in starting restaurants or other business ventures.



Grayson LandCare(GLC)

Grayson LandCare and it's projects the Independence Farmers Market and The Permaculture group offer workshops, lectures and demonstrations to the community on a diverse range of topics primarily related to food; saving seeds, growing food, preparing food, supporting pollinators necessary for food production and how to sell products at the Independence Farmers Market. Over 50 students from Grayson County High School, the Cate Center and Oak Hill academy attended the market to enhance their business, horticulture, culinary and environmental classes In 2020 Grayson LandCare started the School garden program at the Independence Elementary School. A fenced garden containing 5 raised beds was constructed and began as a part of the after-school program. In 2023 it was integrated into the 4th and 5th grade curriculum to re-enforce STEM principals with hands on activities in the garden. It includes a state of the art aeroponic "Tower Garden" and a hydroponic system, currently on loan to the horticulture program at the CATE Center at the high school. Children also have the opportunity to taste a wide array of fresh vegetables, herbs and even edible flowers.

Strategies

- 4-1 Provide advanced technology and technology infrastructure to schools and students. Consider grant opportunities and donation infrastructure.
- 4-2 Offer diverse after-school programs to include non-athletic activities such as ag/forestry, career readiness, arts and craft internships, college courses, leadership training, trade skills and advance degree programs.
- 4-3 Consider performance-based salaries and incentive salaries to attract/keep high performing teachers.
- 4-4 Increase Career & Tech Education Program and consider other trade-based youth/adult programs to educate "workforce ready" population for local employment or for small business development. To include: AC & Refrigeration, Masonry, Landscaping, Building Trades, EMT, Criminal Justice, Corrections, Property Management, Agriculture/Forestry, Home Health/Medical, and Culinary Arts
- 4-5 Partner with established colleges to offer a "satellite campus" in Grayson County for advanced degrees and long-distance learning.
- 4-6 Consider vacant spaces/buildings to utilize for advanced learning, trade education, small business development, community centers, mentorship/internship headquarters, and other programs.
- 4-7 Conduct Feasibility Study for school system "Early Diversion Program". Program will identify students who may benefit from career/ technical training programs.
- 4-8 Continue to support the Virginia Cooperative Extension Service and public libraries as valuable educational opportunities for the county.
- 4-9 Integrate Agriculture in Education/Community by developing an internship/mentorship program for youth to gain experience/build resumes, expand Agricultural Education opportunities beyond traditional



- audiences and develop New/Beginning/Veteran Farmer Programs in partnership with Farm Bureau, CATE Center, NRCS SWCD, Cooperative Extension, Department of Forestry, etc. Combine with leadership training. (See 6-9)
- 4-10 Reach out to second home, retirees, professionals and other potential volunteers to lead education programs in; trades, business, leadership /after school/intern etc.
- 4-11 Provide education for repeat offenders emphasize the needs for those in the Criminal Justice System to re-enter society as productive citizens.
- 4-12 Develop an information system/network for county residents to learn about lifelong learning opportunities already offered by area organizations. Support workshops and programs already offered for lifelong learning. For example: Provide set openuse hours in the agriculture shop to local residents outside of school hours.
- 4-13 Work with agencies and educational institutions to develop job skill training programs to meet identified gaps in the local workforce. (See 5-12)
- 4-14 Work with the school system to provide afterschool leadership development academy to encourage the next generation of leaders.

Summary and Conclusions

As a high performing school system can be used as a tool to attract potential industry and business investment and young professional families, Grayson County can continue to maintain and improve its schools' competitiveness and ability to meet the needs of residents. Additionally, with improved technology, it is becoming easier for more rural areas to provide distance education opportunities, and Grayson County can continue to improve its higher education and career and technical education opportunities. Along with its more traditional education opportunities, the County can also tap into the resources of its many retirees and second-home professionals who may be willing to share their expertise through volunteer instructional programs. Hands-on training for business development, renewable energy, agricultural and forestry education, and other lifestyle and small business learning experiences would provide new skills for residents regardless of age or experience and continue to improve quality of life.



Chapter Five: Economy

Goal: Support and expand existing businesses, attract new businesses, and provide a broad range of employment opportunities and a high quality of life for residents of, and those employed in, Grayson County.

Introduction

As the primary driving force for quality of life, the economic health of the community has been identified as a primary concern for the future of Grayson County. In order to thrive and grow, residents need employment opportunities, and the administration of the County is committed

Income and Poverty Characteristics

Figure 5-1 shows the estimated income of households in Grayson County and in the Commonwealth of Virginia and delineates the large differences between earnings in the County and the Commonwealth.

Figure 5-1: Income and Benefits

Income and Benefits (In 2022 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)							
	Grayson	County	Virg	inia			
	Estimate	Percent	Estimate	Percent			
Total households	6,148		3,289,776				
Less than \$5,000	115	1.9	85609	2.6			
\$5,000 to \$9,999	178	2.9	52504	1.6			
\$10,000 to \$14,999	488	7.9	97645	3.0			
\$15,000 to \$19,999	525	8.5	92826	2.8			
\$20,000 to \$24,999	472	7.7	99444	3.0			
\$25,000 to \$34,999	579	9.4	207297	6.3			
\$35,000 to \$49,999	1047	17.0	307942	9.4			
\$50,000 to \$74,999	1117	18.2	493060	15.0			
\$75,000 to \$99,999	732	11.9	404048	12.3			
\$100,000 to \$149,999	562	9.1	594120	18.1			
\$150,000 or more	333	5.4	855281				
Median household income (dollars)	43,348	(X)	87,249	(X)			
Per capita income (dollars)	26,270	(X)	47,210	(X)			
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Americai	n Community	Survey 5-Yo	ear Estimates	2022			



Figure 5-2 shows the percentage of people whose income in the past twelve months has placed them below the poverty level. Grayson County shows numbers that are multiples of the Commonwealth of Virginia's and shows the need for assistance, especially for families with children under the age of five.

Figure 5-2: Percentage of Families and People in Poverty

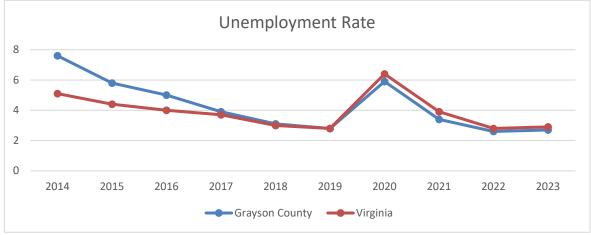
Percentage of Families and People Whose Income in the Past 12 Months Is Below the Poverty Level						
	Grayson County	Virginia				
All families	12.8%	7.4%				
With related children of the householder under 18 years	26.7%	10.8%				
With related children of the householder under 5 years only	22.4%	11.6%				
Married couple families	5.6%	3.4%				
With related children of the householder under 18 years	11.9%	4.0%				
With related children of the householder under 5 years only	16.7%	4.5%				
Families with female householder, no spouse present	42.8%	21.7%				
With related children of the householder under 18 years	63.4%	29.3%				
With related children of the householder under 5 years only	52.2%	33.1%				
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 5-Year/1-Year Est	mates 2022	1				

Employment Characteristics

Unemployment Rate

Figure 5-3 shows the annual employment rate for Grayson County and the Commonwealth of Virginia over the ten-year period from 2014-2023. Represented graphically, it is readily apparent that the recession hit the County harder than the Commonwealth as a whole, but in recent years the county has been closing the gap and, since 2017, the unemployment rate has closely mirrored that of the Commonwealth.



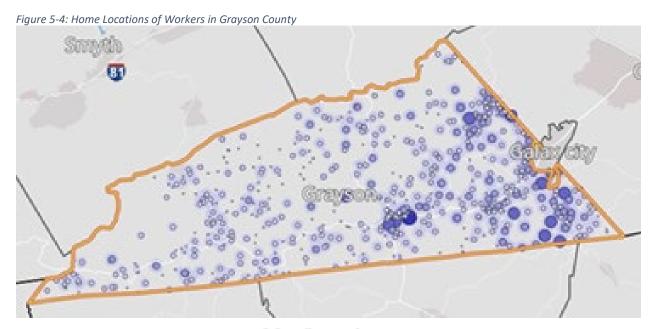


Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics



Commuting Patterns²

Figure 5-4 shows the home locations of workers within Grayson County in 2021. The information is updated annually by the U.S. Census Bureau's Center for Economic Studies and shows from where those employed outside the home are commuting. As expected, the majority of pockets of employees are located in the more populated and less mountainous Eastern section of the county.



Map Legend

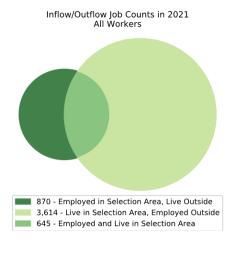


Grayson County's inflow/outflow job counts (shown in Figure 5-5) show that many more residents are going outside of the county to find employment (84.9%) than are able to live and work within the County (15.1%). Just over 1 in 5 residents are commuting to Galax (20.5%), while 7.3% commute to Carroll County and 5.6% commute to Wythe County. These commuter numbers show the potential for new industries locating in Grayson County to find employees within the county. The average travel time to place of employment for residents is 25.5 minutes, according to the U.S. Census Bureau's 2021 Five-Year American Community Survey.

² All commuting data is from the U.S. Census Bureau's Center for Economic Studies and its OnTheMap Employment Mapping Tool https://onthemap.ces.census.gov/



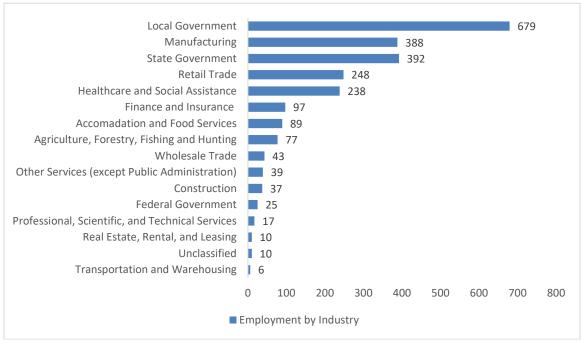
Figure 5-5: Inflow/Outflow of Workers in Grayson County



Jobs Counts by Counties Where						
Workers are Employed, 2021						
	Count	%				
All Counties	4,259	100%				
Galax City, VA	875	20.5%				
Grayson County, VA	645	15.1%				
Carroll County, VA	312	7.3%				
Wythe County, VA	240	5.6%				
Ashe County, NC	155	3.6%				
Smyth County, VA	149	3.5%				
Alleghany County, NC	132	3.1%				
Pulaski, VA	115	2.7%				
Montgomery, VA	109	2.6%				
Surry County, NC	108	2.5%				
All Other Locations	1,419	33.3%				

The largest employment sector in Grayson County is local government, with over 20.3% of employees (679). If reviewing the total number of government employees, including local, federal, and state, approximately 1,096 people, or 31.9%, work for some government entity. Figure 5-6 shows the distribution of employment by industry within the county, which shows that after local government employment, manufacturing employs the next highest number: 388 people or 11.3%.

Employment by Industry and Largest Employers



Source: Virginia Employment Commission, Economic Information & Analytics, Quarterly Census of



Employment and Wages (QCEW), 1st Quarter (January, February, March) 2024.

Figure 5-6: Largest Employers in Grayson County

	Largest Employers in Grayson County							
Rank	Employer	Rank	Employer					
1	Grayson County School Board	13	Oak Hall Industries					
2	Grayson County Correctional Center (River North Correctional Center)	14	Core Health and Fitness					
3	Grayson County	15	Grayson Natural Farms LLC					
4	The Reserves Network	16	C & B Lumber					
5	Food City	18	Town of Independence					
6	Grayson Nursing & Rehab Center	19	Postal Service					
7	McAllister Mills	20	Eliaia Market LLC					
8	Real Performance Machinery	21	Wythe Grayson Regional Library					
9	The Grayson National Bank	22	Healthcare Services Group					
10	Hansen Turbine Assemblies	23	Aunt Bea's Family Restaurant					
11	Oak Hill Academy	24	Virginia Department of Conservation					
12	Davlyn Group Holdings LLC	25	Meriwether Godsey					

Source: Virginia Works, Economic Information & Analytics, Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW), 1st Quarter (January, February, March) 2024.

Large and Notable Employers

Some of the notable employers in Grayson County include:

- Grayson County School System Public school system in Grayson County that employs teachers, administrators and other personnel. http://www.grayson.k12.va.us/
- Grayson County Administration of government services, facilities, constitutional offices, public safety, elected officials and all county personnel._ http://www.graysoncountyva.gov/
- Woodgrain Operates forestry, harvesting, and milling operations in Southwest Virginia and Northern North Carolina for local, regional, and global uses._ https://www.woodgrain.com/woodgrain-growing-independence-lumber/
- Real Performance Machinery, LLC (RPM) Manufacture of technologically advanced machinery serving lumber mills in primary and secondary breakdown processing. https://rpmachinery.com/
- Grayson Nursing & Rehab Center A 120-bed facility that employs or contracts with 100 full time equivalent positions at the Independence facility._ http://www.consulatehealthcare.com/
- Skyline National Bank Formed from the merger of Grayson National Bank and Bank of Floyd in 2016, Skyline offers business and personal financial services to residents of Southwest Virginia and Northwestern North Carolina._ https://www.skylinenationalbank.bank/



Oak Hill Academy - This co-ed private institution offers college preparation from grades
 8-12. Enrollment varies from 150 to 160 per year. http://www.oak-hill.net/

- Food City Regional grocery chain with a store in Independence.
 http://www.foodcity.com/
- Oak Hall Cap and Gown

 Family run business with three sewing factories and warehouses in Southwest Virginia that employs over 350 with full-time, permanent positions. https://oakhalli.com/
- C & B Lumber Inc. Originally, C & B started as a sawmill in 1988, now C & B Lumber provides customized hand cut lumber. Specializing in log home lumber and products including chinking, rustic railings, log home siding, and more._
 http://www.candblumber.com/about-Log-home-siding.html
- Darco Southern Fabricating high Temperature Industrial Gasketing Solutions, Darco Southern services steel, aluminum, petrochemical, shipbuilding, brick, pulp and paper, and boiler industries. Products include Tetraglas (Fiberglass), Tetraglas 3000 (Silica) cloths, tapes, sleeving and ropes. http://www.darcosouthern.com/coprofile.php
- McAllister Mills A leading manufacturer of safe, heat-resistant materials for industries.
 Products include insulation blankets, fabrics, tapes, ropes, and custom fabricated parts.
 http://mcallistermills.com/
- Tritex LLC Located in Independence since 2000, Tritex offers high temperature
 alternatives to ceramic fiber. Their products are used in various industries and
 applications including chimneys, automotive, foundries, power gens, primary alum,
 petrochemical, appliance, and fire protection. http://www.tritexllc.com

Niche and Specialty Manufacturing

- Stewart Furniture Design, LLC Builder of custom, high-quality, "made to order" upholstered furniture. https://www.stewartfurniture.com
- Fox Creek Leather Company Family-owned company designing and producing custommade leather goods. https://www.foxcreekleather.com/
- <u>Grayson Stone, LLC Privately owned 10 acre rock quarry, mainly producing crushed</u> stone and gravel for purchase.
- Grayson Natural Farms Manufacturer of all natural, grass-fed beef products sourced from local farms. https://graysonnatural.com/
- Grayson Millworks Family-owned operation producing high-end furniture, hardwood flooring, millwork, molding, mantels and structural and non-structural beams._ http://www.graysonmillworks.com/



River North Correctional Center

River North Correctional Center, a Security Level 4 facility managed by the Virginia Department of Corrections and located outside the Town of Independence, opened in October 2013. River North employs approximately 300-325 individuals at any given time, including security, support, and administrative employees.

Housing is separated into four central housing buildings with a capacity for 1,000 inmates, which includes 942 general population beds, 48 segregation beds, six medical observation beds and two medical isolation beds. The Inside Support Building contains Special Housing, Property, Intake, Commissary, Medical, Food Service, DCE and Vocational Training, Treatment, Laundry, Offender Gymnasium, and Offender Visitation.

Inmates are offered a variety of program and educational opportunities including substance abuse classes, vocational classes, and high school completion or GED, all of which are geared toward reducing recidivism, so offenders can become productive members of society after their release from institutionalization.

River North participates in Virginia Department of Corrections' Administrative Segregation Step-Down Program, which began in 2011 and aims to reduce the number of offenders in restrictive housing/solitary confinement. The program uses a "step down" method that take offenders from segregation to lower security levels by providing lesser controls, increased privileges, including giving them an opportunity to participate in activities like cognitive behavioral journaling before they return to the general prison population. In 2010, Virginia released 57 offenders from restrictive housing to the community without receiving any type of cognitive behavioral therapy, whereas by 2015 that number had been reduced to three, making release easier and more stable for offender, ensuring public safety, and reducing long-term recidivism rates.

Economic Development Organizations and Partnerships

- Blue Ridge Crossroads Economic Development Authority (BRCEDA) and the Small Business Development Center was formed in 2004, after the Virginia Assembly designated Carroll and Grayson Counties and the City of Galax as "Virginia's Entrepreneurial Region." BRCEDA became an important catalyst for small business growth in the region and is recognized as one of the best industrial development authorities in Virginia. http://www.brceda.org/
- Grayson County Economic Development Authority (EDA) is a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia that is comprised of a 7-member Board who are appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The EDA is charged with facilitating the creation, attraction, retention, expansion and support of business and industry and is also responsible for managing the County's two revolving loan programs that are designed to support both industry and small business. https://www.graysoncountyva.gov/eda/
- Virginia's Industrial Advancement Alliance (VIAA, formerly known as a Corridor) and its Board of Directors, has been a central resource for recruitment efforts in attracting new



and expanding industries to the region. VIAA has provided the link to the state's Virginia Economic Development Partnership and the marketing representatives and broad array of services available to local areas for economic development. http://viaalliance.org/

- Virginia Economic Development Partnership is dedicated to increasing international trade and business for Virginia businesses. The VEDP identifies potential new markets and market entry strategies for new businesses in Virginia that will lead to more international trade. VEDP has assisted more than 500 companies by expanding their global sales. http://exportvirginia.org/
- The three Small Business Development Centers, located at Virginia Highlands
 Community College, Wytheville Community College, and the Crossroads Institute in
 Galax, serve in an advisory and technical resource capacity to assist new and expanding
 businesses and entrepreneurs with business plans, financial analysis, and training in
 operating business. http://www.vhcc.edu/sbdc, http://www.wcc.vccs.edu/,
 http://crossroadsva.org/ci/
- Virginia's Department of Business Assistance http://vdba.virginia.gov/contactus.shtml
- Mount Rogers Planning District Commission http://www.mrpdc.org/
- District Three Governmental Cooperative http://www.district-three.org/
- Mount Rogers Regional Adult Education Program http://mrraep.com/
- People Incorporated of Virginia http://www.peopleinc.net/
- New River/Mount Rogers Workforce Development Board http://www.nrmrwib.org/
- Virginia Department of Aging and Rehabilitative Services http://www.vadrs.org/
- Virginia Employment Commission http://www.vec.virginia.gov/
- Wytheville Community College http://www.wcc.vccs.edu/
- Goodwill Work and Training Services http://www.goodwill.org/goodwill-for-you/jobs-and-careers/

Industrial Opportunities

Industrial/Business sites are available at three public sponsored industrial parks: the Blue Ridge Crossroads Commerce Park; the Grayson County Industrial Park; and the Wildwood Commerce Park. Private sites are available across the county such as the Fries Mill Site. One strategy to consider is to inventory available public and private sites, ensure adequate infrastructure is available when possible, and to increase the marketing of these sites to encourage private investment/employment opportunities throughout the community.

Blue Ridge Crossroads Commerce Park

Blue Ridge Crossroads Commerce Park is located on the jurisdictional boundary of Grayson County and Galax. This Commerce Park has resulted from a partnership of Grayson County and Galax with the assistance of Blue Ridge Crossroads Economic Development Authority (BRCEDA). The site sits strategically located next to Highway 58, a prominent four lane east/west corridor connecting the communities of Grayson County and Galax. Public water, sewer, high speed internet, and a developed entrance make this site suitable for a large variety of uses. The 30-



acre site is mostly level with rolling hills and compatible with zoning district designations for business or commercial use.

Grayson County Industrial Park

Grayson County Industrial Park is located at the corner of Industrial Ln. and the Grayson Parkway in Independence, just off U.S. Route 58 and within 23 miles of I-77. The Town of Independence provides water and sewer, American Electric Power provides electric power, and Brightspeed provides telecommunications.

Wildwood Commerce Park

Wildwood Commerce Park, located at Exit 19 off of I-77, is one of seven "mega sites" in Southwest Virginia. The Blue Ridge Crossroads Economic Development Authority purchased the property in 2011 for Carroll and Grayson Counties and the City of Galax for development as an industrial park. Desired potential business and industrial sectors include agricultural & food products processing, information technology & professional services, advanced wood & fabric products manufacturing, components manufacturing (automotive, aerospace, medical, communications), and distribution & logistics.

Asset-based Development

Tourism

Asset-based economic development embraces the local cultural and natural assets of a community and strategically markets these assets. The greater Southwest Virginia region, which stretches from Lee County to Montgomery County has made a cooperative effort to find common assets and has created a regional brand. Important assets of Grayson County include cultural staples like traditional music and other assets tied to traditional music like the Crooked Road, the Blue Ridge Music Center, local theaters, and jams/conventions/festivals. Other cultural icons include historical buildings and sites. An example is the 1908 Courthouse and other local museums. Natural assets, such as Grayson Highlands State Park, mountain peaks, trails, parkways and of course the New River are extremely important assets to Grayson County's economy. See the Tourism Chapter (Chapter for a more comprehensive listing of asset-based development within the region.

The economic impact of tourism is important for small businesses, for generation of employment and for county revenue by sales tax and transient occupancy tax. The impact on tourism activity to country stores and restaurants should not be underestimated; as many of these locations see an increase in business activity during the tourism season in Grayson County.

In the unincorporated area of Grayson County, sales tax and transient occupancy tax are the two public revenue generators as it relates to tourism. In the towns of Fries and Independence, additional revenue may be generated from fuel, cigarette and alcohol taxes and these areas will collect and record their own sales and transient occupancy tax.

Table 5-7 shows the economic impact of tourism within Grayson County as represented by locality-specific travel-related data kept by the U.S Travel Association.



The impact relies on 5 unique pieces of information:

- 1) Expenditures within the area
- 2) Payroll associated with tourism industry employment
- 3) Number of people employed by the tourism industry
- 4) State tax receipts
- 5) Local Tax receipts

Table 5-7: Economic Impact of Tourism in Grayson County 2013-2017

Economic Impact of Tourism in Grayson County									
	% Change 2021 to 2022	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018			
Expenditures	2.0%	\$13,109,451	\$12,856,305	\$9,800,306	\$10,325462	\$9,575,932			
Labor Income	4.4%	\$1,749,542	\$1,675,222	\$1,373,095	\$1,447,168	\$1,371,173			
Employment	2.7%	70	68	63	66	66			
State Tax Receipts	5.1%	\$212,603	\$202,357	\$155,057	\$176,665	\$165,116			
Local Tax Receipts	2.6%	\$402,881	\$392,642	\$303,733	\$329,613	\$306,633			

Agriculture

As agriculture is Grayson County's major economic driver, agriculture and forestry products shipped outside of the county represent a major stream for external dollars to flow into the county. There are numerous opportunities for expanded education and training to local entrepreneurs, farmers, and foresters that will also support increased economic impact within the county. The rising trends of agritourism, value-added products, and local foods initiatives are promoting agriculture and local products to new audiences, expanding the demand for local products, and increasing value in local communities.

Table 5-8: Average Farm Characteristics

	2012	2022	% Change
Land in Farms (acres)	131,922	124,095	-5.9%
Average Size of Farm (Acres)	173	201	16.2%
Market Value of Products Sold (\$1,000)	31,636	76,013	140.2%
Average per Farm (Dollars)	\$41,409	\$123,397	197.9%
Crop Sales (\$1,000)	5,968	42,456	611.3%
Livestock Sales (\$1,000)	25,668	33,557	30.7%

Source: United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Census of Agriculture 2012 and 2022



Table 5-9: Farms by Value of Sales

Farms by value of sales:	Number	%
Less than \$2,500	214	34.7%
\$2,500 to \$4,999	60	9.7%
\$5,000 to \$9,999	98	15.9%
\$10,000 to \$24,999	73	11.9%
\$25,000 to \$49,999	58	9.4%
\$50,000 to \$99,999	33	5.3%
\$100,000 or more	80	13.0%
Total farm production expenses* (\$1,000)	70,320	
Average per farm (\$)	114,156	
Net cash farm income of operation (\$1,000)	11,039	
Average per farm (\$)	17,921	
*The most common expense entagories across farms are property taxes, natrolaum based		

^{*}The most common expense categories across farms are property taxes, petroleum-based fuel,

Top Production Crops and Livestock

Unsurprisingly, Grayson County produces the most cut Christmas trees of any of the 98 counties in the Commonwealth and ranks as the 8th highest producer nationwide. Approximately 65 farms grow Fraser fir Christmas trees on over 4,000 acres with annual sales of over 1 million trees and gross sales of more than \$20 million.

Grayson is uniquely adapted to Fraser fir production due to the elevation and access to indigenous Fraser fir parent material that grows naturally on Mount Rogers and Whitetop mountains. The county maintains seed production from two seed orchards, one located Grayson Highlands State Park, and another at the Old Flat State Forest. These orchards are managed by the Mount Rogers Christmas Tree Growers Association.

Primary marketing outlets include wholesale distribution to major box stores, retail sales, Christmas tree lots secured by the growers, and local choose-and-cut farms. Christmas trees are typically marketed as cut trees in the 6 to 8-foot-tall range 7 to 10 years after planting in the field. Increasingly, 36-38 "tabletop" trees are being sold due to a faster economic return since trees are sold younger, and more trees are harvested per acre. Alternative marketing includes wreaths, garland, and balled-and-burlap trees sold for landscape plantings. Locally grown white pine tips and boxwood cuttings complement the Fraser fir greenery trade.

Excluding pasture, Grayson has over 20,000 acres of hay and haylage production with an annual yield of over 60,000 dry tons of hay equivalent valued at over \$4 million. The significant local cattle, small ruminant, and horse industries are the main users of this resource.



oil and lubricants, farm supplies, repairs and maintenance, livestock feed, and fertilizer.

Source: United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Census of Agriculture 2022

Figure 5-10: Top Crops in Grayson County

Top Crops per Acreage	Quantity	State Rank	
Forage-land used for all hay and haylage, grass silage, and green chop	20,379	N/A	
Cultivated Christmas trees*	4,631	1	
Corn for grain	2,860	N/A	
* Grayson County ranks 8th in the U.S. in cut Christmas trees			
Source: United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Census of Agriculture 2022			

Grayson County ranks in the top 20th percentile in both Cattle and Sheep, with over 35,000 cattle and 1,168 sheep being reported as inventory within the County during 2022. Grayson's beef industry is one of its largest sectors based on revenue, acreage involved, and number of farms, despite not having a traditional livestock market in the county. Most cattle are sold from the field direct to buyers while others are sold through state graded auctions or direct to slaughter. Recent years have seen an increase in multi-farm calf marketing pools of weaned calves with process verified health programs.

Most beef operations are commercial cow/calf, meaning the farm owns cows to produce calves for sale. Historically, calves were born in February and March and sold in October. Recently, the trend has been for calves to be born in September and October and sold the next summer or fall. Stocker operations tend to handle substantial quantities of young beef animals. They purchase calves from various sources, add weight and value, and resale in hopes of realized gains. Several order buyers acquire cattle for landowners and then buy them back at a later date. Some even have arrangements where ownership with the order buyer is shared and payment is based on profit from weight gain during the grazing season. This is a significant revenue stream for absentee or retired landowners trying to cover real estate property taxes.

Table 5-11: Top Livestock Inventory in Grayson County

Top Livestock Inventory per Head	C	Quantity	State Rank
Cattle and calves		35,047	7
Sheep and Lambs		1,168	25
Poultry and eggs		1,475	45
Horses, ponies, mules, burros, donkeys		732	25
Goats, all		497	25
Source: United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Census of Agriculture 2022			



Strategies

5-1 Continue support of regional economic development authorities and small business incubators/development centers.

- 5-2 Continue recruitment efforts of industries to the Wildwood Industrial Park, Blue Ridge Crossroads Commerce Park and the Grayson County Industrial Park.
- 5-3 Encourage efforts to ensure the necessary infrastructure is in place and operating at the Wildwood Industrial Park, Grayson County Industrial Park, Blue Ridge Crossroads Commerce Park, and other industrial developments where they align with Grayson County's best interest.
- 5-4 Create inventory of the privately-owned commercial and industrial sites and assist, where possible, with infrastructure needs or marketing to spur economic development.
- 5-5 Promote small business development by encouraging creative financing programs such as revolving loan funds.
- 5-6 Encourage small businesses and other types of economic development through asset-based development.
- 5-7 Survey small business owners to understand the needs of these businesses and leverage resources to assist these needs.
- 5-8 Support participation in regional Enterprise Zone to encourage local investment and business development.
- 5-9 Gauge the support for a local office park to accommodate those without internet who may need personal office and when space is needed for business development.
- 5-10 Support initiatives that support agribusiness development and create employment through existing incentives programs, value-added/processing of local agriculture and forestry resources and exploring implications of use-value taxation as an additional tax incentive in partnership with the Grayson EDA. (See 6-4)
- 5-11 Support and encourage the development of advanced communication infrastructure, broadband, wireless internet, and cell coverage/towers. (See 8-1)
- 5-12 Work with agencies and educational institutions to develop job skill training programs to meet identified gaps in the local workforce. (See 4-13)

Summary and Conclusions

Expansion in educational opportunities will help support a strong workforce that meets the needs of employers. To retain existing industries and attract new businesses, the County needs to continue to support infrastructure improvements and try to expand infrastructure in areas where business development is expected. Fiber or wireless internet expansion will impact small business development, especially for small businesses that operate outside of major corridors and towns. Grayson County's transitioning economy continues to convey the importance of the region's natural and cultural assets and the need to support local entrepreneurs.



Chapter Six: Agriculture and Forestry

Goal: Preserve, protect, and enhance the quality of Grayson County's agricultural areas and promote rural lifestyles, farmland, agricultural and forestry enterprises, open space, recreation, and historic resources within the county.

Introduction

As the largest segment of Grayson County's industry, agriculture and forestry pursuits involve a large portion of the county's residents. Most of the County's agricultural products are consumed outside of the county and represent a major stream for external dollars to flow back into the county. The rising trends of agritourism, value-added products, and local foods initiatives are promoting agriculture and local products to new audiences, expanding the demand for local products, and increasing value in local communities. There are numerous opportunities for expanded education and training to local entrepreneurs, farmers, and foresters that will also support increased economic impact within the county.

USDA Agricultural Census

The U.S. Department of Agriculture's National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) conducted the 2012 and 2022 Census of Agriculture, analyzed the data, and prepared the 2022 Census of agriculture from which the tables and other data utilized in this chapter of the comprehensive plan were derived from. The census provides a comprehensive picture of the Nation as a whole, as well as agriculture in 2022.

Farm Demographics

Table 6-1: Demographics of Farms in Grayson County

	2012	2022	% Change						
Number of Producers	1,127	1,112	-1.3%						
Producers - Male	843	709	-15.9%						
Producers - Female	284	403	41.9%						
Farming as Primary Occupation	44.2%	38.2%	13.6%						
Average Operator Age	58.9	58.8	-0.2%						
Source: United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Census of Agriculture 2012 and 2022									

Grayson County continues to follow the national trends of aging farmers and larger, but fewer farms. One surprising statistic is the increase in the percentage of operators with farming as their primary occupation.



Farm Economics

Figure 6-2: Average Farm Characteristics

	2012	2022	% Change
Land in Farms (acres)	131,922	124,095	-5.9%
Average Size of Farm (Acres)	173	201	16.2%
Market Value of Products Sold (\$1,000)	31,636	76,013	140.2%
Average per Farm (Dollars)	\$41,409	\$123,397	197.9%
Crop Sales (\$1,000)	5,968	42,456	611.3%
Livestock Sales (\$1,000)	25,668	33,557	30.7%
Source: United States Department of Agriculture (JSDA) Census o	f Aariculture 2	012 and 2022

Figure 6-3: Farms by Value of Sales

Farms by value of sales:	Number	%
Less than \$2,500	214	34.7%
\$2,500 to \$4,999	60	9.7%
\$5,000 to \$9,999	98	15.9%
\$10,000 to \$24,999	73	11.9%
\$25,000 to \$49,999	58	9.4%
\$50,000 to \$99,999	33	5.3%
\$100,000 or more	80	13.0%
Total farm production expenses* (\$1,000)	70,320	
Average per farm (\$)	114,156	
Net cash farm income of operation (\$1,000)	11,039	
Average per farm (\$)	17,921	

^{*}The most common expense categories across farms are property taxes, petroleum-based fuel, oil and lubricants, farm supplies, repairs and maintenance, livestock feed, and fertilizer.

Source: United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Census of Agriculture 2022

Top Production Crops and Livestock

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Grayson is uniquely adapted to Fraser fir production due to the elevation and access to indigenous Fraser fir parent material that grows naturally on Mount Rogers and Whitetop mountains. The county maintains seed production from two seed orchards, one located in



Grayson Highlands State Park, and another at the Old Flat State Forest. These orchards are managed by the Mount Rogers Christmas Tree Growers Association.

Primary marketing outlets include wholesale distribution to major box stores, retail sales, Christmas tree lots secured by the growers, and local choose-and-cut farms. Christmas trees are typically marketed as cut trees in the 6 to 8-foot-tall range 7 to 10 years after planting in the field. Increasingly, 36-38 "tabletop" trees are being sold due to a faster economic return since trees are sold younger, and more trees are harvested per acre. Alternative marketing includes wreaths, garland, and balled-and-burlap trees sold for landscape plantings. Locally grown white pine tips and boxwood cuttings complement the Fraser fir greenery trade.

Excluding pasture, Grayson has over 20,000 acres of hay and haylage production with an annual yield of over 60,000 dry tons of hay equivalent valued at over \$4 million. The significant local cattle, small ruminant, and horse industries are the main users of this resource.

Figure 6-4: Top Crops in Grayson County

Top Crops per Acreage	Quantity	State Rank						
Forage-land used for all hay and haylage, grass silage, and green chop	20,379	N/A						
Cultivated Christmas trees*	4,631	1						
Corn for grain	2,860	N/A						
* Grayson County ranks 8th in the U.S. in cut Christmas trees								
Source: United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Census of Agri	culture 202.	2						

Grayson County ranks in the top 20th percentile in both Cattle and Sheep, with over 35,000 cattle and 1,168 sheep being reported as inventory within the County during 2022. Grayson's beef industry is one of its largest sectors based on revenue, acreage involved, and number of farms, despite not having a traditional livestock market in the county. Most cattle are sold from the field direct to buyers while others are sold through state graded auctions or direct to slaughter. Recent years have seen an increase in multi-farm calf marketing pools of weaned calves with process verified health programs.

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Table 6-5: Top Livestock Inventory in Grayson County

Top Livestock Inventory per Head	Quantity	State Rank
Cattle and calves	35,047	7
Sheep and Lambs	1,168	25
Poultry and eggs	1,475	45
Horses, ponies, mules, burros, donkeys	732	25
Goats, all	497	25
Source: United States Department of Agriculture (USDA)	Census of Agriculture 2022	

Local Food Initiative

Local Food, a growing trend across the country, has recently established itself in Grayson County creating a new and vibrant agricultural interest. Local food or the local food movement is a collaborative effort to build more locally based, self-reliant food economies - one in which sustainable food production, processing, distribution, and consumption is integrated to enhance the economic, environmental, and social health of a particular place. It is part of the concept of local purchasing and local economies; a preference to buy locally produced goods and services rather than those produced by corporatized institutions.

The Independence Farmers Market

Farmers markets continue to grow across Virginia and Grayson County boast one of the finest. The Farmers Market is organized as an in-person and online farmers market by the non-profit community-oriented group, Grayson LandCare. Grayson LandCare oversees the management and fiduciary responsibilities of the market, leveraging its membership and 501(c) status to ensure a professional and viable market.

The Independence Farmers Market, a vibrant community asset, has become the cornerstone of the local farm to table initiatives. Originally formed in 2008 by the Town of Independence events coordinator, it became part of Grayson LandCare in 2011, which provided 501C-3 status. The recipient of 2 USDA Farmers Market promotion grants, the Independence Farmers Market is open 22 weeks out of the year and operates every Friday from the middle of May until the middle of October across from the 1908 Courthouse in Town Park in Independence. The Market also offers a year-round On-line Market with pick up of preordered products Wednesdays from 4-6 pm. Products offered at the Independence Farmers Market must be grown or produced locally (typically within a 100-mile radius of the market) and include vegetables, fruits, meats, cheeses, honey, baked goods, jams, pickles and local handcrafted items. It provides a venue for approximately 50 different vendors annually, including children as young as 10, serving as a small business incubator for many who wish to expand their small family farm offerings. Market must be grown or produced locally (typically within a 100-mile radius of the market) and include vegetables, fruits, meats, cheeses, honey, baked goods, jams, pickles and local handcrafted items.



Food Deserts

The USDA has designated Grayson County as a "Food Desert". This designation means that a large portion of the population lacks access to affordable fruits, vegetables, whole grains, low-fat milk, and other foods that make up a full and healthy diet. Many of our citizens living in rural, minority, or low-income areas are subjected to food deserts and may be unable to access affordable, healthy foods, leaving their diets lacking essential nutrients.

The County's rural and low-income population combine to create the perfect conditions of a food deserts because of the lack large, retail food markets and the higher number of convenience stores, where healthy foods are less available. Studies have shown that food deserts can negatively affect health outcomes, but more research must be done to show how that influence occurs. There appears to be a link between access to affordable nutritious foods and the eating of these foods, meaning less access may lead to less incorporation of healthy foods into the populations' diets.

Food deserts can be improved through several different types of efforts. Establishing community gardens, school gardens or gardens in low income areas where participants share in the maintenance and products of the garden and organizing local farmers markets are two efforts that community members themselves can do. Local governments can improve local transportation like buses, bike paths and sidewalks to allow for easier access to established markets. They can also change zoning codes and offer economic or tax incentives to attract retailers with healthier food offerings to the area.



Figure 6-6: Prime Agricultural Soils

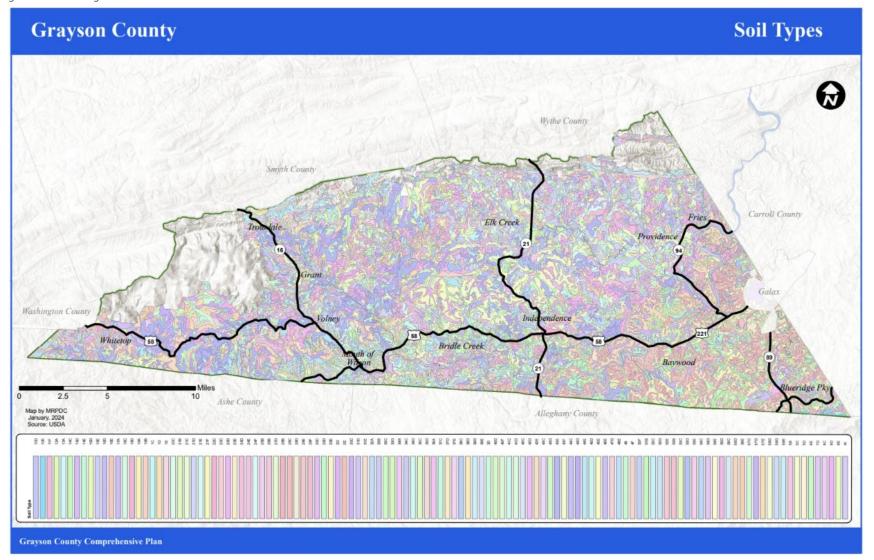
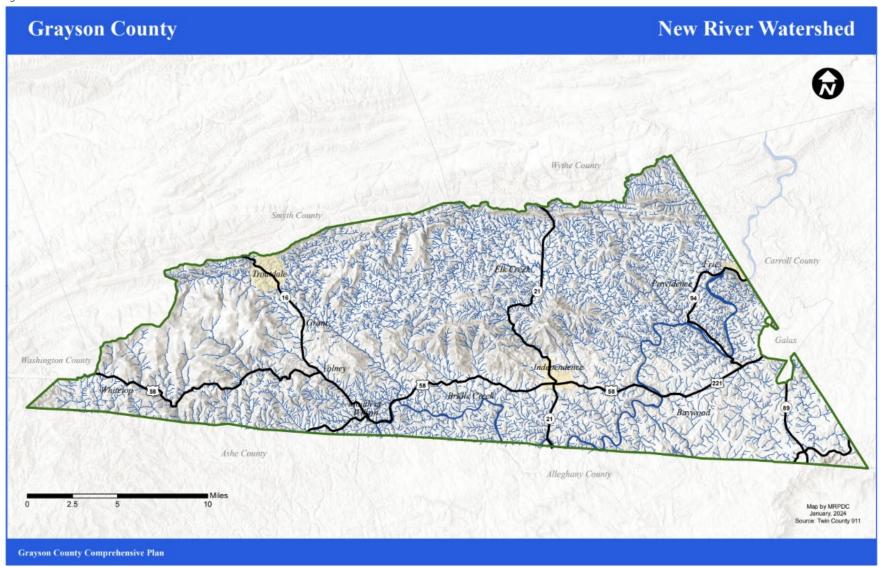




Figure 6-7: New River watershed





Green Infrastructure Maps

Figure 6-6 and Figure 6-7 on the preceding pages show soils types and watersheds.

Agriculture Resources

Agriculture Support Groups and Agencies

Governmental Support Agencies

- USDA Farm Service Agency (FSA) and Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS)
 provide technical and financial assistance to new farmers, farmers who have suffered
 from natural disasters, and those wanting to participate in federal conservation efforts.
- New River Soil and Water Conservation District helps conserve and protect soil and water resources. Primary best management practices (BMP's) supported by the program include livestock stream exclusion, alternative livestock watering systems, animal waste storage, pesticide handling facilities, and cover crops on highly erodible land.
- **Virginia Cooperative Extension** encompasses science-based agriculture and community development, and 4-H youth development through its association with Virginia's two land grant universities, Virginia Tech and Virginia State University.
- Virginia Department of Forestry provides technical oversight to logging operations, fights forest fires, and provides advice to woodlot owners. Also, it manages two state forests located in the county, totaling over 800 acres.
- Grayson County Agriculture Economic Development Department works to identify, develop and recruit emerging agricultural and horticultural opportunities for Grayson County. It also provides technical leadership for the planning, review, research and implementation of agricultural economic expansion initiatives; develops marketing opportunities for locally produced products and coordinates agritourism events with the Director of Tourism.
- Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Service oversees most state regulations and programs related to agriculture production and marketing. Regulatory services include meat and milk inspections, certification of point-of-sale scales, pesticide investigations, veterinary diagnostic services and animal disease monitoring, animal feed and fertilizer quality monitoring, endangered species protection, and plant inspections for nurseries and interstate trade. Market services include: export trade assistance, branded programs such as Virginia Grown and Virginia's Finest programs, livestock and commodity price reporting, support for farmer's markets and farm-to-school programs, and many more.
- Virginia Department of Game and Inland Fisheries regulates recreational hunting and fishing. They monitor wildlife and fish populations, and their health and habitat.
- Virginia Department of Environmental Quality is responsible for monitoring air and
 water point-source pollution. Most agricultural practices are not regulated by DEQ, but
 special situations may apply such as large, confined livestock feeding areas. DEQ
 monitors stream health based upon Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) standards.



Agriculture & Forestry Non-Profit and Industry Support Groups

- The **Grayson County Farm Bureau** is located in Independence and serves as the local link to both Virginia and the American Farm Bureau Federations. Farm Bureau is one of the largest lobbies for agriculture and rural interests at the local, state, and federal level.
- Grayson LandCare is a grassroots effort of locally organized group of citizens, farmers, and landowners who strive to improve the economic, environmental and social wellbeing of Grayson County.
- Jack and Claire Matthews Foundation was started by the late Judge Jack Matthews and his wife Claire to support educational initiatives, particularly in the area of forestry and agriculture.
- Carroll Grayson Cattle Producers Association supports the local beef industry through educational programs, marketing efforts, advocacy, and bulk purchasing of animal health products. The association represents all segments of the local beef industry.
- Mount Rogers Christmas Tree Growers Association was formed to support the local Christmas tree industry. Primarily, the association is charged with preserving and protecting the native Fraser fir genetic pool that is severely threatened by the balsam wooly adelgid. In return, the association collects seed from mature Fraser fir for use in the nursery and Christmas tree industries. The association manages two Fraser fir orchards and is actively involved in marketing and advocacy efforts in support of the industry.
- Mountain Empire Bee Keepers Association supports local beekeepers through education and mentoring. They provide information on beekeeping supplies and attain grants for new and beginning beekeepers.
- **Southwest Virginia Ag Association** advocates for rural Southwest Virginia on policy issues of importance. It provides input to the Southwest Virginia Delegates and Senators who represent this area in Richmond. Grayson citizens serve on the various committees such as dairy, beef, vegetable crops, youth, and others. Their resolutions reflect the common voice of farmers and citizens of Southwest Virginia.
- Grayson County Agricultural Advisory Committee works with all areas of agriculture including, but not limited to Animal Husbandry, Organic Farming, Horticulture, Artisan Work, Livestock Management, Agritourism, Agronomy, Forestry, Agribusiness, Aquaculture, Agricultural Machinery and Agricultural Extension. Its mission is to assist citizens to achieve their most ambitious, innovative goals; strategically plan for sustainability and growth within agriculture, forestry, agritourism and artisanship; foster relationships between the producer and consumer; and provide strategic counsel, creative solutions and timely, responsive services. They work closely with the Agriculture Economic Development Director to develop and implement programs and services.
- **Grayson County Agricultural Fair Foundation** was formed to spotlight and celebrate agriculture, the county's number one economic driver. The Fair Foundation supports efforts to expand agritourism activities, educate youth on the importance of agriculture and how it effects their everyday lives, and encourages the protection of prime farmland within the county.



Forest Resources

The forest has been an important resource to Grayson County since settlement. Today over 50% of the land in Grayson County remains in timberland. While the woodland has changed due to insects, disease, fire and timber harvesting they continue to be very important to the local economy.

Grayson Counties forests are one of its most important natural resources. Planning that will set guidelines to maintain a viable forest resource is essential to ensuring a quality environment for Grayson County residents. The forests provide a functional asset to the community both socially and ecologically.

The area of forest land in Grayson County is 155,557 acres, private forest land is 124,287 acres, USFS 23,088, State 6,152 and County 2013, with a total make up of 75% mixed hardwood and 25% pine. Threats include Hemlock Wooly Adelgid, Gypsy Moth, Emerald Ash Borer and Balsam Wooly Adelgid.

Ecologically, woodlands help maintain good water quality. By filtering and trapping sediments they absorb pollutants from overload and runoff and subsurface flow. Woodlands act as natural buffers along the New River, its major tributaries, and smaller perennial and intermittent streams by preventing excess nutrients, like nitrogen and phosphorous, from entering and polluting our waterways. Tree roots help maintain clean ground water and trap harmful pollutants. Forest areas provide essential ecosystems for a variety of plants and animals. They provide food, shelter, cover, nesting and bedding areas for a wide variety of wildlife.

The Economic Impact of Agriculture and Forestry in Grayson County is of major economic significance to the County. The total market value of agricultural goods sold in 2022 was \$76,013,000 compared to \$40,820,000 in 2017 (86% increase in 5 years). A typical multiplier effect to the local economy of \$1.45 per dollar of agricultural goods sold would lead to total local economic impact of \$110,218,850 in 2022.

Trees harvested for saw timber such as mature hardwood species and White Pine are processed for hardwood flooring, furniture, wood components, structural boards and plywood, log cabin beams and other items. Processed wood is also export overseas from the area. Three major sawmills service the area. Two of these have significant capital and operations in Grayson County.

Several portable, privately owned sawmills also can be found in Grayson. Much of the wood products is used for building materials in a rough unfinished manner.

The timber industry also supports a small, but thriving, wood craft industry centered on instrument making and custom-made furniture. These are highly skilled niche enterprises such as Grayson Millworks. Wayne Henderson and the late Albert Hash represent the tradition of luthiers in the area and festivals in their honor are held each year. Chestnut Creek Scholl of the Arts supports the study of woodcrafts based on this tremendous local resource.



Strategies

- 6-1 Support the Agriculture Advisory Committee who work with the Agriculture Economic Development Director to analyze the causes of different types of agricultural damages, recommend policies/strategies to encourage farming, agriculture land retention, and strategies to improve ag/economics.
- 6-2 Educate residents about opportunities to protect prime farmland/forestland through development of a land conservation plan. Encourage the farming and proper management of this land in future land-use decisions by exploring the impact of alternative land use (solar/wind energy generation, residential, etc.), studying implications of use-value taxation as a tool to manage land conversion and exploring the agricultural districts program.
- 6-3 Support local food initiatives, including niche products, by aiding producers in applying for specialty crop grants and collaborating with local farmers along with regional agricultural organizations to create a regional food hub that will transport and market local agricultural products.
- 6-4 Support initiatives that support agribusiness development and create employment through existing incentives programs, value-added/processing of local agriculture and forestry resources and exploring implications of use-value taxation as an additional tax incentive in partnership with the Grayson EDA. (See 5-10)
- 6-5 Consider expanding efforts of agritourism initiatives in partnership with the Tourism Director. (See 10-11)
- 6-6 Consider workforce development program to meet the local farm/forestry labor needs and plan accordingly.
- 6-7 Create a marketing plan by evaluating the need for web-based clearinghouse of ag/forestry assets, educating producers on best options to market products and marketing options and assist producers with greater market access new markets, aggregation and distribution of products. (Producers, value-added products, active farms, local food infrastructure & transportation options for food products
- 6-8 Encourage tourism visitation by supporting the Blue Ridge Discovery Center,
 Matthews Farm Museum, the 1908 Courthouse, State Park, and/or other natural &
 cultural history museums as tourism development. (See 10-10)
- 6-9 Integrate Agriculture in Education/Community by developing an internship/mentorship program for youth to gain experience/build resumes, expand Agricultural Education opportunities beyond traditional audiences and develop New/Beginning/Veteran Farmer Programs in partnership with Farm Bureau, CATE Center, NRCS SWCD, Cooperative Extension, Department of Forestry, etc. Combine with leadership training. (See 4-9)
- 6-10 Support Commercial Kitchen as a resource for food safety education and business start-up within the food industry.
- 6-11 Develop an Agriculture Economic Development plan focusing on top three priorities: Land Conversion/Transition, Marketing Strategies and Exploring Tax Incentives. This plan will be reviewed every year and updated every 5



- years.
- 6-12 Support development of multi-use facility/campus by following recommendations stated within feasibility study once complete in partnership with the Grayson County Agriculture Fair Foundation.
- 6-13 Promote sustainable forestry plans in partnership with the Department of Forestry and Cooperative Extension Service.
- 6-14 Support water quality and riparian buffer programs by promoting educational programs and aiding NRCS, SWCD in seeking additional administrative funding support.
- 6-15 Create awareness of agricultural issues via public relations and promoting unbiased informational resources.
- 6-16 Educate land owners on estate planning as it relates to generational farm transition.

Summary and Conclusions

Grayson County's predominant land use is farms and forest, whether publicly or privately owned. Much of the public lands such as the Mount Rogers National Recreation Area, Appalachian Trial, and several state parks are dedicated to recreational enjoyment and contribute significantly to tourism and aesthetic qualities of the county. Private land zoned agricultural or forested, whether in active production or not, is the single largest revenue stream for the county through real estate taxes.

Farming and forestry revenue is the largest industry segment, with significant participation from many citizens in the county. Because most of the goods produced on Grayson's farms and in Grayson's forests are consumed outside the county, they represent a major conduit for external dollars to flow into the county.



Chapter Seven: Transportation

Goal: Support a sustainable transportation system that links highways, transit, greenways, sidewalks and bike trails to provide multimodal transportation options.

Introduction

Grayson County's primary method of transportation is the road system, of which a large portion is supported by the Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT). VDOT maintains, supports, and develops state roads and road infrastructure within the county. The SMART SCALE transportation program has shown how imperative it is for the County to work closely with VDOT to develop the most economical and common-sense solutions to solve transportation issues. The County's collaboration with <u>District Three Governmental Cooperative</u> and its *Mountain Lynx* public transit are instrumental in providing public transportation options to residents and have the potential to be expanded within the county. In addition to roads and public transit, the rise in outdoor recreation and tourism in recent years has created numerous opportunities for the County to improve bicycling and pedestrian transportation.

Transportation Planning

As previously stated, the primary mode of transportation in Grayson County is the road system and the Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) maintains, improves and develops state roads and road infrastructure. Transportation planning is a necessary component of maintaining the transportation infrastructure and the planning occurs on a statewide, regional and local level.

Grayson County is rural in nature and currently has not identified any Urban Development Areas (UDA) in accordance with <u>Code of Virginia § 15.2-2223.1</u>. Urban development areas are characterized as areas suitable for higher density development and can be designated by localities to meet projected residential and commercial growth for a period of 10-20 years. The boundaries and size of these areas must be reviewed every five years in conjunction with the comprehensive plan.

State Highway Plan and Long Range Plan

Virginia's State Highway Plan (VTrans) includes components of the region's 2045 Rural Long Range Plan, adopted in May 2024 – Grayson County is part of the Mount Rogers Planning District Commission's regional plan. An important component of this plan is to identify local system deficiencies based on safety concerns, infrastructure improvements and meeting travel demands of each locality. A list of these recommendations can be found on the System Deficiency page in this chapter.

Six-Year Improvement Program (SYIP)

The Six-Year Improvement Program (SYIP) is a document that outlines planned spending for transportation projects proposed for construction development or study for the next six years. The SYIP is updated annually and is the means by which the Commonwealth Transportation Board (CTB) meets its statutory obligation under the Code of Virginia to allocate funds to interstate, primary, secondary and urban highway systems, public transit, ports and airports



and other programs for the immediate fiscal year. The SYIP also identifies planned program funding for the succeeding five fiscal years. The CTB allocates funds for the first fiscal year of the SYIP but the remaining five years are estimates of future allocations. The CTB updates the SYIP each year as revenue estimates get updated, priorities are revised, project schedules and costs change, and study results are known.

State law requires the development and publication of separate programs for the secondary system of state highways in each county, known as the Secondary Six-Year Plan. This plan is administered differently from the SYIP, as each county oversees their own secondary roads plan. Approved each year by the local Board of Supervisors or legislative body, the Secondary Six-Year Plan reflects the needs of local citizens. Decisions on which projects are included in the plan are based on traffic counts, immediate safety needs, and projects that provide the most benefit for dollars spent. Funding allocations for the Secondary Six Year Plan for each locality are often insufficient to meet the needs of the locality. Even after a project is approved for the Secondary Six Year Plan, the project might be delayed for numerous reasons, including changes in local government priorities and needs, funding availability, escalating land costs and environmental concerns. Changes to both the Six Year Improvement Plan and the Secondary Six Year Plan may occur each year, so these plans are constantly changing. The best source of information for understanding which projects are planned for the locality and the region is to visit the VDOT website or to contact the VDOT representative for the area.

To ensure that the state roads across Grayson County can meet the future needs of its residents, the Virginia Department of Transportation should consider supporting and funding recommended projects for Grayson County in the Six Year Improvement Program, the Secondary Six Year Plan and those projects determined System Deficiencies as outlined in the 2045 Mount Rogers Regional Rural Longe Range Plan.

Figure 7-1 shows the most recent iteration of the Six Year Improvement Program, last updated for allocations in Fiscal Year 2019 and allocations set aside for Fiscal Years 2020 to 2024.



Figure 7-1: Six Year Improvement Program

Grayson County VDOT Six Year Improvement Program 17. RECONSTRUCT & SURFACE TREAT NON-HARD SURFACE 713 BEAGLE LN. 1. GRAYSON COUNTY TRAIL PHASE III INDUSTRIAL LN. 18. RECONSTRUCT NON-HARD SURFACE ROAD 715 PLEASANT GROVE RD. 2. RTE 58 HIGHLANDS PKWY CABIN CREEK 19. WHITETOP TRAIL CROSSING AT INTERSECTION 726 WHITETOP GAP RD. 3. RTE. 58 AT DELHART RD. TURN LANE IMPROVEMENTS 20. BLADE, DITCH, SURFACE TREAT ROUTE 730 &740 LOW GAP ROAD 4. SR 89 AT SR 613 REALIGNMENT SKYLINE HWY. 21. RECONSTRUCT AND SURFACE TREAT NON-HARD SURFACE 787 DAVIS KNOB RD. 5. RECONSTRUCT AND SURFACE TREAT NON-HARD SURFACE 603 RIPSHIN RD. 22. RECONSTRUCT AND SURFACE TREAT NON-HARD SURFACE 915 GRAND OAKS LN. 6. RECONSTRUCT AND SURFACE TREAT NON-HARD SURFACE 615 SAVANNAH RD. 7. RECONSTRUCT AND SURFACE TREAT NON-HARD SURFACE 625 KEMPS RIVER RD. 8. ROUTE 626 LITTLE RIVER ROAD BLADE, DITCH, SURFACE TREAT 9. RTE. 629 LITTLE RIVER ROAD RECONSTRUCT AND SURFACE-TREAT 10. ROUTE 632 COLD SPRINGS ROAD - BLADE, DITCH, SURFACE TREAT 11. ROUTE 634 LONGVIEW ROAD RECONSTRUCT AND SURFACE TREAT 12. RECONSTRUCT AND SURFACE TREAT NON-HARD SURFACE 636 BEACH GROVE LN. 13. ROUTE 645 - MOORETOWN LANE - RURAL RUSTIC 14. RECONSTRUCT AND SURFACE TREAT NON-HARD SURFACE 665 STONES CHAPEL RD. 15. RECONSTRUCT AND SURFACE TREAT NON-HARD SURFACE 701 CORNERSTONE RD. 16. RECONSTRUCT AND SURFACE-TREAT 708 POTATO CREEK RD. Wythe County Smyth County Carroll County efferson National Fores Washington County Virginia Ashe County Alleghany County Map by MRPDC January, 2024 **Grayson County Comprehensive Plan**

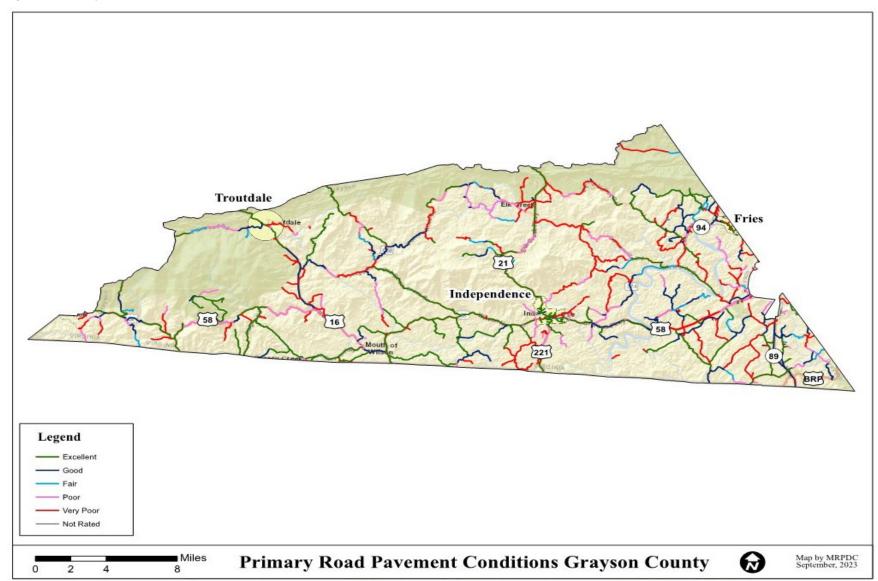


VDOT Six Year Improvement Program List

	Total P	rojects	Cost Est	imate: \$28,417	7,000					
						Estimate	Previous	FY25	FY26-30	Balance
UPC	Description	Route	District	Road System	Jurisdiction	(Values in T	housands	of Dollars	()
112602	GRAYSON COUNTY TRAIL PHASE III #SGR23VB (FED ID 8730) RTE 58 - HIGHLANDS PKWY -	9999	Bristol	Enhancement	Grayson County	\$563	\$675	\$0	\$0	(\$112)
121210	CABIN CREEK #SMART24 - RTE. 58 AT DELHART RD. TURN LANE	58	Bristol	Primary	Grayson County	\$4,706	\$363	\$2,500	\$1,844	\$0
123664	IMPROVEMENTS #SMART20-SR 89 AT SR 613 REALIGNMENT (APP ID#	58	Bristol	Primary	Grayson County	\$5,787	\$1,250	\$0	\$4,537	\$0
115480	3704)	89	Bristol	Primary	Grayson County	\$5,335	\$4,296	\$1,039	\$0	(\$1)
111474	RTE. 603 - RIPSHIN ROAD - RURAL RUSTIC	603	Bristol	Secondary	Grayson County	\$220	\$220	\$0	\$0	\$0
123823	FLAP - RTE. 603 CONSTRUCT THREE PARKING FACILITIES	603	Bristol	Secondary	Grayson County	\$300	\$300	\$0	\$0	\$0
118326	RTE. 615 - GROUSE HOLLOW ROAD - RURAL RUSTIC	615	Bristol	Secondary	Grayson County	\$275	\$0	\$2	\$273	\$0
113605	RTE. 625 - KEMPS RIVER ROAD - RURAL RUSTIC	625	Bristol	Secondary	Grayson County	\$248	\$248	\$0	\$0	\$0
119057	ROUTE 626 - LITTLE RIVER ROAD #2 - RURAL RUSTIC	626	Bristol	Secondary	Grayson County	\$385	\$0	\$0	\$385	\$0
118328	RTE. 632 - COLD SPRINGS ROAD - RURAL RUSTIC	632	Bristol	Secondary	Grayson County	\$468	\$0	\$2	\$466	\$0
119056	ROUTE 632 - COLD SPRINGS ROAD #2 - RURAL RUSTIC	632	Bristol	Secondary	Grayson County	\$358	\$0	\$0	\$358	\$0
123946	ROUTE 634 - LONGVIEW ROAD - RURAL RUSTIC	634	Bristol	Secondary	Grayson County	\$354	\$0	\$0	\$354	\$0
113603	RTE. 636 - BEECH GROVE ROAD - RURAL RUSTIC	636	Bristol	Secondary	Grayson County	\$468	\$196	\$272	\$0	\$0
123740	ROUTE 645 - MOORETOWN LANE - RURAL RUSTIC #SGR25VB RTE 678 FOX CREEK OVER MID FOX CREEK(FED	645	Bristol	Secondary	Grayson County	\$164	\$0	\$0	\$164	\$0
125056	8878) REPL	678	Bristol	Secondary	Grayson County	\$6,509	\$0	\$0	\$6,509	\$0
T29414	RTE 682-SADDLE CREEK ROAD-RURAL RUSTIC	682	Bristol	Secondary	Grayson County	\$416	\$0	\$0	\$416	\$0
T29415	RTE 697-BEAVER DAM ROAD-RURAL RUSTIC	697	Bristol	Secondary	Grayson County	\$428	\$0	\$0	\$344	\$84
118329	RTE. 701 - CORNERSTONE ROAD - RURAL RUSTIC	701	Bristol	Secondary	Grayson County	\$83	\$0	\$0	\$83	\$0
115603	RTE. 713 - BEAGLE LANE - RURAL RUSTIC	713	Bristol	Secondary	Grayson County	\$329	\$202	\$16	\$111	\$0
115602	RTE. 715 - PLEASANT GROVE ROAD - RURAL RUSTIC	715	Bristol	Secondary	Grayson County	\$358	\$14	\$343	\$0	\$0
113604	RTE. 730 - LOW GAP ROAD - RURAL RUSTIC	730	Bristol	Secondary	Grayson County	\$248	\$248	\$0	\$0	\$0
119058	ROUTE 740 - LOW GAP ROAD #2 - RURAL RUSTIC	740	Bristol	Secondary	Grayson County	\$275	\$0	\$0	\$275	\$0
T29413	RTE 822-HORSE SHOE DRIVE-RURAL RUSTIC	822	Bristol	Secondary	Grayson County	\$61	\$0	\$0	\$61	\$0
111454	RTE. 915 - GRAND OAKS ROAD - RURAL RUSTIC	915	Bristol	Secondary	Grayson County	\$83	\$83	\$0	\$0	\$0



Figure 7-2: Primary Road Pavement Conditions



SMART SCALE

Transportation needs will almost always be greater than the funds available to address them. In 2013, the signing of House Bill 2313 (HB 2313) created a more sustainable revenue source supporting transportation funding. While passage of this bill enabled the Commonwealth_Transportation Board (CTB) to add significant revenues to Virginia's transportation program, there are still many transportation needs that cannot be addressed with available revenues. To find a way to better balance transportation needs and prioritize investments for both urban and rural communities throughout the Commonwealth, new legislation – House Bill 2 – was signed into law in 2014. In 2016, the process was renamed "SMART SCALE, Funding the Right Transportation Projects in Virginia." SMART SCALE stands for System Management and Allocation of Resources for Transportation: Safety, Congestion, Accessibility, Land Use, Economic Development and Environment.

The purpose of SMART SCALE is to fund the right transportation projects through a prioritization process that evaluates each project's merits using key factors, including: improvements to safety, congestion reduction, accessibility, land use, economic development and the environment. The evaluation focuses on the degree to which a project addresses a problem or need relative to the requested funding for the project. With the latest updates to the program's design and project scoring and evaluation, SMART SCALE is moving to a biennial application process, with applications being due in August of years ending in even numbers.

ROUND SIX

For Round 6, Bristol District staff recommendations included project Route 89 at Mount Vale Road Right-Turn Lane.

Figure 7-5 in the following pages show Grayson County SMART SCALE project priorities in Round Six submitted in July 2024. The project will construct a southbound right turn lane on Route 89 onto Mt. Vale Road with the installation of a guardrail adjacent to the turn lane. Additionally, adding a stop bar to the eastbound approach on Mt. Vale Road. The proposed project will improve safety while maintaining acceptable traffic operations. As of the summer of 2024, these improvements are projected to cost approximately \$ 5.7 million.

ROUND FIVE

For Round 5, Bristol District staff recommendations included application ID #9142 to address "Turn Lane Improvements" on U.S. route 58 at Delhart Rd in Grayson County; the project cost is estimated at \$5,787,181. This project was re-submitted in Round 4.

Figure 7-4 shows the proposed project involving extending the turn lanes at the intersection of US Route 58 at Delhart Road to meet minimum VDOT standards. The existing eastbound left-, eastbound right-, and westbound left-turn lanes would be extended to provide storage and taper lengths of 200 feet each. The eastbound and westbound left-turn lane would have an inside paved shoulder of 4ft. The eastbound right-turn lane would have an 8' paved outside shoulder and a new guard rail to be installed along its length.

Round Four

Figure 7-3 and 7-4 on the following pages show Grayson County's SMART SCALE project priorities in Round Four, to be submitted in August 2020. Both projects involved extending turn



lanes to meet Virginia Department of Transportation minimum standards. As of summer 2020, The US 58 at Delhart Rd Turn Lane Improvements is projected to cost approximately \$2.3 million and the US 58 at State Route 94 Turn Lane Improvements is projected to cost \$2 million. Both of these projects' SMART SCALE applications were not funded during this round.

Round Three

Figure 7-6 show Grayson County's SMART SCALE project priorities in Round Three of funding. The State Route 89 AT State Route 613 Realignment was fully funded for \$4,068,990 and barring no changes from the original scope, the project should be completed in late 2028. The proposed project will improve the intersection of State Route 613 at State Route 89 by realigning the westbound approach of Snow Hill Road (State Route 613) and adding left-turn lanes on State Route 89.



Figure 7-3: US 58 at State Route 94 Turn Lane Improvement

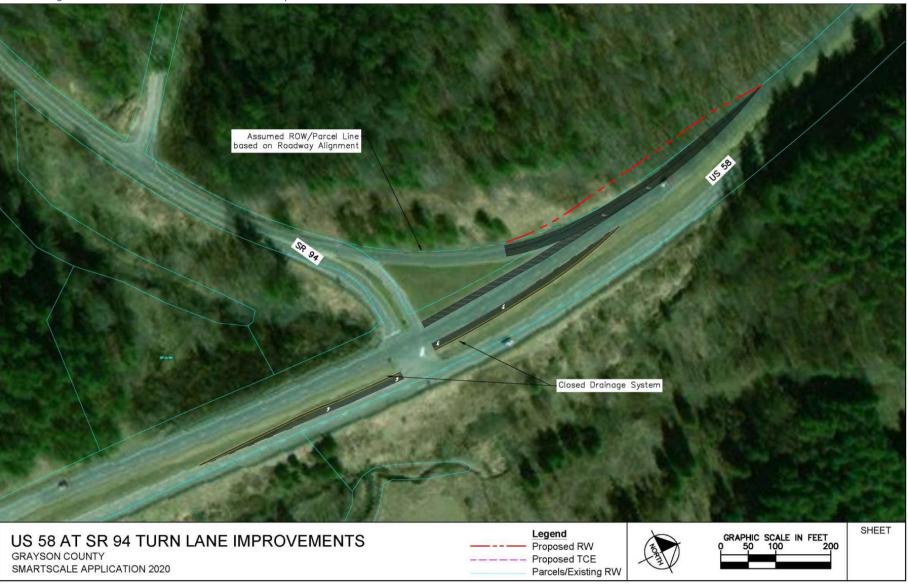




Figure 7-4: US 58 at Delhart Road Turn Lane Improvements





Figure 7-5: Route 89 at Mount Vale Road Right-Turn Lane

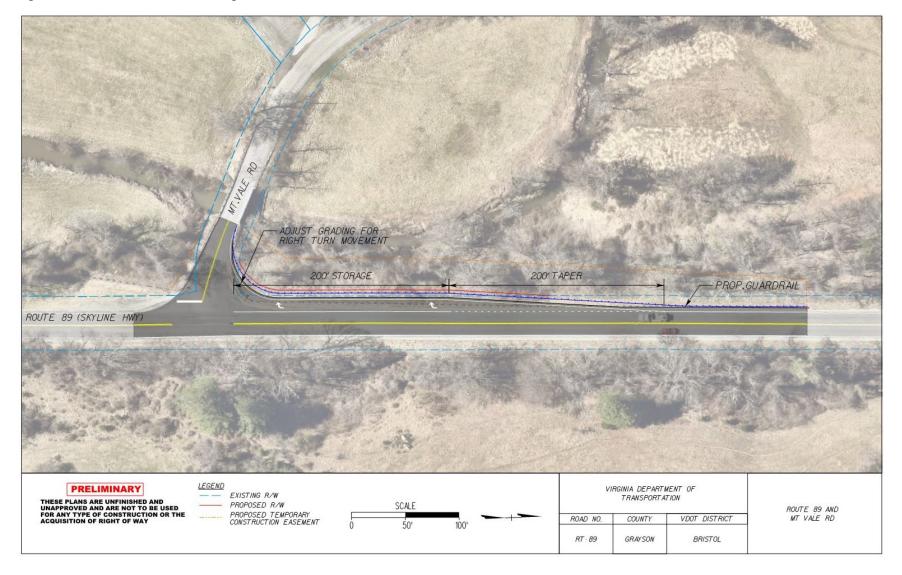
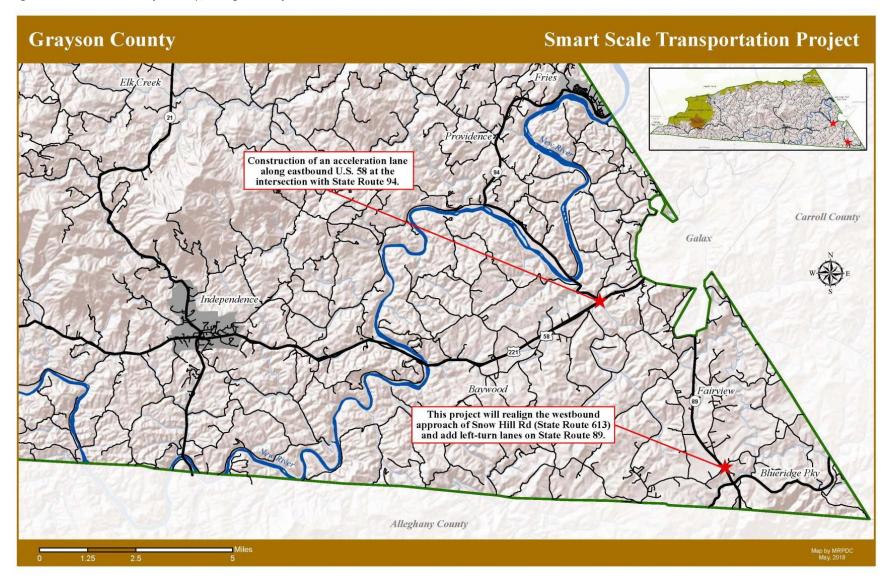




Figure 7-6: SMART SCALE Projects Map, Enlarged to Project Area





Roadways

Interstate System

The primary transportation mode for Grayson County is the road system. This system utilizes a combination of interstate (through nearby access points), primary, and secondary roads to serve the needs of residents. Road classifications and road locations in the county influence development and economic activity. The Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) manages the public road system.

Interstate 81 & 77- In Virginia, Interstate 81 extends for a total of 325 miles from the Virginia-Tennessee border near Bristol to the Virginia-West Virginia state line near Winchester. In Virginia, Interstate 77 extends approximately 69 miles, from the North Carolina border in Carroll County to the West Virginia border in Bland County. Interstate 77 includes a high volume, eight-mile overlap with Interstate 81 in Wytheville/Wythe County. Grayson County Interstate access is available at; in Marion at Exit 45 to Interstate 81, eight miles east of Galax, at Exit 14, to Interstate 77, and access to the Interstate 77/81 overlap in Wytheville at Exits 73 and 80.

Local Roads

Primary

Rural primary (arterial) highways are defined as roads that range from two-lane, multi-lane, and divided highways with controlled points of access. The US 58, 221/21 routes, and the VA 16, 89, 93, 94, 97, and 274 routes serve Grayson County as its key arterial primary highways. Of these roads, US 58 (Southside Corridor of Statewide Significance, Figure 7-7) and US 16 provide travelers the most favorable east-west route, while US 221/21 and 94 provide the preferred means to move via north and south.

Secondary

A rural secondary road or "collector" can have two to four lanes and is usually undivided. Secondary roads absorb traffic from lightly traveled local roads and busier primary roads. Generally, these facilities have fewer restricted access points to adjacent properties than either the primary or interstate systems. In Grayson County there are approximately 338 secondary roads in the study area.

Private

Private streets and right of ways can be developed for access to individual parcels with the understanding that these areas will be privately maintained and are not under the control of the Virginia Department of Transportation.



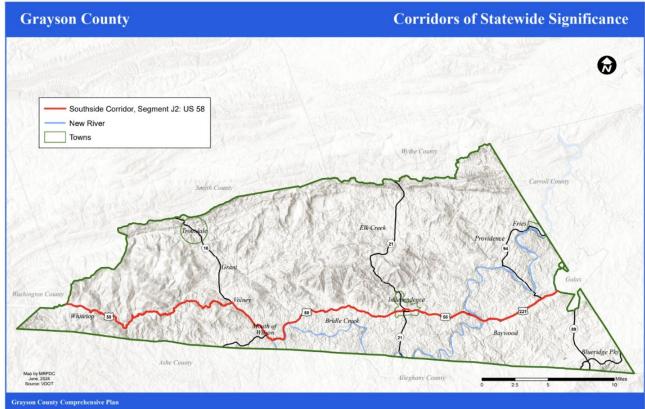


Figure 7-7: SMART SCALE Projects Map, Enlarged to Project Area

Scenic Routes

Virginia offers beautiful scenery year-round and can be enjoyed on most of the roadways in Grayson County. The closest National Scenic Byway to Grayson County is the Blue Ridge Parkway. The Blue Ridge Parkway was constructed during the Great Depression and is the nation's longest rural roadway as it extends 469 miles along the crests of the Southern Appalachian Mountains between the Shenandoah and Great Smokey Mountain National Parks.

The Blue Ridge Parkway

In Virginia, the Parkway offers spectacular views and interesting examples of Appalachian culture at places such as Humpback Rocks and Mabry Mill. The Appalachian Trail can also be reached from the Parkway at more than 20 overlooks and parking areas in the Commonwealth and provides opportunities to hike sections of this popular national scenic trail.

Virginia Scenic Byways

The Virginia Byways program began in 1972 and mirrors the federal program as a way to promote the Commonwealth's substantial natural beauty, historical places, and areas of social significance to travelers who desire a pace that will enhance their experience. Currently, about 2,600 miles of roads have received Virginia Byway designation.

Two designated scenic byways pass through the Jefferson National Forest and the Mount Rogers Planning District region. These are the Mount Rogers and the Big Walker Mountain Scenic Byways. The Mount Rogers Scenic Byway is divided into two sections. The first begins at the Town of Troutdale and goes west along Va. 603 and Va. 600 for approximately 13 miles

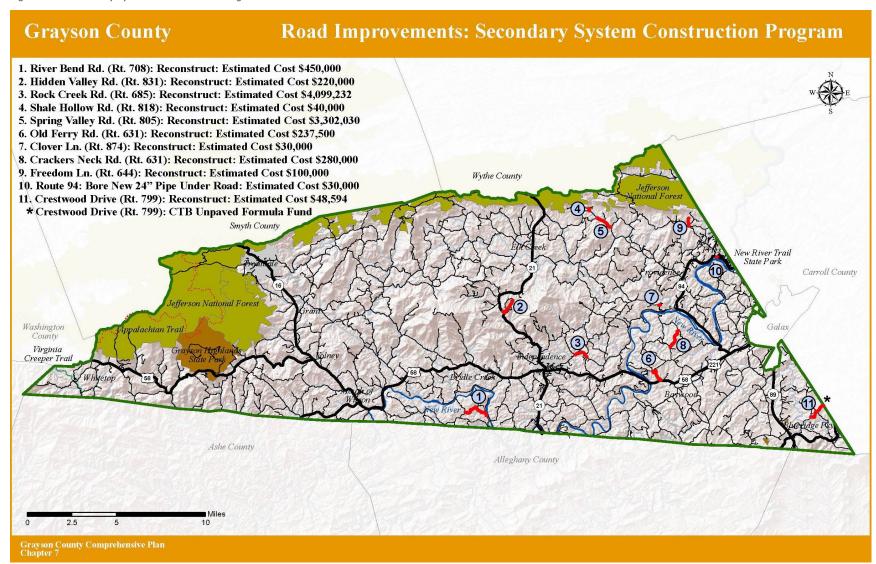


Grayson County

through Grayson and Smyth counties to Rt. 58. This scenic route traverses the heart of the Mount Rogers National Recreational Area with scenic, open, rural countryside characteristics. The second section leads 32 miles east from the Town of Damascus to the community of Volney. This section follows US 58 in Grayson and Washington counties. The route offers excellent access to the "High Country" of the national recreation area as it passes the southwest slopes of Whitetop Mountain at 5,570 feet.



Figure 7-8: Secondary System Construction Program



Traffic Counts

Figure 7-9: Traffic Counts in Grayson County, 2017, See following page for abbreviations.

Route Label	Street Name	Start Label	Start Milepoint	End Label	End Milepoint	AADT	Bus	Truck 2 Axle	Truck 3 Axle	Truck 1 Trailer	Truck 2 Trailer		AAW DT
VA 16	Jefferson Hwy	North Carolina State Line	0	US 58 Troutdale Hwy	4.06	886	0		2 2	. 7		0	918
US 58, VA 16	Troutdale Hwy	SR 16 Highlands Pkwy	4.06	SR 16 Jefferson Hwy	8.05	1537	1		2 2	. 5	(0	1512
VA 16	Troutdale Hwy	US 58 Highlands Pkwy	8.05		13.71	1376	1		5 2	: 6	(0	1353
VA 16	Troutdale Hwy	ECL Troutdale	13.71	Boundary: Town of Troutdale/ Grayson County	15.97	999	1		1 2	. 7	(0	982
VA 16	Troutdale Hwy	Boundary: Grayson County/Town of Troutdale	15.97	Smyth County Line	16.79	999	1		1 2	: 7		0	982
VA 10	Blue Ridge Parkway	North Carolina State Line	13.37	SR 89 Skyline Hwy	1.13	560	1		1 2	,	·	U	302
VA 48	Blue Ridge Parkway	SR 89 Skyline Hwy	1.13	Boundary: Grayson County/Carroll County	3.673	560							
VA 48	Blue Ridge Parkway		3.683	Grayson County Line	4.69	560							
VA 89	Skyline Hwy	North Carolina State Line	0	SCL Galax	4.89	5920	0		1 0	1		0	5809
VA 93	Wilson Hwy	North Carolina State Line	0	US 58 Near Mouth Of Wilson	0.92	861	0		2 7	4		0	846
VA 94	Riverside Dr	US 58 West of Galax	0	SR 274 Riverside Dr	4.26	2153	0		1 3	1	(0	2115
VA 94	Scenic Rd	SR 274 Riverside Dr	4.26	38-805 Southwest of Fries Spring Valley Boundary: Grayson County	6.31	2067	1		1 1	. 1	(0	2065
VA 94	Scenic Rd	38-805 Spring Valley Rd	6.31	/Town of Fries	8.51	1829	2		1 0	1	(0	1828
VA 94	Scenic Rd		8.51	38-1001 W Main St	8.99	1829	2		1 0	1	(0	1828
VA 94	Scenic Rd	38-1001 W Main St	8.99	Boundary: Town of Fries/Grayson County	9.55	1703	2		1 0	1		0	1703
VA 94	Scenic Rd		9.55	Carroll County Line	10.18	1703	2		1 0	1		0	1703
VA 97	Pipers Gap Rd	ECL Galax	0.11	Carroll County Line	0.89	2375	0		1 0	0	(0	2508
VA 274	Riverside Dr	US 58 Grayson Pkwy	0	SR 94 Scenic Rd; Riverside Dr	7.36	869	2		2 0	1	(0	868
US 21, US 221	New River Pkwy	North Carolina State Line	0	Boundary: Grayson County/ Town of Independence	3.39	1752	0		1 1				1722
US 21, US 221	New River Pkwy	Boundary: Grayson County	3.39	US 58 Main St	3.86	1752	0		1 1	. 4	(0	1722
US 21		US 58 Main St	3.86		5.5	1790	1		1 2	. 2	(0	1916
US 21			5.5		14.25	1790	1		1 2	. 2		0	1916
US 21	Elk Creek Pkwy	38-791 Country Ln	14.25	38-805 Spring Valley Rd	15.7	1284	1		1 1	. 3		0	1349
US 21	Elk Creek Pkwy	38-805 Spring Valley Rd	15.7		17	1240	1		1 1	. 3		0	1303

Grayson County	Transportation
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US 58	Highlands Pkwy;	Washington County Line	141.5	SR 362 Grayson Highlands State Park	151.07	601	0	1	0	1	0	591
05 58	Jeb Stuart Hwy	SR 362 Grayson Highlands State	141.5	State Park	151.07	601	U	1	0	1	U	591
US 58	Highlands Pkwy	Park	151.07	38-740 North of Rugby	154.83	348	0	1	0	2	0	343
US 58	Highlands Pkwy	38-740 North of Rugby	154.83	SR 16 Troutdale Hwy	158.82	430	0	3	0	0	0	445
US 58, VA 16	Troutdale Hwy	SR 16 Highlands Pkwy	158.82	SR 16 Jefferson Hwy	162.81	1537	1	2	2	5	0	1512
US 58	Wilson Hwy	SR 16 Jefferson Hwy	162.81	38-711 Fox Creek Rd	166.6	1676	1	1	2	4	0	1736
US 58	Wilson Hwy	38-711 Fox Creek Rd	166.6	Boundary: Grayson County/ Town of Independence	174.64	2889	1	1	2	4	0	2848
	· ·	00 / II I OX GICCK Hu		·								
US 58	Wilson Hwy		174.64	US 21 Independence Ave	175.5	2889	1	1	2	4	0	2848
US 58, US				Boundary: Town of Independence/								
221	E Main St	US 21 Independence Ave	175.5	Grayson County	176.81	5774	1	1	1	3	0	5692
US 58, US 221	E Main St		176.81	SR 274 Riverside Dr	178.25	5774	1	1	1	3	0	5692
US 58, US												
221	Grayson Pkwy	SR 274 Riverside Dr	178.25	SR 94 Riverside Dr	186.93	8574	1	1	1	3	0	8428
US 58, US 221	Grayson Pkwy	SR 94 Riverside Dr	186.93		188.29	10126	1	1	1	3	0	9955
US 21, US				Boundary: Grayson County/Town of								
221	New River Pkwy	North Carolina State Line	0	Independence	3.39	1752	0	1	1	4	0	1722
US 21, US	,			·								
221	New River Pkwy	Boundary: Grayson County	3.39	US 58 Main St	3.86	1752	0	1	1	4	0	1722
110 50 110				Boundary: Town of								
US 58, US 221	E Main St	US 21 Independence Ave	3.86	Independence/ Grayson County	5.17	5774	1	1	1	3	0	5692
US 58, US	L Main St	00 21 macpendence Ave	3.00	Crayson County	5.17	3774		<u> </u>		3		3032
221	E Main St		5.17	SR 274 Riverside Dr	6.61	5774	1	1	1	3	0	5692
US 58, US												
221	Grayson Pkwy	SR 274 Riverside Dr	6.61	SR 94 Riverside Dr	15.29	8574	1	1	1	3	0	8428
US 58, US 221	Grayson Pkwy	SR 94 Riverside Dr	15.29		16.65	10126	1	1	1	3	0	9955
	,,						_	-		-		

Traffic Count Abbreviation Explanations

AADT: Annual Average Daily Traffic. The Estimate of typical daily traffic on a road segment for all days of the week, Sunday through Saturday, over the period of one year.

AAWDT: Average Annual Weekday Traffic. The estimate of typical traffic over the period of one year for the days between Monday through Thursday.

Bicycle and Pedestrian Travel

Recreational hiking trails and bicycling opportunities are available at the Grayson County Recreation Park, New River Trail State Park, Grayson Highlands State Park, Jefferson National Forest/Mount Rogers National Recreational Area, Matthews State Forest, Virginia Creeper Trail, Appalachian Trail, and the US Bicycle Route 76. Biking and walking for transportation is limited by the number of bike lanes and sidewalks in the county. The Independence Pedestrian & Bike Trail provides a safe mode of travel within the Town of Independence, along with other sidewalks in the Town of Fries and Independence.

Trails, Parks, and Recreation Areas

New River Trail State Park

New River Trail State Park is the state's only linear park and is 57 miles in length. The park is a rail conversion of a former Norfolk & Southern railroad line. The park stretches from the City of Galax to Fries and on to Pulaski, as it parallels the banks of the New River for approximately 39 miles. Access is provided at Fries Park for Grayson County.

Grayson Highlands State Park

Grayson Highlands State Park is next to the Mount Rogers National Recreation Area. The 4,822-acre park is located on US 58 between Independence and Damascus. Hiking, biking, and equestrian trail facilities are available for year-round use.

Jefferson National Forest / Mount Rogers National Recreational Area

Jefferson National Forest / Mount Rogers National Recreational Area extends east to west across the entire length of Grayson County's northern boundary. This area includes many easy access points to the forest and its numerous campgrounds, picnic areas, and 400 miles of recreational trail facilities.

Virginia Creeper National Recreational Trail

Virginia Creeper National Recreational Trail is a 33.4-mile, multi-use facility, which connects the Virginia / North Carolina state line one mile east of Whitetop Station to the Towns of Damascus and Abingdon. It is available for use by hikers, cyclists, and equestrians.

Appalachian National Scenic Trail (AT)

Appalachian National Scenic Trail (AT) is a public footpath across over 2,000 miles of Appalachian Mountain ridgeline from Maine to Georgia. A beautiful section of this trail is located in the Mount Rogers NRA.

US Bike Route 76

US Bike Route 76, a.k.a., the Transamerica Trail, is a well-known bicycle route that stretches 4,300 miles from the coast of Virginia to the coast of Oregon. Bike Route 76, a shared-use facility, is widely recognized as the greatest and most traveled bike trail in America. The trail's route passes through the Town of Troutdale, on State Road 603 after leaving Damascus on Rt. 58. It leaves Troutdale north on State Rt. 16 to Sugar Grove, then to Cedar Springs and Rural Retreat.



Public Transit and Taxi Services

For a non-driver, transportation is available through District Three Public Transit or from cab services out of Galax or Marion. Regional Greyhound Bus stops are located in Fort Chiswell at Exit 80 and in the Town of Marion, both approximately 30 miles from the Town of Independence.

District Three Public Transit

District Three Public Transit is operated by the District Three Governmental Cooperative and is the public transit provider for Abingdon, Galax, Marion, Wytheville, and the Counties of Bland, Carroll, Grayson, Smyth, Washington, and Wythe. This service includes shopping routes, transportation to congregate nutrition sites operated by District Three Senior Services. District Three Senior Services also provides limited, on-demand response for medical transit service to eligible clientele in Grayson County to local medical facilities.

Grayson County Public Transit, a service of District Three Public Transit in the Town of Marion, operates a limited schedule of bus service for a reasonable fare to the citizens of Grayson County. Regular routes are available for the Towns of Fries, Independence, Troutdale, and the Whitetop community.

New Freedom is a weekly, fixed roundtrip schedule to regional medical centers and shopping malls. Two of the routes serve citizens of Grayson County. The service is open to the general public, not just low income, seniors or disabled individuals. One route originates in Marion and has scheduled stops in Troutdale, Volney, Mouth of Wilson, Independence, Galax, and Hillsville with a destination of Winston-Salem, NC medical facilities and Hanes Mall. A second route originates in Troutdale every Wednesday and follows the same pick up locations, but travels to the Roanoke area medical facilities and the Valley View Mall.

Rail Service

The nearest passenger service (Amtrak) station opened in October 2017 and is located in Roanoke with a direct bus connection via Blacksburg daily. However, the United States Congress has approved legislation that directs Amtrak to partner with the Commonwealth of Virginia and freight railroad corporations to construct the operating agreements necessary to launch passenger rail service via Bristol, Richmond and Washington, D.C. The Appalachian Regional Commission has helped fund a passenger rail study for the City of Bristol and the Virginia Department of Rail and Public Transportation allocated funding in its FY2019 budget to begin a passenger rail feasibility study for the Roanoke to Bristol corridor.

Commercial Freight Rail Service is not available in Grayson County. However, the Norfolk Southern Railway Corporation operates a Class A Mainline that passes through the nearby towns of Wytheville, Rural Retreat, and Marion. Numerous rail sidings and spurs are available to serve industrial customers throughout the region. Regional terminal facilities for the main line are based at Bristol and Radford. Norfolk Southern provides bulk, mixed freight, containerized piggyback and team track services.



Air Travel

Air travel for Grayson County is provided through regional airports. These range in size from one of the largest in the world, to small, locally owned air strips and hangars. Regional airports connect to larger airports such as Charlotte/Douglas International, reaching national and international destinations.

International Airports

Charlotte/Douglas International Airport (CLT) is the region's premier airport. CLT is located 115 miles from Independence and is sited seven miles west of uptown Charlotte. The airport offers non-stop domestic and international passenger service and averages over 1,400 flights daily and served over 53 million travelers in 2023. In its 2022 rankings, ACI placed CLT No. 7 in the U.S. and world for air traffic. In passenger traffic, the Airport ranked 10th nationwide and 19th worldwide.

The Piedmont Triad International Airport, located approximately 102 miles southeast of Independence, about seven miles west of Greensboro, North Carolina, primarily serves the Piedmont area of North Carolina and portions of Southwest Virginia.

Regional Airports

Tri-Cities Regional Airport, located approximately 95 miles southwest of Independence, near Blountville, Tennessee, is another of the region's primary full-service commercial airports and serves as a gateway to Southwest Virginia, East Tennessee, Western North Carolina, and parts of Kentucky.

The Roanoke-Blacksburg Regional Airport (ROA), located approximately 109 miles northeast of Independence, is another full-service airport that offers a wide range of services for all aviation types and is the primary commercial airport serving a large portion of Western Virginia. ROA offers non-stop service to a dozen major cities, as well as connecting services to major airtransportation hubs.

Concord-Padgett Regional Airport is located approximately 110 miles south of Independence in Concord, North Carolina. As of the end of 2024, Allegiant, Avelo, and Sun Country airlines provide passenger flights through the airport; additionally, the airport provides a variety of services including aircraft storage, charter services, and freight services.

Local Airports

The Twin County Airport (TCA) provides general aviation services locally and is jointly owned by Grayson County, Carroll County and the City of Galax. The airport is approximately 27 miles east of Independence near Hillsville, Virginia.

The Ashe County Airport (KGEV) is a county-owned, public use airport located three miles east of Jefferson, North Carolina, and approximately 30 drive miles from Independence.

The Mountain Empire Airport (MEA) provides general aviation services locally and is jointly owned by Smyth County, Wythe County and the Towns of Marion and Wytheville. It is located about 35 miles north of Independence, near the Town of Rural Retreat.



Strategies

7-1 Continue to work with Virginia Department of Transportation to develop, design, and implement transportation projects, including, but not limited to, SMART SCALE, Highway Safety, Bike Pedestrian Safety, and Transportation Alternatives projects.

- 7-2 Continue efforts to support the Twin County Airport (TCA).
- 7-3 Develop School System Capital Improvement Plan to prioritize transportation and facility improvement projects.
- 7-4 Partner with Towns to expand bicycling and pedestrian transportation options.
- 7-5 Proceed with Phase IV of the Independence Pedestrian and Bike Trail. (See 8-4)
- 7-6 Use VDOT, State Police, and Grayson County Sheriff's Department to understand guardrail needs for reoccurring safety concerns.
- 7-7 Amend administrative process for rezones to include site plans and review/interaction with VDOT for rezone applications. (See 11-9)
- 7-8 Continue supporting District Three and Mountain Lynx and encourage citizen participation through marketing efforts.

Summary and Conclusions

Grayson County's partnerships with state and other local agencies are essential for meeting its transportation demands. Working with VDOT and providing local involvement in the Six Year Improvement Program and other regional and state planning processes is necessary to ensure that the needs of Grayson County are known to funding agencies. As funding becomes more difficult to secure for projects in rural areas, it is becoming increasingly important to have well-developed, cost-effective projects with a common-sense engineering focus that have strong support from the local VDOT offices and employees.

Grayson should continue to support regional transportation efforts and development, including District Three 's public transportation services and any potential planned expansions. Additionally, the county should support the expansion of passenger rail into the Mount Rogers Region with the potential opening of a Bristol Amtrak station, which would provide more diversified economic development within the region.



Chapter Eight: Public Services, Facilities, and Utilities

Goal: Expand access to improved and enhanced community services, facilities, and infrastructure for all; and expanded opportunities for social equity among diverse community groups.

Introduction

The cooperation of state, federal and local partners, governmental and non-governmental agencies, religious, civic and volunteer organizations of all shapes and sizes cannot be underestimated as this cooperation plays a large factor in determining the general wellbeing of our community. Grayson County tries to use public improvements to catalyze investment, increase revenues, minimize public expenditures, increase the county's competitiveness in the global marketplace, and improve the county's quality of life.

Local Government

Board of Supervisors

The Grayson County Board of Supervisors serves as the chief governing body for the county. There are five members of the board, with four representing the local magisterial districts and one at-large member. The magisterial districts are Elk Creek, Oldtown, Providence, and Wilson. Each supervisor serves a four-year term, and the terms have been staggered since 1979 to smooth out the transition process.

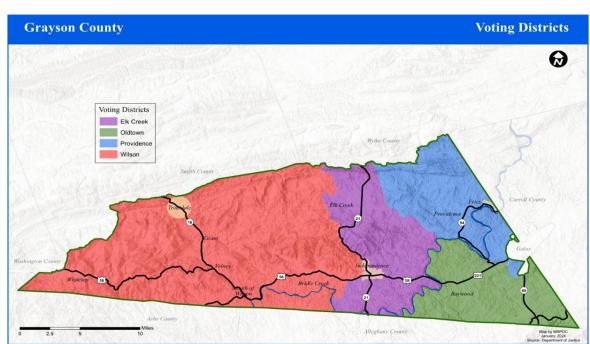


Figure 8-1: Grayson County Voting Districts



Capital Improvement Program

The Grayson County Board of Supervisors' Capital Improvement Program (CIP) is an instrument for prioritizing capital expenditures and a means of appropriate planning for the funding of county facilities, equipment, vehicles and such, with a unit cost greater than \$24,900 or a project cost greater than \$34,900 over the next five (5) fiscal years. The Board of Supervisors reviews and approves the Capital Improvement Plan each year during the budget review process.

Administration

The policies and programs set by the Board of Supervisors are carried out by the County Administrator, an appointed employee who serves at the pleasure of the Board. The County Administrator has day-to-day supervision of county departments. The administrator along with the Board of Supervisors is responsible each year for setting the county budget. The administrator performs other functions as directed by the Board and may suggest policy recommendations from time to time.

Commissioner of the Revenue

The Commissioner of the Revenue is a state constitutional officer as set forth in the Constitution of Virginia as the chief assessing officer of the local government. The Commissioner of the Revenue represents the closest link between citizens, elected government and the Virginia Department of Taxation. The Commissioner's office plays a vital role in the multitude of services offered to taxpayers at the local level. The Commissioner of the Revenue's office is responsible for fairly assessing taxes on real estate; personal property (including vehicles, boats, trailers, campers, mobile homes, etc.); business personal property (including equipment, furniture & fixtures); merchant's capital; machinery & tools; bank franchise; and public service corporation taxes. All real estate is subject to taxation, except those specifically exempt by state code. As required by Virginia Code, Grayson County conducts a general reassessment on all real estate (currently every six years), in which a professional and independent appraisal company hired by the Board of Supervisors carries out this task. The Commissioner's office is responsible for maintaining a record for each parcel of property in Grayson County, transferring property as recorded by deed or will in the Clerk of the Circuit Court's office, assigning map numbers, updating addresses of property owners and new assessment changes for billing, producing the annual real estate and personal property book, which is the basis for the Treasurer's office tax bills.

County Treasurer

The Treasurer is the official responsible for the collection and custody of county funds. The Treasurer reports all activities involving county funds and collections to the Board of Supervisors. The tax billing and collection is the sole responsibility of the Treasurer's office. Assessment values are determined by the Commissioner of Revenue and the tax levy is set by the Board of Supervisors. It is imperative that collections be done in a timely manner; it is the responsibility of the Treasurer's office to do current and delinquent collections; without local collections, the local county's obligations would not be met.



Public Services and Facilities

Law Enforcement: Grayson County Sherriff's Office

The Sheriff is a constitutional officer elected by the citizens of the county. Providing law enforcement and emergency services, the Grayson County Sherriff's Office consist of 25 sworn officers and 8 civilians. The Sheriff's Office receives an average of over 450 calls each month. Grayson County participates in the New River Valley Regional Jail, which is located in Dublin, Virginia, and also serves the Counties of Bland, Carroll, Floyd, Giles, Pulaski, Wythe, and the City of Radford.

Emergency Services

There are twelve agencies that provide emergency services to Grayson County.

Four rescue squads (Galax-Grayson EMS, Baywood Search & Rescue, Independence Rescue Squad, Elk Creek Rescue Squad) provide only emergency medical services, and three volunteer fire departments (Galax Fire Department, Independence Volunteer Fire Department, Elk Creek Volunteer Fire Department) provide only fire services. Four dual-role agencies (Fries Volunteer Fire Department & Rescue Squad, Rugby Volunteer Fire Department & Rescue Squad, Mount Rogers Volunteer Fire Department & Rescue Squad) provide both fire and emergency medical services.

Grayson County Emergency Services provides advanced life support augmentation to the emergency medical services, emergency management and planning functions, oversees hazardous materials incidents and coordinates all emergency services with local and state agencies, stakeholders and partners.

Both Galax-Grayson EMS and Galax Volunteer Fire Department perform their services under a contract with Grayson County. Figure 8-2 shows the distribution of emergency services throughout the County.

The Twin County E-911 Regional Dispatch Center is in Galax, and the E-911 Service is organized, maintained, and administered by the Twin County E-911 Regional Commission, which is comprised of two members from Grayson and Carroll Counties and the City of Galax. The E-911 service receives all 911 and 988 emergency calls from Grayson and Carroll County and the City of Galax.

Building Development

The Grayson County Building Department is responsible for permitting and inspection of new construction, modifications and building related activities. The Building Department reviews plans prior to construction and inspects the construction process to ensure compliance with local and state standards and codes. The Grayson County Building Code Ordinance along with the Virginia Uniform Statewide Building Code and the Virginia Maintenance Code provide



guidance for the Building Department. The Building Department provides guidance on safe building practices and contractor licensing information and promotes fire safety and safe living environments.

Planning & Community Development

The Department of Planning & Community Development offers information on land-use planning, land subdivision, zone districts and maps, zoning permits, the zoning ordinance, the subdivision ordinance, and erosion and sediment control. It also oversees the Planning Commission, the Board of Zoning Appeals, and the Grayson County Comprehensive Plan. The Director of Planning & Community Development acts as the administrative agent for these functions.

Erosion & Sediment Control and Stormwater Management

The Department of Planning and Community Development manages the Grayson County Erosion and Stormwater Control Program (VESCP) and collaborates with the Department of Environmental Quality to implement the Grayson County Stormwater Management Pollution Prevention Program (SMPPP). These programs work in tandem to prevent soil erosion and safeguard water quality in Grayson County.

Tourism Department

Grayson County's Tourism Department is responsible for marketing and promoting the County's assets to increase the number of visitors and the tax revenues. The Department works closely with the Virginia Tourism Corporation and the Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation.

Department of Social Services

The Department of Social Services provides financial assistant to help people triumph over poverty, abuse and neglect to shape strong futures for themselves, their families and communities by providing access to adequate, affordable services. DSS provides services for vulnerable populations and helps connect individuals to resources within their community.

Grayson County Health Department

The Grayson County Health Department is part of the Virginia Department of Health as well as the Mount Rogers Health District which serves the counties of Bland, Carroll, Grayson, Smyth, Washington and Wythe and the cities of Bristol and Galax. The Health Department offers some free services based on income levels and others require certain payment rates. The Wellness Team provides worksite health promotion, including on-site health screenings aboard a mobile medical unit. Staff members attend health fairs, trainings and provide health education programs for other agencies and community groups and serve on local coalitions that promote services to the public.



Figure 8-2: Grayson County Emergency Services

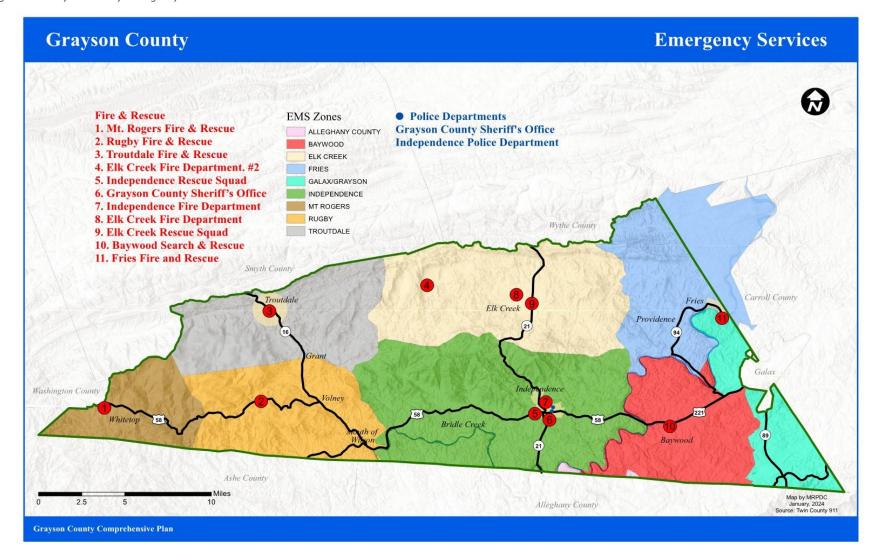




Figure 8-3: Grayson County Water and Sewer Lines

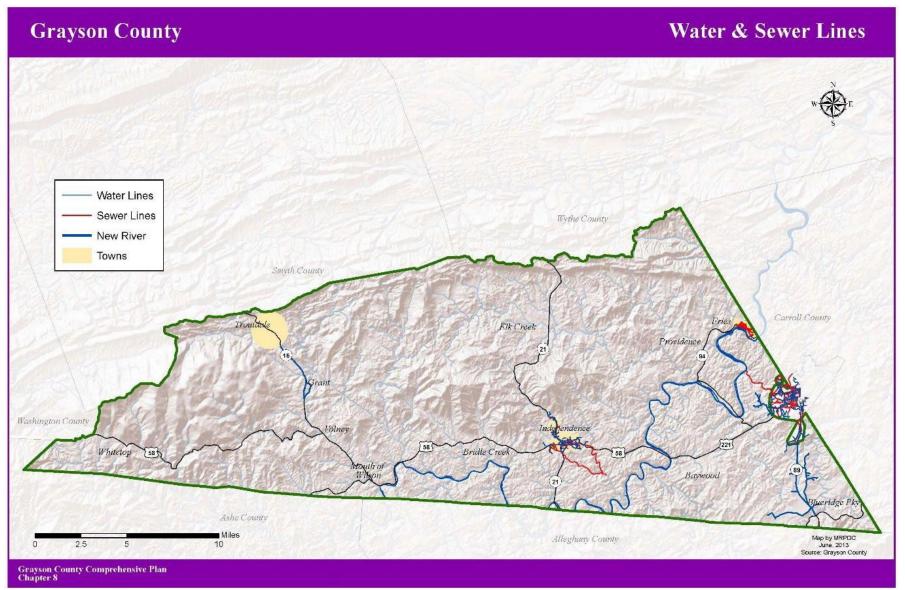
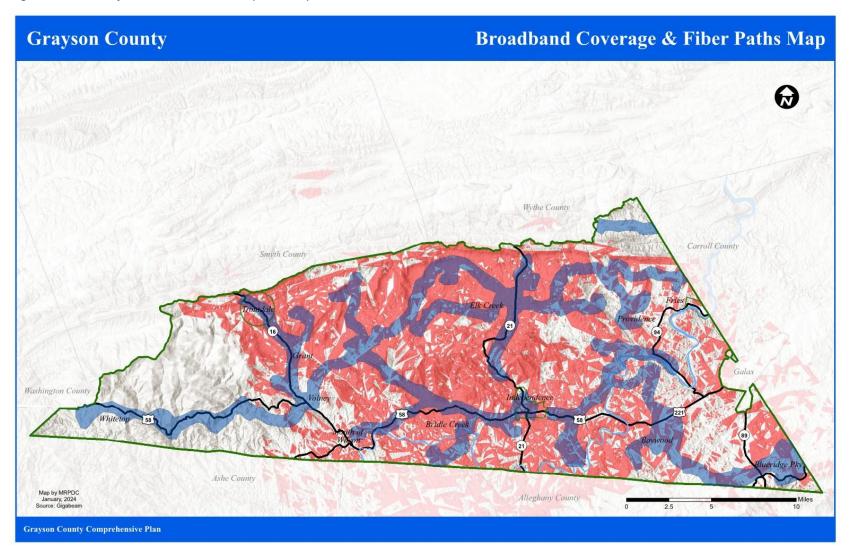




Figure 8-4: Location of Cellular Towers within Grayson County





Animal Control & Local Shelters

Grayson County Department of Animal Control's mission is to balance the health, safety, and welfare needs of the people and animals in accordance with Virginia State and Local Ordinances. The department investigates animal cruelty cases, finds homes for many abandoned animals, and humanely euthanizes the unwanted animals in our community in accordance with state law.

Public Libraries & Computer Centers

The Wythe-Grayson Regional Library has five branch locations, three of which are in Grayson County: Whitetop Public Library, Fries Public Library, and Grayson County Public Library (Independence) and offers a variety of events and programs for the public. The Outreach Program brings library resources by van to citizens who may not have the ability or means to access the library branches.

Grant Community Center

The Wired Road's Grant Community Computing Center offers free public access to a computer lab and provides high speed broadband internet. This computer center has been designed as a high quality facility with business class equipment and amenities to support not only training, but telework, small business and entrepreneur startups.

This facility is located in Troutdale and offers educational (free classes and workshops), business (training and "business class" workstations), and research (genealogy, hobby, and self-help) resources and opportunities. Services also include free advice on general computing any time the lab is open.

Utilities

Water and Sewer

Water and sewer facilities across the county consist of independent systems such as private wells and onsite sewage/septic treatment systems. Figure 8-3 shows the location of water and sewer lines throughout the County. The Town of Independence and the Town of Fries maintain and operate water and sewage lines from within their jurisdictions. The county water system includes lines in the areas of Oldtown, Fairview and Volney/Grant communities. Troutdale has its own water system. The partnership of Sparta, Independence and Grayson County to create the Virginia Carolina Water Authority Water supply has increased supply by over 900 gallons of water per minute from the New River.

Broadband Network and Cellular Services

Grayson County recognizes the need to develop an effect and efficient telecommunications infrastructure, which will support and promote economic development, education, quality of life, and public safety of its citizens. The County continues efforts to increase wireless and broadband communication to improve the quality of life for its citizens and to encourage



economic development. Challenges include lack of cell phone coverage and limited wireless capabilities in some areas of the county. Figure 8-4 shows the location of cellular towers in the County. In 2018, the county put out a request for proposals for broadband services and is working to expand coverage areas and services to residents.

The Wired Road

Efforts to improve the broadband communication include expanding on the capabilities of the Wired Road. The Wired Road is a fully integrated fiber and wireless broadband network offering 100 megabit and gigabit fiber connections and multi-megabit wireless connections throughout Grayson and Carroll Counties and the City of Galax. The Wired Road is a collaborative effort by the counties of Grayson and Carroll, the City of Galax, the Blue Ridge Crossroads Economic Development Authority and private sector service providers. The service provides the region with critically advanced technology that will continue to attract businesses along with aspiring entrepreneurs.

Solid Waste Management

The Grayson County Public Works Department conducts weekly solid waste pick up and disposal for businesses and residents of Grayson County. Waste materials are brought by truck to the regional landfill in Hillsville, VA. The Grayson County Solid Waste Ordinance guides the operation of these services and the role of both the residents and the county in conducting efficient solid waste disposal. Large item pick-up for the residents is offered in the spring of the year; this program collects appliances, furniture and other large items.

Transportation costs are a large part of the public works budget. With the average distance from Grayson County solid waste collection routes to the regional landfill at over 60 miles roundtrip, fuel, employee time and maintenance costs create a real challenge. Recycling and the potential for other resourceful ways to deal with the waste stream are a priority for the Grayson County Public Works Department.

The recycling program offers collection centers across the county at sites in Whitetop, Bridle Creek, Elk Creek, Providence, Fries, Baywood, Fairview, Independence at the Courthouse and at Grayson Highlands School, Volney, Troutdale and Rugby. Materials collected include cardboard, office paper, newspaper, magazines, plastic (with recycling symbol), aluminum & steel cans, and containers.

Carroll-Grayson-Galax Solid Waste Authority

The Carroll-Grayson-Galax Solid Waste Authority is a nine-member board represented by three individuals from each jurisdiction, which manages the regional landfill. The regional landfill includes two tracts of land. The first tract of 72 acres was acquired in 1987 and encompasses six cells, which closed in 2014, but will be monitored for thirty years according to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality regulations. The second 155-acre tract adjoins the first tract and was acquired in 1998 to accommodate future expansion of the landfill. Also the third tract of 34 acres joining both tracts was purchased in 2017. This site has six cells, of which five are available and based on current disposal rates of six years per cell, this portion of the landfill



has approximately 40 years left in service to the region. On average the regional landfill takes in approximately 160 tons of waste per day from Grayson & Carroll Counties and the City of Galax. The Virginia Department of Environmental Quality regulates solid waste disposal statewide. The regional landfill is required to issue annual reports regarding the amount of solid waste collected. In 2023, the Carroll-Grayson-Galax Regional Landfill collected 46,348 tons of solid waste according to this report³.

The Carroll-Grayson-Galax Solid Waste Planning Unit is also responsible for reporting the amount of recycled materials or recycling rates to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality. In 2022, the statewide recycling rate (the average of all planning units) was 43.1%, whereas the Twin Counties recycled 29.7%.

³ Virginia Department of Environmental Quality. Annual Solid Waste Reports. https://www.deq.virginia.gov/Programs/LandProtectionRevitalization/ReportsPublications/AnnualSolid WasteReports.aspx

Strategies

- 8-1 Support and encourage the development of advanced communication infrastructure: broadband, wireless internet, and cell coverage/towers. (See 5-11)
- 8-2 Support volunteer emergency services to ensure that all residents can receive timely emergency assistance.
- 8-3 Continue working with the Senior Advocacy Committee to assess the unmet needs of the elderly and develop strategies to mitigate concerns and meet future needs. (See 9-4)
- 8-4 Proceed with Phase IV of the Independence Pedestrian and Bike Trail. (See 7-5)
- 8-5 Conduct education and outreach to floodplain property owners. (See11-13)
- 8-6 Create a multidisciplinary committee to research techniques/programs that prevent the cycle of poverty. The study should include how poverty relates to lack of employment, education, lifestyle choices, substance abuse, personal responsibility/work ethic and social services.
- 8-7 Reduce long term cost to the county by improving efficiency of facilities, services, and work flows.
- 8-8 Consider the extension of water and sewer lines to communities with gaps in service or when environmental health threats necessitate action
- 8-9 Evaluate county water infrastructure throughout the county and develop a maintenance schedule to ensure that services remain viable.
- 8-10 Support efforts to reduce crime and substance abuse in Grayson County.
- 8-11 Encourage countywide efforts to reduce waste and increase recycling.
- 8-12 Support strategies to prolong the life of the regional landfill by increasing recycling/reuse of materials for all partners in the Solid Waste Authority.
- 8-13 Support initiatives that expand the recycling program and the ability to collect revenue. Consider investing in a truck to haul products and a glass recycling/crushing process to capture revenue from this waste stream.



- 8-14 Achieve Certified Crime Prevention Community Status.
- 8-15 Expand the Recreation Department programs and facilities to include adult/senior programs and outdoor recreation. (See 9-5) (See Parks and Rec Addendum)
- 8-16 Assist citizens seeking assistance with high cost projects such as home and septic system repair assistance through Community Action Agencies, Mount Rogers Planning District Commission, and other service providers. Promote foster parenting in the community. (See 11-12)
- 8-17 Continue improving the government website to facilitate the exchange of information in an accurate and efficient way.
- 8-18 Support educational programs about responsible animal ownership.
- 8-19 Support and expand activities of the Day Report Program to prevent repeat offenders and assist them with transitioning back into the community.
- 8-20 Utilize crime statistic data and GIS to identify, prescribe and treat areas of acute criminal activity.
- 8-21 Expand DARE program into the higher grades in conjunction with School Resource Officer program.
- 8-22 Build social capital by encouraging the formation and growth of civic clubs that address community needs. Topics may include scholarships, affordable housing, and other social issues.
- 8-23 Consider resolution for "Clean Grayson Month" to promote civic and public actions to clean up the county.
- 8-24 Encourage community members to participate in and/or support volunteer and emergency services in their communities.

Summary and Conclusions

High quality public services, facilities, and utilities are imperative to the sustained quality of life in Grayson County. The County's efforts to expand services and infrastructure to support a greater percentage of the county are often hampered by terrain and inaccessibility of some areas of the county, so advances in technology stand to have a great impact upon the availability of these services in the future. The County understands the challenges of meeting the needs of different age groups, including creating age-friendly communities and services for children and seniors.



Grayson County Health and Wellness

Chapter Nine: Health and Wellness

Goal: Improve health and wellness services and facilities within Grayson County and enhance resident access.

Introduction

Grayson County's higher than average percentage of residents aged 65 or older places increased pressure upon the County to determine solutions to increasing access to medical care and wellness services. Various studies, which by this point have become common sense, indicate the need for physical activity and a healthy diet to maintain and/or improve one's health, yet the general public's increasingly sedentary lives and poor diets continue to take a toll on health. The County has placed an intensified focus on health care since the last iteration of the comprehensive plan and continues to work toward meeting the health and wellness needs of the community.

Health Care

The 2022 Community Health Rankings for the Commonwealth of Virginia, which is a collaboration between the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation and the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute, shows positive factors about Grayson County and other areas that the county can assist residents in improving upon. Of the 133 cities and counties in Virginia, Grayson County ranked number 36 in a having a healthy physical environment, taking into account air and water quality and housing and transit. However, social and economic factors, which takes into account education, employment, income, family and social support, and community safety, ranked at 87, likely due to the lower income/ education levels and higher rate of unemployment in the county as opposed to the Commonwealth overall. The County's Health Behaviors, which take into account tobacco use, diet and exercise, alcohol and drug use, and sexual activity, ranked at 122. Figure 9-1 shows some notable variables from the Health Rankings and compares the rates from Grayson County to the rates from the United States, overall.

Figure 9-2 shows the locations of medical clinics and hospitals within Grayson County or that are likely to be frequented by its residents.



Grayson County Health and Wellness

Figure 9-1: 2024 Community Health Rankings

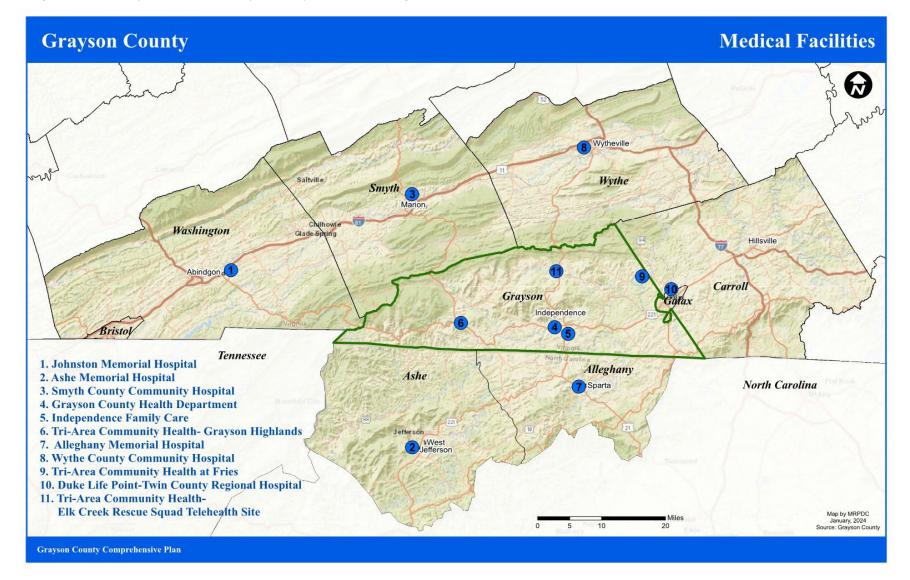
Grayson County 2024 Community Health Rankings, Selected Variables

Area	Description	Measurement	Grayson	US
Poor or fair health	Percentage of adults that report fair or poor health	% Fair/Poor	20	14
Poor mental health days	Average # reported mentally unhealthy days per month	Mentally Unhealthy Days	•	
Low Birthweight	% births with low birth weight (<2500g)	% LBW	7 8	
Adult smoking	% adults who are current smokers	% Smokers	22 15	
Adult Obesity	% adults that report a BMI of 30 or more	% Obese	37 34	
Physical inactivity	% adults age 20+ reporting no leisure-time physical activity	% Physically Inactive	28	23
Access to exercise opportunities	% population with adequate access to locations for physical activity	% With Access	67	84
Excessive drinking	% adults reporting binge or heavy drinking	% Excessive Drinking 15		18
Teen Births	# births per 1,000 female population ages 15-19	Teen Birth Rate	Teen Birth Rate 23	
Uninsured	% population under age 65 without health insurance	% Uninsured	% Uninsured 9 1	
Primary care physicians	Ratio of population to primary care physicians	PCP Ratio	7,680:1 1330:1	
Dentists	Ratio of population to dentists	Dentist Ratio	Ratio 5110:1 1360:1	
Mental health providers	Ratio of population to mental health providers	MHP Ratio	1700:1	320:1
Preventable hospital stays	# hospital stays for ambulatory-care sensitive conditions per 100,000 Medicare enrollees	Preventable Hosp. Rate	2,027	2,681
High school graduation	% ninth-grade cohort that graduates in four years	Graduation Rate	83	89
Unemployment	% population ages 16 and older unemployed but seeking work	% Unemployed	2.6	3.7
Children in poverty	% children under age 18 in poverty	% Children in Poverty	25	16
Severe housing problems	% households with at least 1 of 4 housing problems: overcrowding, high housing costs, or lack of kitchen or plumbing facilities	% Severe Housing Problems	9	17
Air pollution - particulate matter	Average daily density of fine particulate matter in micrograms per cubic meter (PM2.5)			7.4
Driving alone to work	% the workforce that drives alone to work	% Drive Alone	82	72



Grayson County Health and Wellness

Figure 9-2: Location of Medical Clinics in Grayson County and the surrounding areas





Wellness and Physical Fitness

The general public's desire for a wellness center, which was overwhelming in the 2013 public survey, is at the forefront of the County's plans for development of new facilities and services. The County continues to work with local and state agencies and partners to determine the best location for a wellness center and the most economical and realistic methods to fund its construction and operations.

Child Care

Figure 9-3 shows licensed providers of child day care services within Grayson. It is notable that outside of the area surrounding Fairview Baptist Church, there is only one provider who offers child care for children above the age of six or until 5:00 p.m., and the capacity at that facility is capped at twelve children. This shows that there may be a need for additional child care centers within the county. Please see Chapter Four: Education for more information about Early Head Start and Head Start.

Figure 9-3: Child Day Care Providers in Grayson County

	Child Day Care Providers				
	Center Name	Location	Capacity	Ages	Business Hours
Licer	Licensed Centers				
				1 month - 3 years	6:30 a.m 5:30
	Independence Early			11 months	p.m., Monday -
	Head Start Center	Independence	8		Friday
				2 years 11 months -	6:30 AM - 5:30
	Independence Head			5 years 11 months	PM, Monday -
	Start Center	Independence	16		Friday
Relig	Religious Exempt Centers*				
				1 month - 12 years	6:00 a.m 5:30
	Fairview Baptist			11 months	p.m., Monday -
	Church	Galax	125		Friday

^{*} Religious Exempt Centers are child care centers operated by religious institutions that are exempt from licensure if the facility is sponsored by an institution that is exempt from federal taxes for religious purposes or is exempt from paying local real estate taxes on the property owned by the sponsoring religious institution. regulated, but not required to obtain a license for child care

Source: Virginia Department of Social Services



Senior Care

<u>District Three Governmental Cooperative</u>

District Three provides public transportation and senior services within Grayson County. The agency offers volunteer and paid jobs to people age 55 and older and the Retired and Senior Volunteer Program (RSVP) provides services to the community at hospitals, libraries, senior centers, and other public facilities. Seniors with limited income can apply for job training and other community service employment. In addition,

Health and Nutrition

District Three offers nutrition sites in partnerships with other organizations, where a variety of activities for social opportunities are offered. Home delivered meals, visits, and phone calls are some of the ways volunteers reach out to elders in order to encourage their independence and well-being.

Health screenings, flu shots, and informational programs for senior groups are offered by District Three through their disease prevention and health promotion programs. Chronic disease self-management classes are one of the programs offered.

Financial, Legal, and Housing Assistance

District Three provides assistance to seniors to find the appropriate organizations if they need help with direct emergency financial assistance, help with civic legal matters, health insurance counseling, chores, and minor home repair. Insurance counseling and assistance programs provide information on helping people obtain benefits and filing claims for Medicare and Medicaid programs.

In-home and Advocacy Services

Services are provided for the frail and home-bound elderly to encourage independence and family caregiving. District Three advocates for the elderly advocates against elder abuse and there is an Ombudsman Program set up to resolve conflicts regarding nursing homes, adult care residents, and in-home services. A Guardianship Program assists indigent adult clients whom do not have the capacity to make decisions themselves. Care Managers are assigned clients in order to assess their needs and coordinate plans or resources for them.

Medical Transportation

One-on-one medical transportation is available for eligible clients of District Three Senior Services. Clients are picked up at home and taken directly to the doctor. Transportation is offered through the towns and counties with flexible-fixed routes that will pick up at or near their homes.



Strategies

- 9-1 Support the development of a Community Fitness/Wellness Center to provide opportunity for exercise and physical fitness.
- 9-2 Create a task force to analyze the environmental health of the county. As it relates to septic tank issues/straight-piping, the lack of a full-time environmental health officer. Ensure that the programs offered by the Health Department align with the needs of the county. (See 3-4)
- 9-3 Survey other communities to gather input on strategies for attracting medical clinics and services. Support private investment in medical services and clinics where possible.
- 9-4 Continue working with the Senior Advocacy Committee to assess the unmet needs of the elderly and develop strategies to mitigate concerns and meet future needs. (See 8-3)
- 9-5 Expand the Recreation Department programs and facilities to include adult/senior programs and outdoor recreation. (See 8-15)(See Parks and Rec Master Plan)

Summary and Conclusions

As it is the foundation of any successful community, maintaining a healthy population is a major concern for Grayson County. "Lifestyle illnesses," or those related to negative lifestyle choices, seem to be the primary health concern for residents, and the county is working to expand community access to health care and fitness activities. As there has been overwhelming support for improved access to wellness activities, including construction of trails and creation of a wellness center, this need remains a key concern of the County. Proximity to affordable health and dental care is another major concern of the County as it is often difficult for residents to access needed services.



Chapter Ten: Tourism

Goal: Preserve, enhance, and protect Grayson County's environmental resources to maintain high quality of life for residents and sustainable development for the future

Introduction

Grayson County's varied outdoor recreation assets, traditional music, historical assets, and agrarian landscape have made it a popular destination for tourists. As outdoor tourism has expanded, available resources have been devoted to help promote the County, but certain challenges have placed limitations on tourism's ability to bring in additional funds, including the shortage of restaurants and tourism related businesses, limited staff time, and the lack of a fulltime visitor information center. The County is looking at numerous ways to help tourism become a viable economic option for the future. Partnerships with local and regional tourism initiatives are key for the expansion of the tourism economy in the County.

The objectives of Grayson County's Tourism Department were used when creating tourism strategies and include:

- Interaction with and promotion of local tourism related businesses
- Revenue generation for the county, through transient occupancy and sales tax
- Development of tourism infrastructure/attractions/businesses
- Tourism metrics including travel trends and statistics
- Mailing of information and online interaction with prospective visitors
- Maintaining accurate information about tourism assets and offerings for the tourism website at http://www.graysoncountyva.com/
- Marketing the county through promotional materials and advertising
- Festival promotion to market the major festivals of the county
- Tourism business trainings/development of internal marketing/promotions
- Management of tourism grants and creative funding for tourism initiatives
- Building positive relationships with potential investors and prospective residents to promote overall growth in employment and opportunities for the county

Economic Impact of Tourism

The economic impact of tourism is important for small businesses, for generation of employment and for county revenue by sales tax and transient occupancy tax. The impact of tourism activity to country stores and restaurants should not be underestimated, as many of these locations see an increase in business activity during the tourism season in Grayson County.

In the unincorporated area of Grayson County, sales tax and transient occupancy tax are the two public revenue generators as it relates to tourism. In the towns of Fries and Independence, additional revenue may be generated from fuel, cigarette and alcohol taxes and these areas will collect and record their own sales and transient occupancy tax.



Figure 10-1 shows the economic impact of tourism within Grayson County as represented by locality-specific travel-related data kept by the U.S Travel Association. The impact relies on 5 unique pieces of information:

- 6) Expenditures within the area
- 7) Labor income associated with tourism industry employment
- 8) Number of people employed by the tourism industry
- 9) State tax receipts
- 10) Local Tax receipts

Figure 10-1: Economic Impact of Tourism in Grayson County 2013-2017

Economic Impact of Tourism in Grayson County						
	% Change	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Expenditures	2.0%	\$13,109,451	\$12,856,305	\$9,800,306	\$10,325462	\$9,575,932
Labor Income	4.4%	\$1,749,542	\$1,675,222	\$1,373,095	\$1,447,168	\$1,371,173
Employment	2.7%	70	68	63	66	66
State Tax Receipts	5.1%	\$212,603	\$202,357	\$155,057	\$176,665	\$165,116
Local Tax Receipts	2.6%	\$402,881	\$392,642	\$303,733	\$329,613	\$306,633
Source: U.S. Travel Association						

Figure 10-2 shows the direct impact of tourism as it affects transient occupancy taxes collected on from tourists by vacation rentals and remitted to Grayson County in the amount of 5% of total lodging price.

Figure 10-2:Transient Occupancy Tax in Grayson County 2018-2023

Transient Occupancy Tax in Grayson County		
Year	Total TOT Tax	
2018	\$32,415.00	
2019	\$27,202.00	
2020	\$45,882.91	
2021	\$24,937.53	
2022	\$63,929.00	
2023	\$101,334.89	
*Grayson County Treasurer		



Tourism Sectors and Destinations

Public Lands and Outdoor Recreation

Grayson Highlands State Park, Jefferson National Forest, Mount Rogers National Recreation Area, Mathews State Forest, New River Trail State Park, The Virginia Creeper Trail, Blue Ridge Parkway and the Grayson County Recreation Park are available to the public for outdoor recreation opportunities. A bike route, the Grayson Gravel Traverse, has been developed for serious gravel cyclists connecting the Virginia Creeper Trail on the western end of the County to the New River Trail in Fries which is 72 miles long. All together there is 39,584 acres of public land in Grayson County, totaling 14 percent of all county land.

Each of these public lands is managed by separate entities and each of these has different regulations for public use. Together these public lands comprise thousands of acres of land with hundreds of miles of trails for hiking, biking, horseback riding, cross country skiing and cross country running. Fishing, hunting, bird watching, picnicking, bouldering, swimming, camping, interpretive programs, festivals, events and trail runs, are additional amenities at some of these public lands. Visitation of these public lands is a primary driver for tourism visitation to Grayson County. Partnerships with these public lands and promoting businesses that can provide amenities/services and additional attractions to round out the visitor experience will greatly improve the tourism experience in Grayson County.

Highlights include; Highest Peak in Virginia- Mt. Rogers (5,728 feet), located in the Mount Rogers National Recreation Area. The New River Trail State Park begins in Fries, VA, located on the scenic New River. The Virginia Creeper Trail begins at Whitetop where many tourists begin an exhilarating 20 +mile downhill bike trip. Grayson Highlands State Park is the second-most visited State Park in Virginia, drawing an average of 250,000 visitors year-round to camp, horseback ride, and hike where wild ponies roam. The Grayson Gravel Traverse begins in Whitetop at the Virginia Creeper Trail and extends 72 miles through the County to the New River Trail in Fries. Forty-eight miles of the New River flow through Grayson County with abundant opportunities for fishing, canoeing, and kayaking.

The New River

The New River (337 miles long) is the second oldest river in the world, beginning in North Carolina and traveling north until it reaches West Virginia and eventually becoming part of the Mississippi River. The New River enters Grayson County on the western end near Mouth of Wilson and travels within several miles of Independence as it weaves in and out of North Carolina and then continues into the Town of Fries. This American Heritage river is well known for recreational boating and fishing. Outfitters operate on the river in Grayson County, and there are countless vacation rental options including cabins and vacation homes located on the river and two riverside campgrounds. There are numerous public boat landings available to access the river located throughout the county. American Rescue funds along with grant funds from the Virginia Outdoors Foundation and Wellspring, were used to create a New River Float Calculator which is housed on tourism's website. It gives accurate float estimates accounting



for type of vessel, effort, and flow rate. Signage has been installed at the 6 boat landings managed by DWR containing QR codes to the calculator with a synopsis of information about the river at that location.

Arts & Culture

The Blue Ridge Highlands have inspired artisans for generations. Clay for pots, wood for guitars, wool for yarn, nature becomes art. Organizations operate locally to inspire artisans, teach art, promote performing arts and assist with marketing works of art. Independence offers two locations where local arts and crafts can be purchased. The Historic 1908 Courthouse and The Independence Art Gallery. Round the Mountain offers an artisans' trail where local studios are open to the public and works of art can be commissioned or purchased.

Arts Council of the Twin Counties

Serving the City of Galax, Carroll County and Grayson County, the Arts Council promotes events such as children's theatre, winter concert series, arts in the schools, holiday extravaganzas and partnerships to promote arts throughout the region. http://artsculturalcouncil.org/

Chestnut Creek School of the Arts

Located in Galax, VA, Chestnut Creek serves the Twin County area by providing instructional workshops and by promoting the traditional and contemporary forms of arts. http://www.chestnutcreekarts.org/

Round the Mountain - Woven Mountains River Bends

The Artisans Trail for Grayson County provides an avenue for local crafts stores, artisan studios, lodging, restaurants and more to showcase the best of Grayson County. Travelers can visit all the sites on the trail or custom tailor their spots along the way. More information is available at http://www.roundthemountain.org/map/woven-mountains-and-river-bends

The Historic 1908 Courthouse

The Historic 1908 Courthouse serves as the Art & Cultural Center of Grayson County, Virginia and promotes the arts by providing the Baldwin Auditorium for performances, serving as a site for local festivals, selling handmade arts and crafts at The Tourism Office Ag & Art Store and by sponsoring the Wednesday Night Traditional Music Jam.

http://www.historic1908courthouse.org/

The Historic 1908 Courthouse Foundation is a non-profit, corporation whose mission is to preserve and maintain the 1908 Courthouse in Independence, VA for future generations. The Foundation also operates the building for the benefit of the people of Grayson County.

Additional resources at the 1908 Courthouse include:

• The Grayson Crossroads Museum- display artifacts spanning the history of the regions and specifically Grayson County. The Vault (a portion of our museum that was literally the vital records vault) shows many of the household items you would have found in a



homestead in the region.

• The Baldwin Auditorium- What used to be the courtroom is now the Baldwin Auditorium, named for Dan Baldwin, the man who bought the 1908 Courthouse to preserve it. It is the scene of many events such as concerts, plays, meetings, parties, receptions, and civic events. There is seating for over 200.

The Tourism Office Ag & Art Store- The Grayson County Tourism Department sells Grayson County promotional merchandise as well as arts, crafts and farm products

The Independence Art Gallery

This private gallery showcases the art of local artists and serves as a sponsor and a stop on the Grayson Ag & Art Adventure. Commissioned artwork is available as well as purchased pieces. The main media is oil, acrylic, and watercolor paintings produced by local participants in the annual Ag & Art Adventure tour of the County.

Traditional Music

Travelers visit Grayson County to experience traditional music, otherwise known as "Old Time". Along with bluegrass, traditional music laid the foundation for modern country music and is composed of traditional instruments such as the fiddle, banjo, guitar, dulcimer and more. The ballads and songs originate from European folk songs and storytelling culture. Sometimes the music is used to accompany dance such as flat footing. Traditional music venues include:

- The 1908 Courthouse Jam at the Historic 1908 Courthouse, Main Street, Independence
- The Fairview Ruritan Bluegrass Music Concerts- http://www.fairviewruritan.com/
- The Fries Jam Session at The Fries Recreation Center Theatre, Fries
- The Rex Theater Downtown Galax http://rextheatergalax.com/
- Fiddler's Conventions and Festivals: http://www.graysoncountyva.com/festivals
- Grayson County Fiddler's Convention- Every summer the Elk Creek Volunteer Fire and Rescue Squad sponsors a fiddler's convention at the old Elk Creek School Grounds.
- Fries Fiddler's Convention—Mid-August fiddlers convention in Fries along the banks of the New River.
- Old Fiddler's Convention- Beginning on the second week end in August, the Galax Fiddler's Convention is the oldest, and largest of its kind in the world.
- Wayne C. Henderson Music Festival- Held every third Saturday in June at Grayson Highlands State Park, the winner of the guitar competition receiving a new W.C. Henderson guitar.
- Albert Hash Memorial- Festival in celebration of Albert Hash, a Grayson fiddler and luthier, this festival offers great music and entertainment for everyone.
- Legends of Grayson Old-Time Weekend is always held the first weekend in April to set off the old-time music season regionally. It honors a legend of old-time music from Grayson County each year through concerts, food, workshops, dance, round



table discussions, and lectures. It is always held at the Historic 1908 Courthouse in Independence.

• Jam at the Matthews Living Farm Museum – Held in warmer months on Tuesday nights followed by a potluck dinner.

Local Luthiers

Grayson County is home to many well-known luthiers such as Wayne Henderson, Spencer Strickland, Jimmy Edmonds and, the late, Albert Hash. These handcrafted instruments reflect the quality craftsmen and musicians of the area. Local youth mastering traditional music with help from the local school program and mentors, ensure that traditional music will remain alive in Grayson County.

The Crooked Road

Virginia's Heritage Music Trail, winds through the mountains of Southwest Virginia. Here, the Bluegrass, Old Time, and Traditional Country music is as beautiful and rugged as the landscape itself. The Crooked Road travels the entire length of Grayson County, occasionally following along the New River and then climbing in hairpin turns to the high country. http://www.crookedroad.org/

The Blue Ridge Music Center

Celebrates the music and musicians of the Blue Ridge. Established by the U.S. Congress in 1985, the site includes an outdoor amphitheater and indoor interpretive center used to highlight an important strand of American musical culture, which is still alive and thriving in the region. http://www.blueridgemusiccenter.org/

Locations of Assets and Resources

Figure 10-3 and Figure 10-4 are part of the County's Green Infrastructure maps, which can be found on the County's website to be viewed in greater detail, and show the location for important tourism assets within the county including historical and cultural sites, scenic views, and recreation activity areas.



Figure 10-3: Historic, Cultural, and Scenic Resources

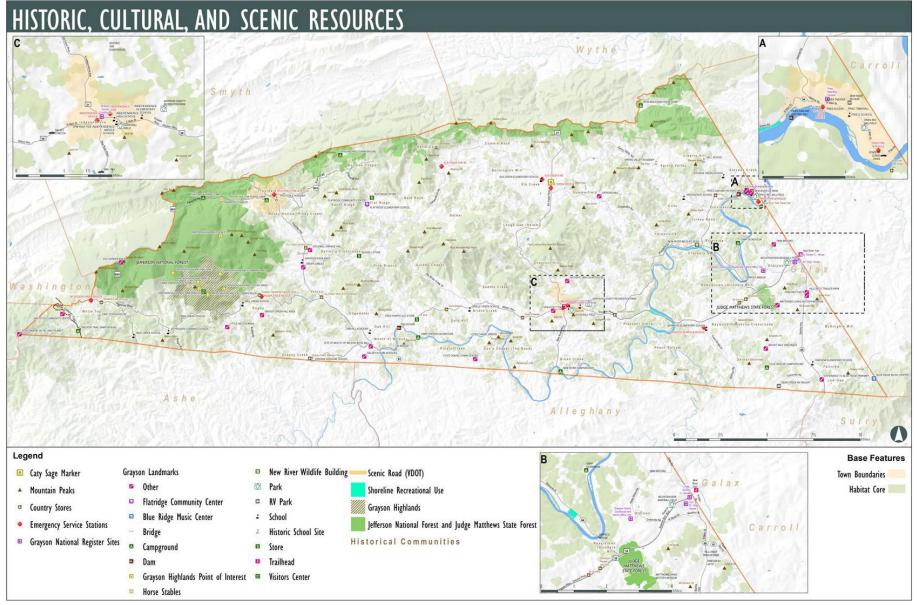
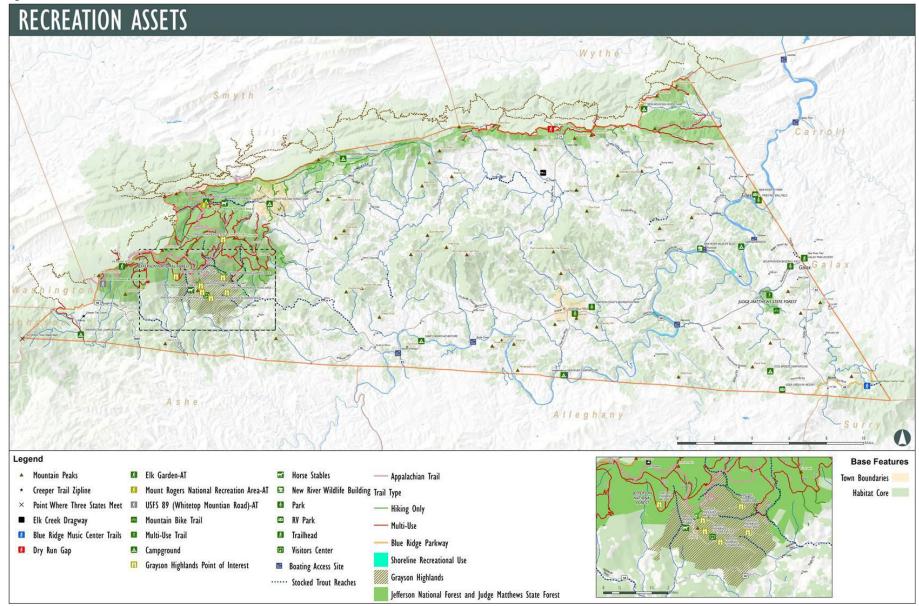




Figure 10-4: Recreation Assets





Strategies

- 10-1 Partner with regional tourism initiatives such as The Crooked Road, Round the Mountain, and other organizations accountable for increasing tourism.
- 10-2 Actively promote cultural events such as festivals, markets, music and other communal activities that are regional attractions to Grayson County.
- 10-3 Create a tourism brand for outdoor recreational assets on the western end of Grayson County to promote tourism and small business development
- 10-4 Complete an inventory and a review of natural and cultural assets of the community.
- 10-5 Consider a full-time visitor/tourism center.
- 10-6 Support collaboration between Grayson County and local historical societies/organizations to promote important historical/cultural resources of the county.
- 10-7 Bridge the Tourism and Recreation Departments to ensure that visitors can access local recreational offerings.
- 10-8 Encourage tourism by supporting the Blue Ridge Discovery Center, Matthews Living History Farm Museum, the 1908 Courthouse, Grayson Highlands State Park, The New River, the New River Trail State Park, and/or other natural & cultural history museums as tourism development. (See 6-8)
- 10-9 Consider expanding efforts of agritourism initiatives in partnership with the Tourism Director. (See 6-5)
- 10-10 Support efforts to replace old welcome signage and implement wayfinding and information signage across the County in partnership with Agritourism.

Summary and Conclusions

Grayson County is a unique destination and enjoys a large variety of outdoor recreation assets. The Crooked Road and other traditional music drivers are increasingly becoming a larger percentage of visitors. Tourism efforts will also begin to focus on agritourism, historical related travel and continue the work of promoting local festivals as attractions. Bringing the outdoor recreation traveler into our towns and business establishments remains a primary focus, as will increasing occupancy for cabin/B&B lodging.

Tourism efforts in the last few years have focused on traditional print advertising in travel and outdoor recreation publications. Participation has been increased in digital advertising with news outlets and sponsorships of booths and festivals at major events such as the International Bluegrass Music Festival in Raleigh, NC, Merlefest in North Wilkesboro, NC, and High-Country Lights in Galax. New initiatives such as FAM tours, podcast advertising, and content creation are being explored. The focus in the years ahead will be to build and market a tourism infrastructure including but not limited to improved signage, improved recognition of the Grayson Gravel Traverse, and maintenance of the New River Float Calculator.



Grayson County is working to address its tourism challenges including limited staff time, to devote to tourism, lack of a full-time Visitor Information Center, a shortage of restaurants and other tourism related businesses, a lack of tourism attractions aside from outdoor recreation assets and a need for professional front line tourism business staff. These challenges limit the ability of tourism to become a viable economic option for the future of the county, but the County has recognized tourism and asset-based development as economic development focus areas and is devoting resources, including staff time, to meet the needs of the tourism sector.



Chapter Eleven: Land Use

Goal: Facilitate land use patterns that offer a variety of housing choices and convenient access to neighborhood shopping, schools, parks, and other services; protect property owners from incompatible land uses; make efficient use of Grayson County's limited land capacity; and coordinate land uses with infrastructure needs.

Introduction

Grayson County's mountainous terrain, high acreage in forests, and pastoral landscape create the quality of life that is often cited as one of the reasons that residents love living in the County. The County recognizes the need to protect natural assets while at the same time maintaining a healthy climate for businesses. The County's Land Use Ordinances and Codes guide the development of land and help maintain the balance between land development and conservation.

Environmental Features

Grayson County's total land area is approximately 443 square miles, for a total of 283,305 acres of land. Of that total, more than 50 percent of all land is identified as "woodlands." The general landscape of Grayson is characterized by high pastures and deep hollows, which are watered by the New River and its many tributaries.

Topography

Grayson County has 35 peaks with elevation over 4,000 feet. Mount Rogers is the highest peak in Virginia at 5,729 feet and attracts visitors from all over the world. Over 60 percent of the land in the county has slopes in excess of 20 percent. For development purposes, steep slopes present a building challenge and possible environmental consequences.

Hydrology

Grayson County crosses three major watershed areas; these are the Upper New, which drains Virginia, North Carolina, and Tennessee; the Upper Yadkin, which drains North Carolina and Virginia; and the South Fork Holston, which drains Virginia, Tennessee, and North Carolina. The largest drainage system crossing the study area is the Upper New.

Other significant drainage systems include Fox Creek, and Elk Creek. Lesser drainage systems include Big Horse Creek, Helton Creek, Wilson Creek, Grassy Creek, Peach Bottom Creek, Brush Creek, Little River, Chestnut Creek, and Fisher River.

Due to the abundance of mountainous land, there are also 112 lesser streams/tributaries of the greater watershed systems. As a result of this great number of streams, isolated flash flooding is always possible and the majority of flood damage occurs as a result of rushing water, rather than rising water.



Green Infrastructure Maps

Figure 11-1, Figure 11-2, Figure 11-3, and Figure 11-4 on the following pages are part of the County's green infrastructure mapping and show various important factors within the county such as impaired streams, natural landscape, riparian forest cover, and protected lands. These maps can be viewed in greater detail on the County's website.

Zoning Districts and the Zoning Map

The Grayson County Zoning Map (Figure 11-5) is comprised of zoning districts. These include; Rural Farm, Rural Residence, General Commercial and General Commercial Light, Industrial, Highland Recreation and Highland Recreation Public, Service District and Shoreline Recreation. The purpose of zoning districts is to align compatible uses and areas of community character, protect the general health and welfare of the citizens and to promote appropriate land use planning. Each district establishes uses by right, special uses by permit, setbacks, allowable structures and lot dimensions among other characteristics.

Proposed changes to the zoning map are achieved through the rezone process. This process involves the evaluation of the rezone to ensure that the proposed uses/characteristics of the site can meet the standards of the zone district and that the proposed rezone is compatible with the goals of the zone district and surrounding community. The default zone for the unincorporated areas of Grayson County (towns have their own zoning) is the Rural Farm District. The Rural Farm District defines the majority of land in the county and is the district affiliated with residential, farm and recreational use of open land.

Development

Patterns/Trends

The primary type of development occurring in Grayson County is the construction of single-family residential structures. Accessory structures that support residential construction such as storage sheds and garages are the majority of building types/ permits issued. Commercial construction activity has mainly consisted of additions and the remodeling of current structures.

Minimal road infrastructure development has occurred over the last decade as Virginia Department of Transportation's budget has tightened and their application processes have become more focused on population.



Figure 11-1: Protected Lands

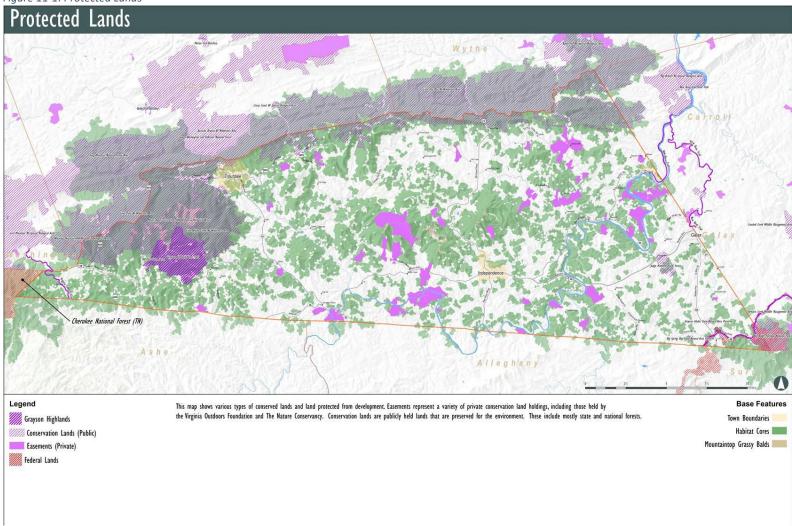




Figure 11-2: Natural Intact Landscapes

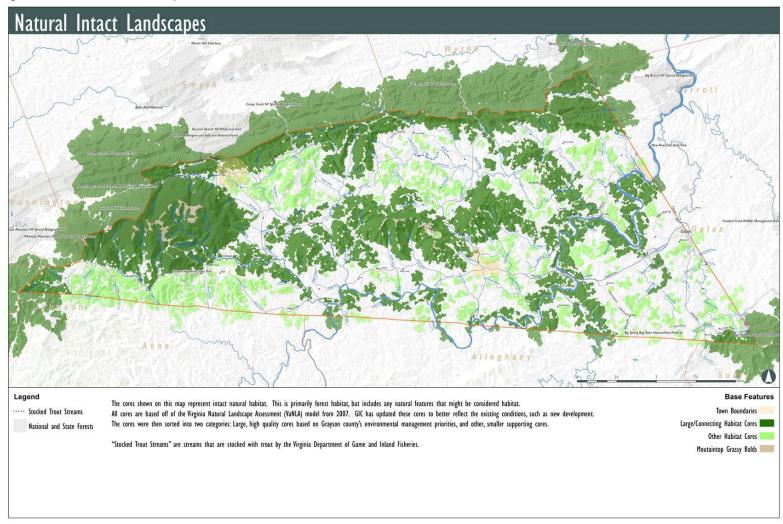




Figure 11-3: Riparian Forest Cover

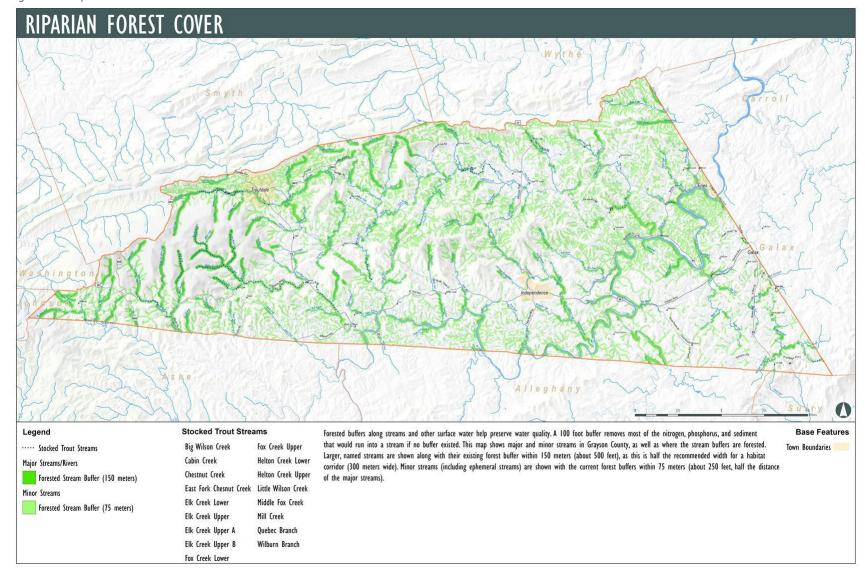




Figure 11-4: Impaired Streams

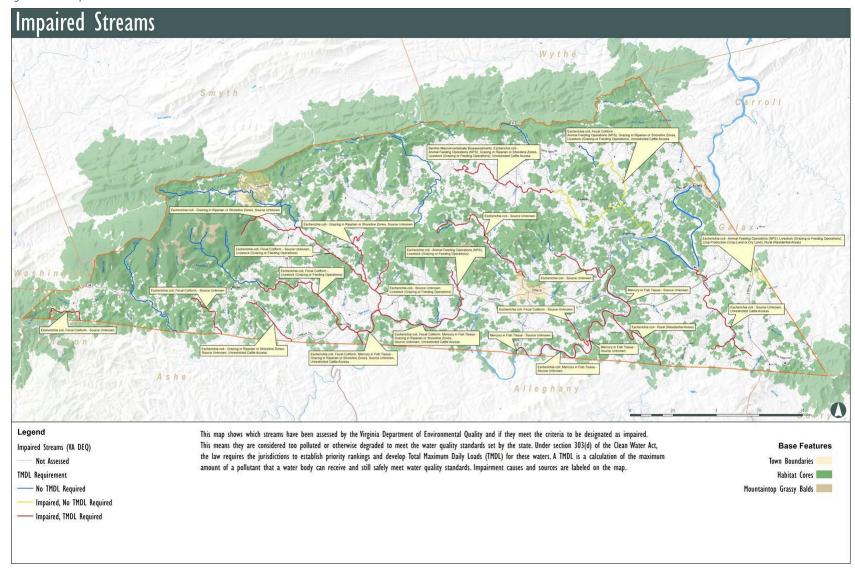
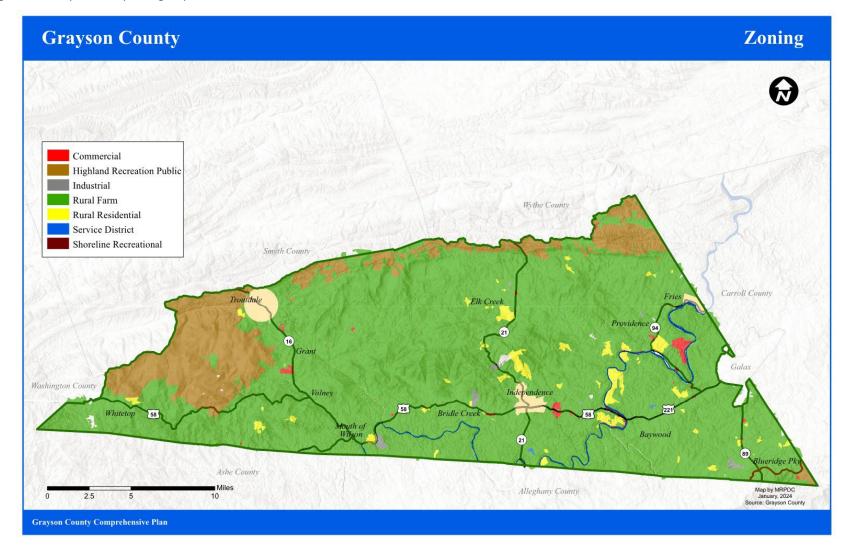




Figure 11-5: Grayson County Zoning Map





Challenges

Grayson County's mountainous terrain provides a landscape that is truly unique and sought after by those who enjoy scenic drives and high mountain vistas, but with over 60% of the county classified as having slopes over 20% the terrain creates challenges for development of all types. Developing excessive slopes into a level grade required for development requires grading, cut and fill and unique challenges for addressing hydrological features, storm water runoff and prevention of erosion. Access roads and critical infrastructure for development face the same challenges.

Floodplain Development & Shoreline Recreation

Flooding has been identified as Grayson County's number one hazard for Grayson County and is listed as such in the 2018 Mount Rogers Hazard Mitigation Plan update. Appropriate development of the floodplain is necessary to mitigate these hazards. Protection of the New River and major tributaries to ensure good water quality and to promote the public use can coincide with hazard mitigation strategies for flood prone areas.

In the valleys that accompany the scenic New River and other major tributaries periodic flooding occurs as a natural function of the watershed. These areas which are subject to the 1% chance of flooding each year or commonly known as the 100-year floodplain or Special Flood Hazard Area by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) are subject to periodic flooding events. Grayson County administers a Floodplain Program as part of the requirement for the National Flood Insurance Program. The program ensures that floodplain maps are shared with the public and mandates that the locality regulates the development of floodprone areas mapped by FEMA. Land which lies in the Special Flood Hazard Area can be developed to some extent, but these areas are less than ideal for development due to the long-term hazards, negative impact to the capacity of the floodway channel, and the extra costs associated with floodplain development.

Floodplain development in Grayson County has historically occurred in developed areas along the New River as part of Shoreline Recreation lots. Shoreline Recreation Zone District was created to guide the development of the New River shoreline for recreational purposes while protecting the capacity of the floodway to accommodate floodwaters and protect against the loss of life and property as a result of flooding. Improvements to account for water quality, unregulated onsite sewage, overdevelopment, and future hazard mitigation from flooding events are of particular concern.

The Rural Farm Zone District entails the majority of floodplain properties in Grayson County. These areas are mostly wooded and agricultural lands with limited residential structures. Flood prone properties designated as Special Flood Hazard Areas occur along the New River and along major tributaries such as Elk Creek, Fox Creek, Big Wilson Creek, Little River, and others. In all zone districts, floodplain development is guided by the Grayson County Floodplain Ordinance as mandated by Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).



Ordinances and Codes

Grayson County guides the development of land and structures through local land use ordinances and codes.

Floodplain Ordinance

Guides development in the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) designated floodplain. The Floodplain Ordinance is a requirement for the locality's participation in the National Flood Insurance Program. The purpose of the ordinance is to prevent the loss of life and property, the creation of health and safety hazards, prevent the disruption of commerce and government services, and to avoid the extraordinary and unnecessary expenditure of public funds for flood protection and relief, and to prevent the impairment of the tax base. The county flood ordinance applies to all unincorporated areas that lie within a FEMA designated floodplain.

Subdivision Ordinance

The Commonwealth of Virginia requires each locality to prepare and adopt a Subdivision Ordinance. The initial ordinance was adopted in July of 1977, since that time there has been five amendments with the most recent amendment in 2024. The Ordinance applies to the unincorporated areas of the county (towns excluded) and pertains to any division of property. The purpose of the ordinance is to establish subdivision standards and procedures for Grayson County and is part of a long-range plan to guide and facilitate the orderly growth of the county, and to promote the public safety, convenience, comfort, prosperity, and general welfare.

Zoning Ordinance

Land use zoning was adopted in December of 1998. Since that time, the ordinance has been amended fifteen times, with the latest revision in September 2024. Each of the incorporated towns utilizes their own zoning ordinances and administers their own zoning. Guided by the land use goals included in the Comprehensive Plan, the Grayson County Zoning Ordinance is designed to carefully balance the fundamental property rights and interests of the citizens with the needs of the community. Policies to protect public health, safety, and welfare, in addition to the guiding principles of appropriate land use and future land use planning, serve as the basis for zoning.



Erosion & Sediment (E&S) Control Ordinance

The Grayson County Erosion and Sediment Control Ordinance was initially adopted in September of 1975; the latest draft occurred in July 2024. The purpose of this ordinance is to administer the Erosion & Sediment Control Program, which prevents the degradation of properties, stream channels, waters, and other natural resources of the County.

<u>Virginia Stormwater Management Program</u> Grayson County's stormwater program, known as the Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP), is managed by the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality. Its primary goal is to safeguard water quality and quantity from the impacts of stormwater runoff. The agency is responsible for issuing permits, certifying land disturbances, and ensuring compliance for Grayson County.

Building Code

In accordance with Section 36-99 of the Code of Virginia, Grayson County adopted The Uniform Statewide Building Code in 1973. The purpose of the USBC is to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the residents of the Commonwealth of Virginia, provided that the building and structures should be permitted to be constructed at the least possible cost consistent with the recognized standards of health, safety, energy conservation, and water conservation, including versions necessary to prevent overcrowding, rodent or insect infestation, and garbage accumulation; and barrier free provisions for the physically handicapped and aged.

Land Conservation

A significant portion of Grayson County has been placed in either a public or private conservation area. The public lands within the county, including those areas in Grayson Highlands State Park, New River Trail State Park, Matthews State Forest and Old Flat State Forest, Jefferson National Forest and the Mt. Rogers National Recreational Area. Private conservation easements are voluntary legal agreements between a landowner and a prospective easement holder such as; New River Land Trust or Virginia Outdoors Foundation. Conservation easements are used as a tool to preserve the tract for wildlife habitat, agricultural or forestry uses, to protect against development or to preserve open space, and can qualify the property for state tax credits and a local reduction in property tax valuation. Public lands and private conservation easements comprise approximately 17% of the total county area.



Land Use Value Taxation

In some localities use value taxation is used as a tool to preserve farm and forested lands. The theory is that by reducing the tax burden for these properties the locality encourages landowners to keep the property in an agricultural or forested use. The decision to adopt land use taxation by the locality can be a difficult decision and some claim that the tax break for certain landowners will unfairly place a tax burden on others. In some localities with limited sources of revenue for county expenditures the decision can be extremely difficult. Others would argue that a better method for reducing the tax burden is to keep the tax levy low for all use values. Each locality determines its tax levy based on \$1 per \$100 value of the assessed market rate as determined by a scheduled assessment

Strategies

- 11-1 Review existing zoning districts and consider new zoning districts to achieve community land use goals.
- 11-2 Continue Zoning Ordinance reviews and consider amendments for ease of use and to achieve land use goals, as necessary.
- 11-3 Continue to support web-based GIS for citizens' use.
- 11-4 Review and amend land use ordinances to ensure that they are aligned with each other and meet state and federal criteria. Align the ordinances with land use goals.
- 11-5 Improve county tax parcel boundaries and records to accurately reflect the county.
- 11-6 Bolster the county Geographic Information System (GIS) to improve land-use planning and county efficiency.
- 11-7 Host community meetings to gauge citizen input on land use and zoning restrictions.
- 11-8 Sponsor a suitability analysis for land-use types and develop a future land use map based on the recommendations of the suitability analysis.
- 11-9 Amend administrative process for rezones to include site plans and review/interaction with VDOT for rezone applications.
- 11-10 Collaborate with land use agencies who provide technical assistance such as the New River Soil & Water Conservation District, VDOF, USDA NRCS, USDA FSA, and other similar organizations.
- 11-11 Suggest amendments to the subdivision ordinance to require surveys and/or land division data in digital AutoCAD dwq files.
- 11-12 Assist citizens seeking assistance with high cost projects such as home and septic system repair assistance through Community Action Agencies, Mount Rogers Planning District Commission, and other service providers. (See 8-16)
- 11-13 Conduct education and outreach to floodplain property owners. (See 8-5)



Summary and Conclusions

Grayson County faces several challenges due to its land development restrictions, impacting both the County and its residents as they seek to enhance the local economy. To address these issues, the County has established recommendations through its planning and ordinances, working collaboratively with landowners to foster a favorable economic environment while prioritizing land preservation.



Chapter Twelve: Public Input

Introduction

With the last iteration of the comprehensive plan, an intensive study effort was conducted throughout the county, which included three types of input surveys: the Leadership Survey, the Citizen Survey and the Youth Survey. The Planning Commission determined that the survey results were still relevant to the vision for the community and in the interest of cost-savings, did not re-survey the community. Instead of a survey, during the spring and summer of 2018, public meetings were held throughout the county to gauge public input upon the comprehensive plan and the needs of the community. County staff and the Planning Commission led residents from each district through Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, and Threats (SWOT) Analyses to determine the needs for each community from the prospective of those living within that community.

2013 Community Input Process

The Grayson County Planning Commission, in recognition that public input is important for the development of the Comprehensive Plan designed three types of public input surveys; the Leadership Survey, the Citizen Survey and the Youth Survey. For full results from these surveys, please contact the County's Planning and Community Development Department.

Overviews of Different Surveys

Leadership Survey

The Grayson County Planning Commission sponsored a leadership survey as a first-step approach to understanding the issues facing the county.

The Leadership Survey was presented to 173 community leaders in Grayson County who are involved professionally or through civic involvement in the content areas of housing, land use, economy/employment, civic/community, transportation, education, healthcare and recreation, public health and safety, public facilities and services, agriculture, forestry/wildlife and county leadership.

The purpose of the leadership survey was to identify the major issues facing the county and to fully understand the strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats to/for the county. The respondents were given the opportunity to present comments on Grayson County in general and to submit strategies for improving the quality of life in Grayson County.

Of the 173 individuals who received the survey, seventy-two survey responses were received with a forty-two percent rate of return. The Planning Commission used this information to develop the citizen survey, youth survey and the action plan component of the Comprehensive Plan.

Citizen Survey



The Citizen Survey evolved out of questions that the Planning Commission had about the residents of Grayson County such as:

- Where do people travel for work or school?
- What type of profession would they like to be employed in?
- What are the citizens recreational needs?
- What ideas can be utilized for improving education?

To ensure that all residents had an opportunity to participate, the survey was marketed and made available in various methods. Paper surveys were located at twelve survey station locations across the county - three survey stations per district, an online survey was available, a direct door flyer was mailed to every mailbox in the county, and several press releases were issued.

When the results were collected in April of 2013, 693 total surveys were used by Mount Rogers Planning District Commission to extrapolate the data.

- 450 Completed Surveys: 421 online and 29 paper
- 243 Incomplete Surveys (at least one question left unanswered): 50 online and193 paper

Youth Survey

In the Leadership Survey process the Planning Commission identified the issue of out migration of youth as a primary concern for the future of the county. The 2010 Census showed that the median age of citizens was higher than the typical U.S. county (46.7). A Youth Survey was designed to gauge input from young people on topics such as; preferred job types, businesses and services needed in the county, preferred methods for improving the public school system, youth programs, lifelong learning, recreation needs, strengths and weaknesses of the county, ideas for improving the county and where they saw themselves in 5 years and in 10 years. The Grayson County 4-H Extension Agent, Erin Farmer, facilitated the youth survey which was completed by thirty-nine high school seniors and juniors at Grayson County High School.

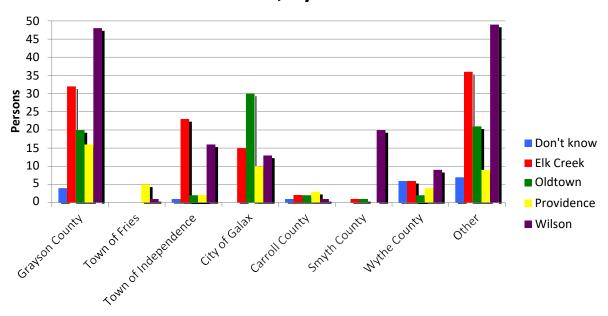
Survey Results

Survey highlights of important factors such as available of medical services, broadband, and public utilities, support needed for agricultural producers, and county facilities needed are listed on the following pages. The County took these responses into great account when determining its goals and strategies.

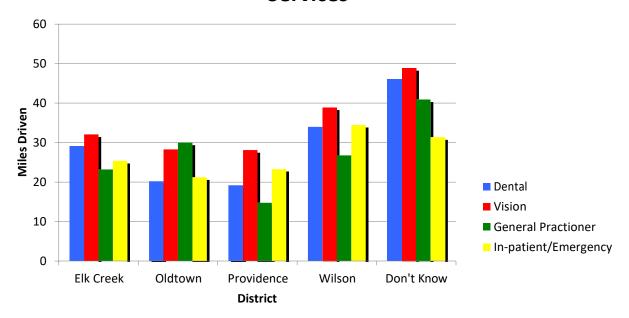


Availability of Employment, Medical Services, and Public Utilities

Where Respondents Travel to for Employment or School, by District

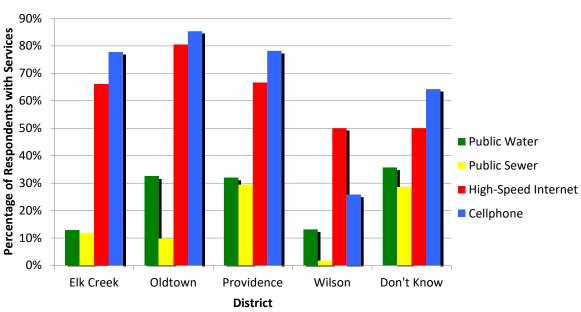


Average Miles Traveled (One Way) to Medical Services



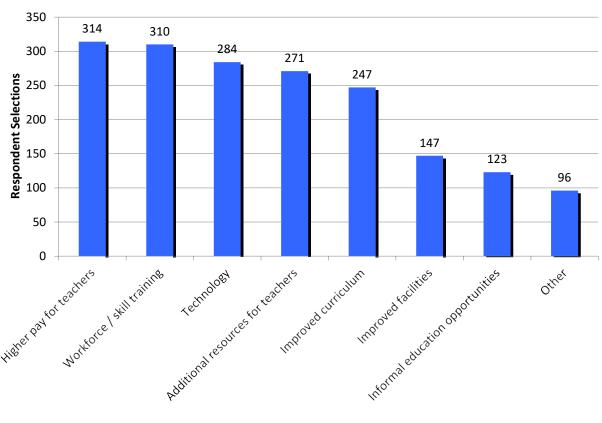


Availability of Services



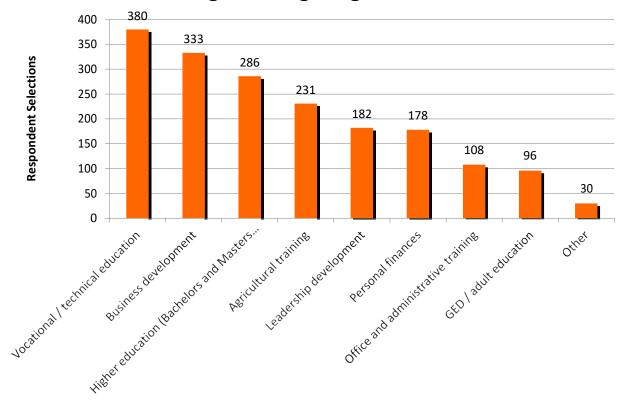
Educational Needs

Improvements to the Public School System



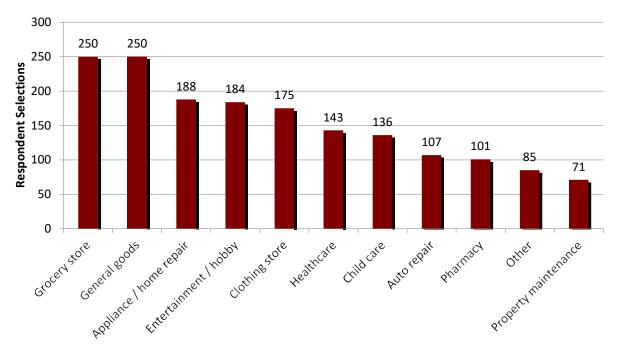


Lifelong Learning Programs Needed



Business Needs

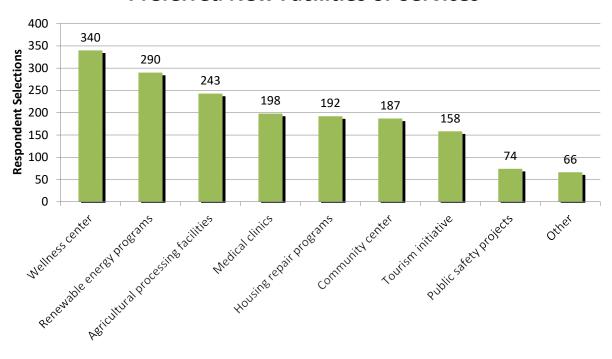
Businesses Needed





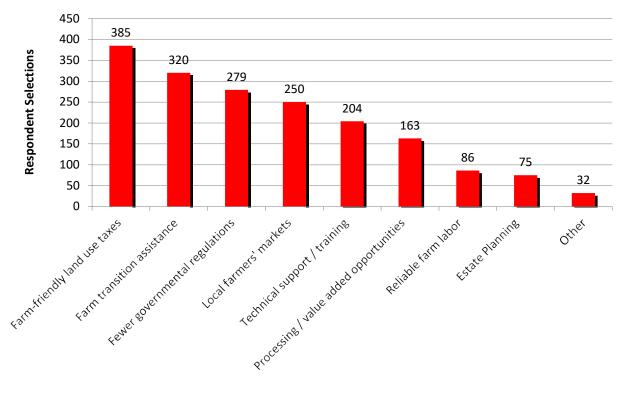
New Facilities Needed

Preferred New Facilities or Services



Agricultural Needs

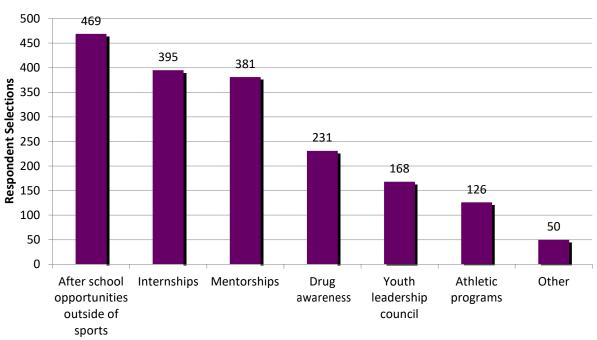
Support the Agricultural Economy





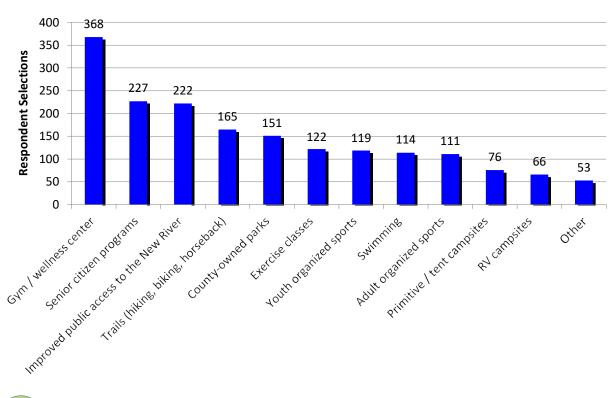
Youth Programs Needed

Youth Programs



Recreation Needed

Recreation Needs





2024 Community Input Process

As referenced above, the Planning Commission deemed that the results of the 2013 survey were still relevant to the community's vision and used those results, in addition to input from public meetings to determine the needs for each community from the prospective of those living within that community.

Listed below are some of the strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats (SWOT)that resonated within the community meetings. It is important to note that an individual SWOT may not apply county-wide, as each community has different needs and resources; for example, while one community might be close to medical services and list that as a strength, another group might have the opposite situation in their community.

Strengths

- Strong community/cultural ties
- Arts and music
- Mount Rogers School for redevelopment
- Natural assets for tourism
 - New River
 - Parks and recreation areas
 - Creeper Trail
 - Appalachian Trail
 - o New River Trail
 - Hunting/fishing/kayaking
- Blue Ridge Discovery Center (BRDC)
- Have community engagement and support
- Events in the county including festivals and 5K runs
- Availability of District 3 Services
- Local products, including maple syrup

Weaknesses

- Lack of connectivity in certain areas, be it roadway, cellular, or broadband
- Cost of living, due to long drive distances
- Aging population without connection to services
- Some youth lack connection to outdoor resources
- Availability of services/groceries/shopping
- Lack of jobs opportunities and/or industry
- Lack of law enforcement services
- Lack of radio communications for emergency services
- Need to pass on traditions
- Need for better communication between tourism marketing and local businesses and services
- Lack of gas stations/shopping



- Lack of accessible health care
- Lack of services for elderly (assisted living, etc.)

Opportunities

- Connections to arts/music in surrounding communities
 - Rex Theatre
 - Henderson School
 - Lincoln Theatre
- Partnerships for tourism
 - o MySWVA
 - Virginia Tourism Corp (VTC)
 - E&H Outdoor program
- BRDC—more local partnerships and youth activities in Grayson
 - After-school activities—trips in Grayson to create community pride/interest and reduce "brain drain"
- Capitalizing on natural assets for tourism
 - Dark Skies
 - Unique flora/fauna
- Internet facilities at Mt. Rogers School
- Health care at Whitetop
- Telecommunications expansion/improvements, including expansion of broadband for home-based jobs/businesses/agritourism/telemedicine
- Law enforcement substation/presence
- Senior citizen community activities
- Stronger community/county admin partnerships
- Marketing local products, including maple syrup
 - Apprenticeships to teach youth
- Mt. Rogers School as a visitor center
- Medical/dental facilities
- Available developable space
- Entrepreneurs and small manufacturers

Threats

- Emergency Services availability/connectivity
- Lack of connectivity (cell phone, internet)
- Lack of connection to E. Grayson County
- Population decline
- Lack of law enforcement availability in more rural areas
- Absentee landowners/lack of interest in community
- Seasonality of businesses



Summary and Conclusions

The survey completed with the 2013 Comprehensive Plan update included information from almost 700 individuals that was used to create a list of strategies. (Results from the 2013 survey are available through the County upon request.) The Planning Commission revised the strategies for accuracy, clarity, and relevance before holding the public meetings and then again after the meetings to best represent the needs of the citizens and their communities. The various revisions resulted in assuring that the prevalent needs within the County are addressed through the strategies and that the county works toward rectifying the issues and/or achieving the goals most important to residents.



Chapter Thirteen: Goals and Strategies Plan

Goals and Strategies

Through the development of the chapters, the public input process from Grayson County citizens, and as a result of numerous planning commission meetings with department heads and community leaders; common themes emerged that were deemed critical to the future of Grayson County. The Grayson County Planning Commission identified a list of prevailing goals and their supporting strategies. The pages that follow recommend strategies that complement the following needs of the county:

- Support life-long learning opportunities.
- Educate and prepare tomorrow's youth for the regional workforce.
- Protect the natural and cultural assets of the county.
- Improve infrastructure throughout the county.
- Strengthen the local economy and increase job growth.
- Improve citizen's quality of life and promote healthy lifestyle choices.
- Continue efforts to provide safe communities.
- Establish reasonable, predictable, and sustainable land-use policy and tools.
- Prepare for issues relating to dynamic shifts in population demographics.
- Promote a responsible and efficient use of government resources.
- Utilize local and regional partnerships.

Initiatives

In addition to and supporting the goals and strategies, County staff has also designated a list of initiatives to help support economic development and improve quality of life within Grayson County:

- Increase broadband throughout the county
- Build a Federally Qualified Healthcare Center
- Develop adaptive reuse for Mt. Rogers School
- Build a wellness center and support programs promoting healthy lifestyles
- Support redevelopment and adaptive reuse of vacant industrial and/or historical properties
- Secure a distribution center
- Support agriculture through improved communication and resources
- Support efforts to expand arts programs and attractions

- Build a small home retirement community
- Address "food desert" in West Grayson
- Develop Powerhouse Falls Connector Bridge to Rec Park Trail Systems
- Enhance the outdoor recreation market
- Support activities that enhance the County's workforce
- Enhance the presence of Mtn. Lynx throughout the County



Population and Housing

See Chapter 3

Goal: Enhance neighborhoods through preservation, revitalization, and quality infill development and create quality affordable housing and mixed-use development in higher population areas.

Summary

In comparison to the rest of the Commonwealth, Grayson County is generally a more affordable location to live, whether renting or owning. Grayson County's housing stock generally consists of single unit, detached homes and mobile homes. With only 3% of housing stock being multi-unit attached homes, there may be a need for multifamily housing within the county. Grayson County also has a higher vacancy rate than the state, due to the high number of homes used for seasonal or recreational purposes.

Similar to the rest of the region, Grayson County's percentage of residents over 39 years of age has been increasing, with the largest gain in the population over 65 years of age. The County needs to pursue programs and strategies to provide for the needs of this aging population and ensure a high quality of life. Additionally, strategies that encourage younger populations to remain in or relocate to Grayson County should be high priorities, as the younger population ensures a viable workforce and steady population growth.

- 3-1 Support private investment in Assisted Living Developments and other housing infrastructure needed for elderly and aging, where possible.
- 3-2 Create information clearinghouse for citizens in need of building repair and energy improvements by connecting them with established organizations such as Rooftop Community Action Agency, Rural Development, HUD, and others.
- 3-3 Consider incentive program to remove pre-1976 manufactured homes that may be unable to meet current building codes.
- 3-4 Create a task force to analyze the environmental health of the county as it relates to septic tank issues, straight-piping, and the lack of a full-time environmental health officer. Ensure that the programs offered by the Health Department align with the needs of the county. (See 9-2)



Education

See Chapter 4

Goal: Support "K-to-Gray" educational opportunities, including career and technical education, long-distance learning, and lifelong learning.

Summary

As a high performing school system can be used as a tool to attract potential industry and business investment and young professional families, Grayson County can continue to maintain and improve its schools' competitiveness and ability to meet the needs of residents. Additionally, with improved technology, it is becoming easier for more rural areas to provide distance education opportunities, and Grayson County can continue to improve its higher education and career and technical education opportunities. Along with its more traditional education opportunities, the County can also tap into the resources of its many retirees and second-home professionals who may be willing to share their expertise through volunteer instructional programs. Hands-on training for business development, renewable energy, agricultural and forestry education, and other lifestyle and small business learning experiences would provide new skills for residents regardless of age or experience and continue to improve quality of life.

- 4-1 Provide advanced technology and technology infrastructure to schools and students. Consider grant opportunities and donation infrastructure.
- 4-2 Offer diverse after-school programs to include non-athletic activities such as ag/forestry, career readiness, arts and craft internships, college courses, leadership training, trade skills and advance degree programs.
- 4-3 Consider performance-based salaries and incentive salaries to attract/keep high performing teachers.
- 4-4 Increase Career & Tech Education Program and consider other trade-based youth/adult programs to educate "workforce ready" population for local employment or for small business development. To include: AC & Refrigeration, Masonry, Landscaping, Building Trades, EMT, Criminal Justice, Corrections, Property Management, Agriculture/Forestry, Home Health/Medical, and Culinary Arts
- 4-5 Partner with established colleges to offer a "satellite campus" in Grayson County for advanced degrees and long-distance learning.
- 4-6 Consider vacant spaces/buildings to utilize for advanced learning, trade education, small business development, community centers, mentorship/internship headquarters, and other programs.
- 4-7 Conduct Feasibility Study for school system "Early Diversion Program". Program will identify students who may benefit from career/ technical training programs.
- 4-8 Continue to support the Virginia Cooperative Extension Service and public libraries as valuable educational opportunities for the county.



- 4-9 Integrate Agriculture in Education/Community by developing an internship/mentorship program for youth to gain experience/build resumes, expand Agricultural Education opportunities beyond traditional audiences and develop New/Beginning/Veteran Farmer Programs in partnership with Farm Bureau, CATE Center, NRCS SWCD, Cooperative Extension, Department of Forestry, etc. Combine with leadership training. (See 6-9)
- 4-10 Reach out to second home, retirees, professionals and other potential volunteers to lead education programs in; trades, business, leadership /after school/intern etc.
- 4-11 Provide education for repeat offenders emphasize the needs for those in the Criminal Justice System to re-enter society as productive citizens.
- 4-12 Develop an information system/network for county residents to learn about lifelong learning opportunities already offered by area organizations. Support workshops and programs already offered for lifelong learning. For example: after-hours agriculture shop to local residents outside of school hours.
- 4-13 Work with agencies and educational institutions to develop job skill training programs to meet identified gaps in the local workforce. (See 5-12)
- 4-14 Work with the school system to provide afterschool leadership development academy to encourage the next generation of leaders.



Economy

See Chapter 5

Goal: Support and expand existing businesses, attract new businesses, and provide a broad range of employment opportunities and a high quality of life for residents of, and those employed in, Grayson County.

Summary

Expansion in educational opportunities will help support a strong workforce that meets the needs of employers. To retain existing industries and attract new businesses, the County needs to continue to support infrastructure improvements and try to expand infrastructure in areas where business development is expected. Fiber or wireless internet expansion will impact small business development, especially for small businesses that operate outside of major corridors and towns. Grayson County's transitioning economy continues to convey the importance of the region's natural and cultural assets and the need to support local entrepreneurs.

- 5-1 Continue support of regional economic development authorities and small business incubators/development centers.
- 5-2 Continue recruitment efforts of industries to the Wildwood Industrial Park, Blue Ridge Crossroads Commerce Park and the Grayson County Industrial Park.
- 5-3 Encourage efforts to ensure the necessary infrastructure is in place and operating at the Wildwood Industrial Park, Grayson County Industrial Park, Blue Ridge Crossroads Commerce Park, and other industrial developments where they align with Grayson County's best interest.
- 5-4 Create inventory of the privately owned commercial and industrial sites and assist, where possible, with infrastructure needs or marketing to spur economic development.
- 5-5 Promote small business development by encouraging creative financing programs such as revolving loan funds, grants, and small business plan challenges.
- 5-6 Encourage small businesses and other types of economic development through asset-based development, especially with a focus on diversification of outdoor recreation activities.
- 5-7 Survey small business owners to understand the needs of these businesses and leverage resources to assist these needs.
- 5-8 Consider participation in regional Enterprise Zone to encourage local investment and business development.
- 5-9 Gauge the support for a local office park to accommodate those without internet who may need personal office and when space is needed for business development.
- 5-10 Support initiatives that create employment through value-added processing of local agriculture and forestry resources. (See 6-4)



- 5-11 Support efforts, where feasible, to encourage the development of advanced communication infrastructure; broadband, wireless internet, and cell coverage/towers. (See 8-1)
- 5-12 Work with agencies and educational institutions to develop job skill training programs to meet identified gaps in the local workforce. (See 4-13)



Agriculture and Forestry

See Chapter 6

Goal: Preserve, protect, and enhance the quality of Grayson County's agricultural areas and promote rural lifestyles, farmland, agricultural and forestry enterprises, open space, recreation, and historic resources within the county.

Summary

As the largest segment of Grayson County's industry, agriculture and forestry pursuits involve a large portion of the county's residents. Most of the County's agricultural products are consumed outside of the county and represent a major stream for external dollars to flow back into the county. The rising trends of agritourism, value-added products, and local foods initiatives are promoting agriculture and local products to new audiences, expanding the demand for local products, and increasing value in local communities. There are numerous opportunities for expanded education and training to local entrepreneurs, farmers, and foresters that will also support increased economic impact within the county.

- 6-1 Create a committee of stakeholders and volunteers to analyze the causes of different types of agricultural damages, recommend policies/strategies to encourage farming, agriculture land retention, and strategies to improve ag/economics.
- 6-2 Educate residents about opportunities to protect prime farmland and encourage the farming of this land in future land-use decisions.
- 6-3 Support local food initiatives and consider collaborating with local farmers and regional agricultural organizations to create a regional food hub that will transport and market local agricultural products.
- 6-4 Support initiatives that create employment through value-added/processing of local agriculture and forestry resources and exploring implications of use-value taxation as an additional tax incentive in partnership with the Grayson EDA. (See 5-10)
- 6-5 Consider expanding efforts of agritourism initiatives in partnership with the Tourism Director. (See 10-9)
- 6-6 Consider workforce development program to meet the local farm/forestry labor needs and plan accordingly.
- 6-7 Create a marketing plan by evaluating the need for web-based clearinghouse of ag/forestry assets, educating producers on best options to market products and marketing options and assist producers with greater market access new markets, aggregation and distribution of products. (Producers, value-added products, active farms, local food infrastructure & transportation options for food products
- 6-8 Encourage tourism visitation by supporting the Blue Ridge Discovery Center, Matthews Farm Museum, the 1908 Courthouse, New River Trail State Park, Grayson Highlands State Park, and/or other natural & cultural history museums as tourism development. (See 10-8)



- 6-9 Integrate Agriculture in Education/Community by developing an internship/mentorship program for youth to gain experience/build resumes, expand Agricultural Education opportunities beyond traditional audiences and develop New/Beginning/Veteran Farmer Programs in partnership with Farm Bureau, CATE Center, NRCS SWCD, Cooperative Extension, Department of Forestry, etc. Combine with leadership training. (See 4-9)
- 6-10 Support the GATE Center Commercial Kitchen as a resource for food safety education and business start-up within the food industry.
- 6-11 Develop an Agriculture Economic Development plan focusing on top three priorities: Land Conversion/Transition, Marketing Strategies and Exploring Tax Incentives. This plan will be reviewed every year and updated every 5 years.
- 6-12 Support development of multi-use facility/campus by following recommendations stated within feasibility study once complete in partnership with the Grayson County Agriculture Fair Foundation.
- 6-13 Promote sustainable forestry plans in partnership with the Department of Forestry and Cooperative Extension Service.
- 6-14 Support water quality and riparian buffer programs by promoting educational programs and aiding NRCS, SWCD in seeking additional administrative funding support
- 6-15 Create awareness of agricultural issues via public relations and promoting unbiased informational resources.
- 6-16 Educate landowners on estate planning as it relates to generational farm transactions.



Transportation

See Chapter 7

Goal: Support a sustainable transportation system that links highways, transit, greenways, sidewalks and bike trails to provide multimodal transportation options.

Summary

Grayson County's primary method of transportation is the road system, of which a large portion is supported by the Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT). VDOT maintains, supports, and develops state roads and road infrastructure within the county. The SMART SCALE transportation program has shown how imperative it is for the County to work closely with VDOT to develop the most economical and common-sense solutions to solve transportation issues. The County's collaboration with District Three Governmental Cooperative and its Mountain Lynx public transit are instrumental in providing public transportation options to residents and have the potential to be expanded within the county. In addition to roads and public transit, the rise in outdoor recreation and tourism in recent years has created numerous opportunities for the County to improve bicycling and pedestrian transportation.

- 7-1 Continue to work with Virginia Department of Transportation to develop, design, and implement transportation projects, including, but not limited to, SMART SCALE, Highway Safety, Bike Pedestrian Safety, and Transportation Alternatives projects.
- 7-2 Continue efforts to support the Twin County Airport (TCA).
- 7-3 Develop School System Capital Improvement Plan to prioritize transportation and facility improvement projects.
- 7-4 Partner with Towns to expand bicycling and pedestrian transportation options.
- 7-5 Proceed with Phase IV of the Independence Pedestrian and Bike Trail. See 8-4)
- 7-6 Use VDOT, Sherriff Department and State Police to understand guardrail needs for reoccurring safety concerns.
- 7-7 Amend administrative process for rezones to include site plans and review/interaction with VDOT for rezone applications. (See *11-9*)
- 7-8 Continue supporting District Three and Mountain Lynx and encourage citizen participation through marketing efforts.



Public Services, Facilities, and Utilities

See Chapter 8

Goal: Expand access to improved and enhanced community services, facilities, and infrastructure for all; and expanded opportunities for social equity among diverse community groups.

Summary

High quality public services, facilities, and utilities are imperative to the sustained quality of life in Grayson County. The County's efforts to expand services and infrastructure to support a greater percentage of the county are often hampered by terrain and inaccessibility of some areas of the county, so advances in technology stand to have a great impact upon the availability of these services in the future. The County understands the challenges of meeting the needs of different age groups, including creating age-friendly communities and services for children and seniors.

- 8-1 Support and encourage the development of advanced communication infrastructure; broadband, wireless internet, and cell coverage/towers. (See 5-11)
- 8-2 Support volunteer emergency services to ensure that all residents can receive timely emergency assistance.
- 8-3 Continue working with the Senior Advocacy Committee to assess the unmet needs of the elderly and develop strategies to mitigate concerns and meet future needs. (See 9-4)
- 8-4 Proceed with Phase IV of the Independence Pedestrian and Bike Trail. (See 7-7)
- 8-5 Conduct education and outreach to floodplain property owners. (See 11-13)
- 8-6 Create a multidisciplinary committee to research techniques/programs that prevent the cycle of poverty. The study should include how poverty relates to lack of employment, education, lifestyle choices, substance abuse, personal responsibility/work ethic and social services.
- 8-7 Reduce long term cost to the county by improving efficiency of facilities, services, and work flows.
- 8-8 Consider the extension of water and sewer lines to communities with gaps in service or when environmental health threats necessitate action
- 8-9 Evaluate county water infrastructure throughout the county and develop a maintenance schedule to ensure that services remain viable.
- 8-10 Support efforts to reduce crime and substance abuse in Grayson County.
- 8-11 Encourage countywide efforts to reduce waste and increase recycling.
- 8-12 Support strategies to prolong the life of the regional landfill by increasing recycling/reuse of materials for ALL partners in the Solid Waste Authority.



- 8-13 Support initiatives that expand the recycling program and the ability to collect revenue. Consider investing in a truck to haul products and a glass recycling/crushing process to capture revenue from this waste stream.
- 8-14 Achieve Certified Crime Prevention Community Status.
- 8-15 Expand the Recreation Department programs and facilities to include adult/senior programs and outdoor recreation.
- 8-16 Assist citizens seeking assistance with high cost projects such as home and septic system repair assistance through Community Action Agencies, Mount Rogers Planning District Commission, and other service providers. Promote foster parenting in the community. (See 11-12)
- 8-17 Continue improving the government website to facilitate the exchange of information in an accurate and efficient way.
- 8-18 Support educational programs about responsible animal ownership.
- 8-19 Support and expand activities of the Day Report Program to prevent repeat offenders and assist them with transitioning back into the community.
- 8-20 Utilize crime statistic data and GIS to identify, prescribe and treat areas of acute criminal activity.
- 8-21 Expand DARE program into the higher grades in conjunction with School Resource Officer program.
- 8-22 Build social capital by encouraging the formation and growth of civic clubs that address community needs. Topics may include scholarships, affordable housing, and other social issues.
- 8-23 Consider resolution for "Clean Grayson Month" to promote civic and public actions to clean up the county.
- 8-24 Encourage community members to participate in and/or support volunteer and emergency services in their communities.



Health and Wellness

See Chapter 9

Goal: Improve health and wellness services and facilities within Grayson County and enhance resident access.

Summary

As it is the foundation of any successful community, maintaining a healthy population is a major concern for Grayson County. "Lifestyle illnesses," or those related to negative lifestyle choices, seem to be the primary health concern for residents, and the county is working to expand community access to health care and fitness activities. As there has been overwhelming support for improved access to wellness activities, including construction of trails and creation of a wellness center, this need remains a key concern of the County. Proximity to affordable health and dental care is another major concern of the County as it is often difficult for residents to access needed services.

- 9-1 Support the development of a Community Fitness/Wellness Center to provide opportunity for exercise and physical fitness.
- 9-2 Create a task force to analyze the environmental health of the county. As it relates to septic tank issues/straight-piping, the lack of a full-time environmental health officer. Ensure that the programs offered by the Health Department align with the needs of the county. (See 3-4)
- 9-3 Survey other communities to gather input on strategies for attracting medical clinics and services. Support private investments in medical services and clinics where possible.
- 9-4 Continue working with the Senior Advocacy Committee to assess the unmet needs of the elderly and develop strategies to mitigate concerns and meet future needs. (See 8-3)
- 9-5 Expand the Recreation Department programs and facilities to include adult/senior programs and outdoor recreation. (See 8-15)



Tourism

See Chapter 10

Goal: Preserve, enhance, and protect Grayson County's environmental resources to maintain high quality of life for residents and sustainable development for the future

Summary

Grayson County's varied outdoor recreation assets, traditional music, historical assets, and agrarian landscape have made it a popular destination for tourists. As outdoor tourism has expanded, available resources have been devoted to help promote the County, but certain challenges have placed limitations on tourism's ability to bring in additional funds, including the shortage of restaurants and tourism related businesses, limited staff time, and the lack of a fulltime visitor information center. The County is looking at numerous ways to help tourism become a viable economic option for the future. Partnerships with local and regional tourism initiatives are key for the expansion of the tourism economy in the County.

- 10-1 Partner with regional tourism initiatives such as The Crooked Road, Round the Mountain, and other organizations accountable for increasing tourism.
- 10-2 Actively promote cultural events such as festivals, markets, music and other communal activities that are regional attractions to Grayson County, as well as marketing local products.
- 10-3 Create a tourism brand for outdoor recreational assets on the western end of Grayson County to promote tourism and small business development.
- 10-4 Complete an inventory and a review of natural and cultural assets of the community
- 10-5 Consider a full-time visitor/tourism center.
- 10-6 Support collaboration between Grayson County and local historical societies/organizations to promote important historical/cultural resources of the county.
- 10-7 Bridge the Tourism and Recreation Departments to ensure that visitors can access local recreational offerings
- 10-8 Encourage tourism by supporting the Blue Ridge Discovery Center, Matthews Farm Museum, the 1908 Courthouse, Grayson Highlands State Park, The New River and/or other natural and cultural history museums as tourism development. (See 6-8)
- 10-9 Consider expanding efforts of agritourism initiatives in partnership with agritourism. (See 6-5)
- 10-10 Support efforts to replace old welcome signs and implement wayfinding and information signage across the County in partnership with agritourism.



Land Use

See Chapter 11

Goal: Facilitate land use patterns that offer a variety of housing choices and convenient access to neighborhood shopping, schools, parks, and other services; protect property owners from incompatible land uses; make efficient use of Grayson County's limited land capacity; and coordinate land uses with infrastructure needs.

Summary

Grayson County's mountainous terrain, high acreage in forests, and pastoral landscape create the quality of life that is often cited as one of the reasons that residents love living in the County. Grayson County recognizes the need to protect natural assets while at the same time maintaining a healthy climate for businesses. The County's Land Use Ordinances and Codes guide the development of land and ensure that the local policy reflects state and federal mandates for soil and water protection and floodplain management.

- 11-1 Review existing zoning districts and consider new zoning districts to achieve community land use goals.
- 11-2 Continue Zoning Ordinance reviews and consider amendments for ease of use and to achieve land use goals, as necessary.
- 11-3 Continue to support web-based GIS for citizens' use.
- 11-4 Review and amend land use ordinances to ensure that they are aligned with each other and meet state and federal criteria. Aligning the ordinances with land use goals.
- 11-5 Improve county tax parcel boundaries and records to accurately reflect the county.
- 11-6 Bolster the county Geographic Information System (GIS) to improve land-use planning and county efficiency.
- 11-7 Host community meetings to gauge citizen input on land use and zoning restrictions.
- 11-8 Sponsor a suitability analysis for land-use types and develop a future land use map based on the recommendations of the suitability analysis.
- 11-9 Amend administrative process for rezones to include site plans and review/interaction with VDOT for rezone applications.
- 11-10 Collaborate with land use agencies who provide technical assistance such as the New River Soil & Water Conservation District, VDOF, USDA NRCS, USDA FSA, and other similar organizations.
- 11-11 Consider amendments to the subdivision ordinance to require surveys and/or land division data in digital AutoCAD dxf files.
- 11-12 Assist citizens seeking assistance with high-cost projects such as home and septic system repair assistance through Community Action Agencies, Mount Rogers Planning District Commission, and other service providers. (See 8-16)
- 11-13 Conduct education and outreach to floodplain property owners. (See 8-5)

Grayson County Addendums

Chapter Fourteen: Addendums

Approval of addendums, which are supported by the Grayson County Planning Commission, any future revisions made to approved addendums shall come before the Planning Commission for reapproval to ensure cohesiveness to the Grayson County Comprehensive Plan.

Grayson County Senior Advocacy Committee 5-Year Plan Utility-Scale Renewable Energy Facilities Policies Grayson County Parks and Recreation Master Plan

Grayson County Senior Advocacy Committee AARP & World Health Organization Age-Friendly Community Network 5-Year Plan 2018-2023





EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

In July of 2016 a small group of citizens presented a summary of findings of the Governor's Conference on Aging held in Richmond, Virginia in May of 2016 to the Grayson County Board of Supervisors. We are facing the fact that 1 in 3 Americans are 50 or older, and the fact that our Millennial Generation (current age 11 - 35: the coming workforce) are disappearing. This fact is exacerbated in Grayson County because of 2 factors: the lack of jobs for our youth, and the shrinking current childbearing and working population. And so, Grayson citizens offered to assist the County in inventorying the current services available in the County to senior citizens, and assessing the availability of critical senior services.

In response to this offer of assistance, the Board of Supervisors, with the assistance of the County Administrator and staff and participation of the volunteers, created and passed a resolution which formally created the Grayson County Senior Advocacy Committee (GCSAC), outlined the requirements for service on the committee, the purpose, mission statement, goals, and the roles and responsibilities of the committee members. The committee consists of three to five Grayson County citizens, one Grayson County Supervisor, and one Planning Commission member. ¹ The committee meets once per month; meeting times and place are published, and the public is invited.

The GCSAC acts as a "think tank." Soon after their appointment the GCSAC applied to the World Health Organization (WHO) and AARP's Age-Friendly Community Network and received Certification for Grayson County. The Committee recognized that the AFCN offered a great deal of structure and resources that would help to focus the work of the committee while eliminating the need to reinvent the wheel! Since receiving that Certification, the GCSAC began using the AARP guidelines, focusing on their 8 Dominions² to assess the County's status as an Age-Friendly Community Network member, and to recommend strategies to the Board of Supervisors for the County to achieve its stated purpose, goals, and mission as a member of this Network. The general purpose and hoped-for outcome of this work is improved quality of life for Grayson County citizens of all ages, and improved access to services - both publicly and privately provided - as those services become necessary.

The following is a 5-Year Plan for achieving the purpose, goals and mission of the Committee. The GCSAC chose to create a 5-Year Plan, rather than the AARP suggested 3-Year Plan, so it will be in sync with the County's Comprehensive 5-Year Plan schedule.

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COUNTY PROFILE

Grayson County, Virginia covers an area of 446 square mountainous miles in the heart of Appalachia with a population of 15,107. Only 720 individuals identified themselves as belonging to a race other than white. Our median age is 47.6. The County seat is in the town of Independence, where most services are located. Our main industry is agriculture, involving livestock, timber, and non-timber forest products such as wildcrafted herbs. Our median household income is just under \$30,000. There is a strong, emotional attachment to the land; many families have lived in this county for over 200 years. With vast undeveloped areas of timbered land and elevations ranging from 2,500 to 5,729 feet on Mt. Rogers, Grayson boasts of an extraordinary diversity of flora and fauna. Hunting, fishing, hiking and other outdoor recreation opportunities abound. Old time and bluegrass music are common pastimes and a point of pride for the culture.

We do have a variety of populations in Grayson County's citizenry with different points of view: the "native" residents (people who were born and raised within the County), the retirees who discovered the beauty and charms of Grayson and have migrated here, the folks who grew up here and left the area to pursue careers elsewhere and then came back, and the latest influx - young and mid-life folks wanting to farm and develop homesteads using the latest non-traditional approaches such as: permaculture, organic, biodynamic techniques along with intense rotational grazing. This trend is being encouraged by our forward-thinking County Extension services, Grayson LandCare organization, and our Vet to Farms program.

To illustrate the contrast in service needs, our native population is amazingly self- sufficient and has much lower expectations regarding the availability of services. Example: The County has one grocery store; this is not an issue with the natives but is a huge disappointment to retirees settling here. In our survey of services, we identified the following missing services that one might expect to find in any community: There is no hospital in the county, no physicians in the western end of the county, only one nursing home and no assisted living or co-housing options, and there are no senior living communities, no PACE Center, no department stores. Shopping outside of the County seat of Independence is limited to gas-and-go convenience stores, yard sales, and auctions. We also are somewhat proud of the fact that we have no McDonalds.

The population is spread over the 446 square miles, much of which is isolated due to the lack of infrastructure and topography. There are only two main paved roads, and there is no interstate access. A large number of county roads are graveled. Much of the population resides in the myriad small communities that dot the landscape. Each community has its own personality, identity, strengths, and weaknesses. These small communities lend an atmosphere of charming village life to the County.

The County provides a mild climate and has an abundance of extraordinary outdoor activity venues. The New River is the oldest river in North America, running south to north. The river supports fishing, tubing, canoeing and kayaking, as well as adjoining camp and RV sites. Cold mountain streams support trout fishing. Grayson Highlands State Park and the Mt. Rogers Recreation Area provide miles of trails for hiking - including the legendary Appalachian Trail - and horseback riding. The New River Trail, part of the Rails to Trails program, provides an easy, relatively flat elevation trail for hikers, bikers, and horseback riders alike, as it follows along the New River. Clean air, clean water, and a low crime rate enhance the nature-filled, easy lifestyle here. The Blue

Ridge Birders and Blue Ridge Discovery Center guide locals and visitors in amazing outdoor

discoveries.

Music is played in most homes. It is taught on porches in the evenings throughout the County. Every small community has their own fiddler's convention, but the granddaddy of them all is the annual Galax Fiddler's Convention, which has been in continuous operation for more than eighty years. The annual Grayson County Fiddler's Convention is held at a ballpark in Elk Creek. Music lovers from all over the world come to enjoy a week of Old-Time music second to none.

INTRODUCTION TO THE PLAN

Given the scope of designing an AARP Age-Friendly Community Network Plan for an entire county, especially such a poor and rural county as described in the County Profile, one might think the task overwhelming and unattainable. We are choosing to view our challenges as opportunities for economic development! The top concerns of senior citizens here (as identified through surveys of our seniors) and throughout the U.S. are transportation, access to healthcare, and affordable housing. Providing transportation seems a particularly daunting task when viewed from the County-wide perspective.

The over-arching strategy for our action plan is to review our County community-by- community, in a "village" approach. We chose to divide the County into our existing four voting districts which, by design, contain roughly equal population numbers. These districts are reviewed every 10 years and boundary lines adjusted to maintain parity among them. The districts are: Wilson, Elk Creek, Providence, and Oldtown Districts. Assessing communities by voting district accomplishes two things: 1) We divide the county into more manageable parcels. 2) The general population is more likely to actually read the Action Plan section that relates to their district and therefore will be more likely to engage in the process! We then assess the communities within each of these four districts for the basic services available and those missing and evaluated the livability of each community based on the AARP defined 8 domains. Following assessment, we then identify strategies to effectively "infill" each community with basic services and address identified livability issues. By taking the village approach, we limit travel distances required to access basic services and enhance each of our communities' livability, all the while building the County's tax base via the addition of new businesses. The GCSAC met with the leaders of each Community, shared our strategies, and received support of the basic idea from all of the Community Leaders, including identifying the priority of those communities. Attached are detailed descriptions of each district.

The focus of our 5-Year Plan is to highlight strategies for meeting basic needs in transportation, access to health & community services, affordable housing, and the social issues dominant in an aging population. We also include recommendations for improvement in our infrastructure (broadband access and cell service) and identifying the most effective ways of disseminating information. We feel that our public outdoor spaces are accessible, inclusive, and plentiful. However, we have included strategies in our 5-Year Plan that will support and encourage greater use of public outdoor venues by senior citizens.

HOW THE PLAN WAS DEVELOPED AND WHOWAS

INVOLVED IN ITS DEVELOPMENT

The core idea of the Plan - a decentralized view of the County, or "village" approach - was developed by the GCSAC in its monthly meetings in an effort to address the major transportationissues facing elders. While transportation issues are huge everywhere, including major urban areas, they are exacerbated here by the mountainous nature of the topography and the isolation created by the combination of topography, the winter season, and the fragile nature of elders. In order to develop a manageable plan, the GCSAC began to explore the idea of developing a transportation strategy within each of the five main Communities within the County rather than a trans-county plan. District III Governmental Cooperative, the Area Agency on Aging which serves senior citizens in our Southwest Virginia District, already provides bus transportation weekly to area citizens, as well as volunteer drivers for seniors who need transportation out of state for medical needs. The bus service, however, is not adequate for local doctor's visits or basic shopping needs and errands, e.g. groceries, clothing, cleaning supplies, farm supplies, prescription pick-up, etc.

As the GCSAC looked more closely at these five discrete Communities within the County, we realized that each aspect of the 8 domains of an Age-Friendly Community became more easily addressed within each of these five Communities. A draft of the basic strategies was completed and reviewed by the GCSAC. The committee then determined that it was important to share these strategies with the leadership of each Community and gather feedback from them. Over a two-month period, each Community was visited, a list of the Community's priorities was made, and the basic plan shared with their leaders. Every community supported the Plan and contributed to the Plan.

The Plan was also shared with members of the Board of Supervisors and the Planning Commission and the Director of Planning and Community Development as well as the County Administrator and the Director of the local high school Career and Technical Education Center (CATE Center). The District III Director, Mike Guy, members of the Mt. Rogers Planning District Commission, the Director of Grayson County's Department of Social Services (DSS), and key members of DSS staff were also included.

The health care services component was such a big piece of this 5-Year Plan that a subcommittee was formed to research and develop recommendations for greater accessibility strategies for seniors. The sub-committee was comprised of local hospital CEO's, area physicians, hospital board chairs, and representatives of the District Department of Health. In addition, the GCSAC sought and received advice and assistance from Dr. Nancy Brossoie and Dr. Eunju Hwang of Virginia Tech's Department of Gerontology.

WHO WILLMANAGE THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN

By Resolution of the Board of Supervisors (BOS), the Grayson County Senior Advisory Committee can develop strategies and recommendations but is not authorized to implement those strategies and recommendations. Therefore, it will be the Board of Supervisors (BoS) who will take the actions necessary to implement the 5-Year Plan. The GCSAC is confident that the BoS will follow through with the implementation of the Plan if at all possible, as the BoS has already taken steps to incorporate the AARPAge-Friendly Network priorities into the County's Comprehensive 5-Year Plan. The BoS has also indicated that the AARP AFN 5-Year Plan, upon their approval, will be appended to the County's Comprehensive 5-Year Plan. The GCSAC will continue to act as a resource to the Board of Supervisors and will support the BoS in their efforts to implement the Plan as directed by the BoS. The GCSAC will also continue to act as an interface between County Government and its citizens.

THE ACTION PLAN

This Action Plan is primarily organized by domains and then livability within each of the five designated Grayson County Communities.

DOMAIN # 1. OUTDOOR SPACES AND BUILDINGS

Grayson County has an abundance of outdoor spaces, venues for events, covered pavilions for shelter and accessible bathroom facilities. Outdoor activities and social events take place year 'round. Most activities and events are accessible by car and bus. Senior citizens not only take part in every conceivable activity — they are usually the organizers of the events! The parades and festivals are too numerous to list. They include food, entertainment, craft sales, educational experiences, music, celebrations, and social engagement. There are so many outdoor events in the county that we have multiple events going on every weekend. It is impossible to attend all of them.

Recommended Strategies:

Nearly perfect now, we can think of only a few strategies to improve livability in our outdoor venues. An example:

In Independence we identified 6 major strengths we would like to combine to leverage a better quality of life for our seniors. The major strengths for livability there are:

- a) the existence of a nursing home,
- b) a large park in the center of town and across the road from the nursing home which the Town and County are developing,
- c) a library located next to the park and across the road from the nursing home,
- d) a vibrant Farmer's Market held on Fridays in that same park May thru October,
- e) the 1908 Courthouse which houses a museum and is home to a variety of musical and theater events and lectures, and finally,
- f) Independence boasts a paved, landscaped trail from the center of town leading to a recreation/park area.

<u>Goal</u> - Partner with the local nursing home to develop strategies that will encourage their seniors who are able, to safely enjoy the outdoors more often.

- 1. In assessing actions that would encourage this outcome we identified the following needs:
 - a. Design colorful crosswalk and signage from the nursing home to the library/park area and embellish existing crosswalks at the center of town.
- 2. Create attractive information signage, rest stations, and colorful, painted directional icons on the paved trail, to encourage and inform users of thetrail.

3. An example of an innovative approach to provide safe, outdoor experiences for seniors is a bicycle powered rickshaw type conveyance currently being used throughout Europe for that purpose, employing volunteer bicycle enthusiasts to provide the pedal power!

Throughout the County we recommend each event venue attempt to provide at least one easy-on golf cart type vehicle for transporting seniors at most large events. We also recommend a tent be provided for senior citizens and individuals with small children at most large outdoor venues to provide shelter from the elements, seating, hot and cold cold beverages, and possibly a fan.

DOMAIN #2 TRANSPORTATION

Transportation for senior citizens is a huge issue throughout Virginia and the U.S. in general. The problem is exacerbated here by the mountainous terrain and the large area (446 square miles) this County covers. District III Senior Services has a new Lynx bus system that is available to transport all Grayson citizens to area businesses and physicians located in Independence and also outside the County in the town of Galax. Citizens in each area within the County are given access to the District III bus one day per week. In some areas access to bus service is granted three weeks out of four. District III Senior Services also provides volunteer drivers to senior citizens who qualify and who need transportation out of the area for their doctor's appointments. The American Cancer Society provides transportation for some individuals undergoing cancer treatment.

These services are very much appreciated, but they do not meet all the transportation needs of area elders. For instance, an appointment with a physician in Galax or Independence may require the individual to arrive prior to the timing of the bus service. Also, oftentimes individuals must wait over an hour to see their physician and they cannot meet the schedule of the returning bus. In addition, not all buses are equipped with lifts, and there are elders who cannot safely negotiate the steps in and out of the buses.

The greatest number of transports provided to our elders is provided via family members and neighbors. As tightly knit as our communities are, even those resources are being strained by the increasing needs of our elders and the rapid increase in our elder population. Family members and neighbors also must work and have other commitments that often prevent them from meeting their elder's transportation needs.

Recommended Strategies:

- 1. Our first strategy is to encourage the infill of primary services within each of the 5 communities identified. Most, but not all, of our elders are concentrated in these village settings. If our elders have access to food, pharmacy, physician, and sundries in their local community, then transportation is not difficult to secure as time and mileages are drastically shortened, thus enhancing livability and the pleasantries of village life. We recommend the County develop a comprehensive list of venture capitalists and local "Angels" as well as a list of incentives that could be offered to encourage small business development.
- 2. Secondly, the county has recently acquired a nearly new 16 passenger bus, which can be used out of county and out of state. The bus is not for the exclusive use of seniors; however, we propose to partner with District III to develop a creative and effective scheduled use of that bus to facilitate our senior population's needs as we work toward bringing more services into each community.
- 3. We would encourage the County to investigate funding opportunities to develop a pilot

"UBER" type service utilizing self-driving vehicles with trained attendants for our seniors. This pilot program could be developed by our Career and Technology Education (CATE) Center at the local high school. This would give students the opportunity to write a business plan, train in the delivery of safe transfers, and also automotive students could train in the maintenance of these high-tech vehicles. The pilot program would initially provide services to Independence residents only but could be expanded over time. We envision that autonomous vehicles are the wave of the very near future and rural areas are an ideal environment for their use.

4. We recommend collaboration with District III Senior Services to review their routes. We further recommend the County explore the possible use of the District III Lynx system to transport senior citizens to large outdoor venues. We also recommend seeking additional funding to supplement the Lynx system to provide transportation for seniors to Grayson County events.

DOMAIN #3 HOUSING

Affordable housing is a major need in Grayson County. Most of our existing housing consists of old, uninsulated farm houses and manufactured housing. The old farm houses are impossible to reasonably and properly heat and cool. Maintenance needs are ongoing and costly. Many are multistory and lack the amenities for senior living, or for raising a young family for that matter! Much of the manufactured housing is old and sub-standard. The existing housing that does not fall into either of these categories is mostly beyond the price range of our youth and elders.

Recommended Strategies:

With the advent of new laws in the commonwealth regarding Accessory Dwelling Units, we recommend the development of a "small kit home" business by our Grayson High School CATE Center (Career and Technical Education Center) students and faculty and County resources. Those resources include, but are not limited to, the Crossroads Center, Wythe Community College, and Virginia Tech, local timber resources, "niche" market woodworkers and construction industry professionals and a County Building Inspector who is also a Class A builder himself.

- I) Our CATE Center has recently been umbrella'd into the STEM (Science, Technology, Engineering, and Math) Certification of Carroll County Schools, so we are in a position to develop a STEM based program that would:
 - 1) Design a small (500-900 sq ft) kit house. This is a 1- or 2-bedroom house with prefabricated units of open walls that can be inspected on site. The homes would meet universal code, provide 3ft. doorways, zero elevation thresholds, and permit wheelchair access to all fixtures and wheelchair turn-around capability in every room. The home should be well insulated, and affordable to the median income here of \$30,000. Ideally cross-laminated timber walls technique would be utilized as we could use lesser quality wood in the construction and still provide a safe, affordable and well insulated home. If deemed inappropriate for use in these small homes, we recommend the cross-laminated timber wall technique be taught and perfected at the CATE Center as a separate skill/industry. There are a variety of other efficient building techniques that could be employed in the development of the kit homes.
 - 2) Pre-fabricate the kit home in the CATE Center woodworking shop. Utilize students in the pre-wiring and any pre-plumbing in the kit.
 - 3) Develop a marketing plan for the small homes locally at first. The homes could be used as ADU's on family member's property, on the property of the senior citizen for themselves

and then rent their farmhouse for additional income or could be utilized by caregivers. These small homes could also be used to develop a community of affordable homes with services built into the community. Communities could be designed exclusively for seniors, or for a mixed age group.

- 4) Develop a wider range marketing, business and distribution plan. Provide these homes throughout the state and beyond.
- II) Encourage area developers and builders to consider developing alternative housing opportunities within the county. Those alternatives to include: co-housing, assisted living, self-contained village type community, rehabilitation of existing warehouses and downtown buildings to include street level retail service businesses, mid-level offices, and upper story residences. Elevators and parking plans are crucial to the success of proposed rehab projects. We also encourage the County to identify and invite developers from larger cities who are familiar with international building codes and have successfully completed the rehab of large commercial buildings.
- III) We recommend that the County support the GCSAC in coordinating area agencies that are already actively rehabilitating older homes and trailers in the County. This includes: District III, Rooftop, GCDSS, and the CATE Center. We recommend the GCSAC identify grant funding opportunities to enhance these entities' ability to serve the community's needs.

SOCIAL PARTICIPATION

Most socialization in Grayson takes place in churches, at festivals and outdoor events, and at high school ball games. Music venues are plentiful year 'round. Many musical events are free. Many communities within Grayson still have community meeting buildings and Granges. Seniors commonly attend all of these venues, *at times they are the dominant age group!*

However, as we age, we lose some of our freedoms - the ability to drive, and safely walk on uneven terrain predominate. The reasons are many - loss of strength, visual impairments, hearing loss, and sometimes a gradual decline in overall health or an acute health crisis. As our seniors begin to face these losses, family, neighbors, and church families generally provide social interaction and transportation as needed. When family, neighbors, and church families are not adequate to meet the needs of the seniors, then the Department of Social Services and District III may be used to provide auxiliary care, transportation, and meals. All of these resources may still leave our elders alone and despondent much of the time.

Recommended Strategies:

- 1. Pursue the development of an adult day care facility in the County. Partner with existing PACE Center(s) willing to provide a satellite day care in Grayson.
- 2. Support the development of an affordable Assisted Living Facility in Grayson.
- 3. Support the development of co-housing options for elders.
- 4. Develop support strategies for elders to participate in outdoor venues: cover, chairs, drinks, golf carts, bicycle rickshaws, etc.
- 5. Provide programming at proposed Wellness Center for senior activities, trips, specialized classes, etc.

RESPECT AND SOCIAL INCLUSION

We are most fortunate in regard to respect and social inclusion of our elders here in Grayson County. The family and church centered culture here supports and respects and includes its elders. Our government officials, church leaders, and leaders of civic organizations are often

predominantly over 50 years of age. Elders have a strong presence in this county.

Where we fail our elders is when their care needs exceed what can be given in the home and they are, of necessity, sent to a nursing home. These facilities have not evolved to meet the individualized needs of each patient. In short, they provide institutionalized care, not personcentered care. Everyone in these nursing homes must eat, sleep, bathe, and recreate when told to do so, irrespective of the individual's normal ADL patterns, interests, personality, and abilities. We can do better!

Recommendation:

- 1. Provide programming to area nursing homes that promote the groundbreaking ideas of Dr. William H. Thomas, MD in his book, What are Old People For? His work exposes the ageism attitudes of our U.S. culture and points the way to a new model of care that benefits the senior receiving the care and the caregivers as well. We believe that exposing staff and administration to these innovative approaches to caregiving will stimulate conversation and possible changes in caregiving. These changes not only have a positive impact on our elders, but also have a meaningful impact on those delivering care!
- 2. Promote the inclusion of 3-bed nursing homes in each of the 5 Communities in Grayson County. Three-bed nursing homes are the "new wave" of care for those who require 24-7 skilled care. They are located in existing homes within a community. Nurses love them because they work 8 hour shifts and have only 3 patients. Patients love them because they have 1-3 care in a home, not an institutional environment. Families love them because the facilities are located in their communities, making it more convenient to visit their loved ones.

CIVIC PARTICIPATION AND EMPLOYMENT

As previously stated, senior citizens are well represented in local government, political parties, non-profit boards, the VFW, Rotary, and a host of other civic organizations. Employment of senior citizens is common in our area. They operate our convenience stores, gas stations, small engine repair shops, and gift shops. Also, District III provides part-time employment for seniors who qualify. Youth are more likely to find barriers to employment here than senior citizens.

COMMUNICATION AND INFORMATION

Most seniors in our community primarily get their information through church, radio, newspaper, TV, and phone calls with their friends and relatives. The "grapevine" seems to work very well for these senior citizens. Several area churches and Grayson County DSS have "street sheets" which are a one-page list of area resources that the GCSAC provided. The GCSAC recommended that the County modify its website to include links to basic services for senior citizens, including information on the use of 211.

There is a small group of active senior citizens who do use the internet regularly and carry smart phones and know how to use them. Those seniors are mostly retirees who have come back to the county or retirees who are new to the county.

Cell service in the county is spotty at best. Many areas of the county have no cell service or high-seed internet available.

We see the lack of cell service and broadband internet service to be a primary barrier to economic

growth. As beautiful and inviting as this community is, retirees and business owners are not likely to locate here if they do not have access to reliable cell service and broadband internet service.

The main barrier to cell service is the mountainous terrain.

Recommendations:

- 1. Develop a "relay" system for directing existing cell service tower signals to "pocket" communities.
- 2. Make broadband service delivery in the County a top priority.
- 3. We recommend the County develop a series of 5-minute spots on WBRF, informing elders of various opportunities and resources in the community, including Grayson LandCare's new Free Market located just north of Independence, VA. The Free Market is just that a store where everything is free! Besides free goods, the Free Market offers a bulletin board that lists services available. They also encourage social interaction and often offer craft lessons. Since its opening in late 2017, the community has wholly embraced the concept; both locals and "come here's" and people from all socio-economic levels are participating and co-mingling. Something rarely seen except at outdoor venues here!

COMMUNITY AND HEALTH SERVICES

Health, as we know, is not simply the absence of disease, but is rather a continuum which is affected by many aspects of an individual's life. A safe environment, clean air and water and access to nature are an example of contributing factors to our health. Our diet is another factor; are we eating fresh fruits and veggies every day? Do we incorporate healthy fats in our diet? Do we have a basic understanding of nutrition? Do we exercise our bodies? Do we have a social life? Are we exercising our minds? Do we have a spiritual or religious life? All of these aspects of one's life contribute to a vibrant health continuum in an individual.

A basic contributor to our health outside of our lifestyle and environment is access to services. Here is our evaluation of existing services.

Health Services

Our county is rated as a medically underserved area by the Federal Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA). Citizens must leave the county to access hospital services. Primary care in the county is only accessible for patients who have insurance, Medicare, or Medicaid, or who can pay cash. Limited services are available at the 3 primary care clinics in the county. None of the existing primary care clinics in the county are located in the western region, which is extremely remote. There are no gerontology specialists in the twin county region. There is one dentist in the county.

Recommendation(s):

1. Form a task force to seek funding for the addition of a Federally Qualified Health Clinic (FQHC) for the county. This type of clinic provides every citizen in the county with an array of health services. Having a FQHC also helps our area hospitals in two ways: 1) stops the use of the Emergency Rooms for primary care of indigent patients, and 2) provides potential new patient base via telemedicine. - Update: Mr. William Shepley, our County Administrator has made this a priority for Grayson County. He, with the assistance of a task force that he appoints, will apply for HRSA funding for a FQHC in the County.

- 2. Promote the inclusion of 3-Bed Nursing Homes in each zip code of the County.
- 3. Lobby for access to a gerontologist either on staff of the FQHC or at area hospitals. In addition, we recommend that area physicians, both hospitalists and those in private practice be provided with CME workshop opportunities educating them on the special healthcare needs of senior citizens.
- 4. Collaborate with the Mel Lehman Free Clinic to provide mobile dental care in the County.
- 5. Continue to pursue the building and development of a Wellness Center in Grayson County. A Wellness Center would not only provide a place for individuals of all ages to exercise, it would also provide an additional opportunity for socialization, building camaraderie and friendly competitions. It could easily become a social hub in the community.

Community Services:

- 1. Our social services are adequate to meet the needs in Grayson. We recommend securing a new or interim Director of Social Services as a priority for the County.
- 2. Other rudimentary services are lacking: grocery stores, clothing stores, pharmacies, movie theaters, coffee shops, restaurants, etc. As mentioned in the Introduction to the Plan, our recommended strategy for providing these services is to assess each of five districts within the county regarding availability of basic services and identify those missing services most critical to the "friendliness" and viability of each unique community.

Recommendation:

In order to begin to provide missing services, we propose that the County identify and cultivate a pharmacy in the region that is willing to deliver prescriptions to a designated pharmacy drop area within each community. This strategy is already successfully implemented in White Top with a pharmacy drop located in their Community Building. Each community's needs will be different, but all communities need access to prescription drugs.

If we, as County policy, promote the inclusion of small service businesses within our communities, by whatever incentives the county deems necessary and proper, then we will not only be providing basic services, but we will begin an economic growth movement that supplies new jobs for citizens and new revenue base for the county. What kinds of incentives could be explored by the County? Traditionally municipalities have negotiated "deals" with large corporations involving lower utility rates and lower tax rates and assistance with infrastructure in return for the many jobs they supply. That is not a likely scenario for Grayson County. We can, however, develop a viable list of venture capitalists looking to invest in small business start-ups. We can also identify the business needs in our communities and actively seek those looking for small business opportunities. These actions cost no money...they require time and the knowledge base of where to begin. We recommend the formation of a task force to accomplish these three objectives.

APPENDICES & SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS

RESOLUTION of BOARD of SUPERVISORS CREATING the GRAYSON SENIOR ADVOCACY COMMITTEE GRAYSON COUNTY SENIOR ADVOCACY COMMITTEE

PURPOSE:

The Grayson County Board of Supervisors resolved to establish the Grayson County Seniors Advocacy Committee (GCSAC) for the purpose of assisting the Board with addressing the aging

population's various needs within the community by:

- Identifying and inventorying services already available
- Identifying critical, missing services
- Developing strategies and approaches to filling the missing services gap
- Identifying strengths/talents/potential contributions of seniors
- Identifying economic development potential(s) created by the aging population
- Exploring creative 'aging-in-place' strategies that are cost effective and appropriate to our region Work in concert, with County Administration, Planning Commission, Economic Development Authority, Mount Rogers, District III, Department of Social Services, Extension, and any and all applicable state, regional and local agencies, etc., to make recommendations to the BOS for actions that lead to significantly improved quality of life
- Identifying and initiating meaningful dialogues with entities/agencies/organizations/ individuals that encourage their participation in building the economic & social health of the community.

MISSION:

The Grayson County Seniors Advocacy Committee will explore creative solutions to address the need for providing specialized services to the growing geriatric population in Grayson County, and will make recommendations to the County to further enhance the quality of life of its senior constituents that are consistent with values of self-determination and empowerment

MEMBERSHIP:

Grayson County Seniors Advocacy Committee shall be appointed by the Board of Supervisors for a two (2) year term and comprised of the following membership for a total of not less than five (5) no more than seven (7) members:

- Member of the Grayson County Board of Supervisors or designee
- Member of the Grayson County Planning Commission
- *Three-to-five (3-5) citizens of Grayson County, of which one shall be a senior citizen, and the remainder shall have a passion for seniors and have applicable experience that will serve to advance the Committee's mission

(*An Application Form must be completed and returned for consideration of appointment)

The members of the GCSAC shall elect from its membership a Chair, Vice Chair and Secretary at its initial meeting and at the first meeting of each subsequent Calendar Year. With the exception of the initial meeting, the term of office shall be for the Calendar Year. The Committee shall generally employ the Consensus Process when conducting elections and through the course of meetings to conduct official business of the Committee.

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES:

The GCSAC shall serve solely as an advisory committee charged with assisting the Board of Supervisors with addressing the aging population's various needs within the community. The GCSAC may officially represent Grayson County on matters involving Seniors Advocacy.

The members of the GCSAC shall strive to advance the Committee's Mission and achieve the GCSAC's established Purpose. It shall appropriately report to the Board by way of meeting minutes or applicable project briefings submitted for inclusion in the monthly Board packets and may further brief the Board under the BOS Agenda section: Reports, Presentations or Requests.

DESCRIPTION OF DISTRICTS

WILSON DISTRICT

Wilson is the largest district in area in the county. The district begins a few miles West of Independence and occupies the entire Western end of the County, recently including Comers Rock community. It includes the active communities of White Top, Mount Rogers, Rugby, Troutdale, Flatridge, Mouth of Wilson, Bridle Creek, Grant, and Comers Rock. It is the most rugged and sparsely populated district in the County. Mt. Rogers Recreation Area is visited by tourists from all over the world — the legendary Appalachian Trail runs through it. Hiking, trout fishing, biking, camping, horseback riding, kayaking and birding are among the many outdoor activities enjoyed in this area. Cabins, campgrounds, and air BNB's abound in this area of the county. Each of the picturesque communities within the district host diverse festivals highlighting the unique culture here from Spring through Fall. Outfitters and guides are readily available.

Oak Hill Academy, a co-ed college preparatory Boarding School, founded in 1878, combines structure and self-reliance for students in grades 8-12 on its 240-acre campus in Mouth of Wilson. Oak Hill Academy has a 95% college acceptance for its graduating seniors.

Wilson District is home to Wayne Henderson, famous for his Henderson Guitars, his unique guitar picking style, and the annual Wayne C. Henderson Festival. His festival draws thousands of bluegrass fans each year.

Additional festivals include the following annual festivals: the Maple Festival featuring pure maple syrup and buckwheat cakes, the Molasses Festival featuring molasses, apple butter and their wild pony sale, the Ramp Festival. The district still includes Goodwill Granges. The Grant Goodwill Grange also boasts a community computer center.

Recommended Strategy: Encourage further development of the Tourist industry. Encourage infill of 3-Bed nursing homes, pharmacy drops, and expansion of existing small stores. The addition of a mobile HealthCare unit would be helpful in this area including dental care.

ELK CREEK DISTRICT

Elk Creek community (population 1,097) is a high (elevation 2,621 ft), broad valley surrounded by mountain views from Big Ridge and Comer's Rock. There is a bank, post office, and two (2) fire and rescue squads. They also have a multi-function business that provides gas & diesel, a restaurant, game room, beauty salon, fresh produce and garden plants, and a convenience store.

A Farm Supply Store is available for purchase in the same area. The local elementary school building is closed and now owned by the local Fire & Rescue Dept. It is currently being used as a distribution point for the local food bank.

Outdoor spaces and buildings as a domain is one of the strengths of Grayson County. Opportunities for socialization, festival food, sales of handcrafts, music venues, exploration, hiking, biking, canoeing, and kayaking, fishing, and just plain fun abound year 'round in the county. There are two main outdoor events in Elk Creek. Both are well attended. The Elk Creek Dragway and the Elk Creek Fiddlers Convention. The Elk Creek Dragway holds events from March through April. It is privately own by local racers and fans and enjoys a wonderful reputation on the racing circuit.

It is, of course, accessible for all ages. No alcohol is allowed on the premises.

The Elk Creek Fiddlers Convention just celebrated its 50th year in 2017. They hold the event on the 4th Friday and Saturday of June each year. It, too, is accessible to all ages. Both events bring participants from other states into the area and are well attended by locals.

In addition to these two events Comers Rock Camp and Picnic area and the Hussy Mountain Horse Camp, and the community Big Ridge picnic table are accessible by car for outdoor adventures. Both Big Ridge and Comer's Rock offer spectacular views of the Elk Creek valley. The Elk Creek Fire and Rescue on Highway 21 holds a bolt chicken fundraising event (chicken cooked outdoors over a pit) each year, a highly competitive Rook tournament, and an apple butter fund raiser each year. All neighbors are encouraged to participate in both the preparation and enjoyment of the spoils.

Recommended strategy: Support current efforts. Encourage development of current and new outdoor events. Encourage development of additional services at the local Marathon/Diner/ Store.

PROVIDENCE DISTRICT

Located in the Northeastern tip of the County, Providence District includes the Town of Fries and the Communities of Brush Creek, Providence, Spring Valley, Liberty Hill, Fallville, and Carsonville. Fries was developed as a textile mill town by Col. Frances Henry Fries. The Town is situated on the side of a mountain overlooking the New River and a dam with picturesque falls; cliffs border the far side of the river. Bald eagles and osprey nest in the cliffs. Great white egrets and great blue heron populate the river. Running the length of Main Street on the town side of the river is a grassy, flat park. The New River Trail runs through the park; the trail is used by hikers, bikers, and horseback riders. A former Northern and Western Railroad bed, it is a relatively flat, easy trail which follows the New River for 39 miles and is widely used by locals and tourists alike. There is an accredited school and a recently renovated recreation center in the center of town. The recreation center includes a theater, basketball court, kitchen & dining room used for community gatherings, public library and pool.

Recommended strategy: Encourage further development of the tourist trade, inclusion of 3-bed nursing home, and a pharmacy drop.

OLDTOWN DISTRICT

Oldtown District occupies the far southeastern section of Grayson County. The land is a mix of open, rolling pastures and timber. Both main roads in the county run through Oldtown District. Highway 89 is the direct North/South route to and from North Carolina and the Blue Ridge Parkway and into the Town of Galax. Highway 58 is the East/West highway corridor transecting the district. This district covers the smallest area of the other districts but has the most dense population. The Town of Galax is incorporated within the boundaries of Grayson County's Old Town District. The active communities of Baywood and Fairview reside within Oldtown District. Fairview boasts an active Ruritan Club. The club is famous for hosting Bluegrass headliner concerts as fundraising events for the community. The Ruritan maintains a website and calendar for the community and hosts reunions, parties, and other gatherings in its building. Baywood Ruritan also sponsors Boy Scout Troop 281. The Baywood Community hosts a well-attended Festival annually. The event is sponsored by the Baywood Search & Rescue team. These

volunteers not only provide emergency services but are known for their fund-raising events.

Recommended Strategy: This district enjoys close proximity to the Town of Galax and all the services available there, including schools, doctors, dentists, Twin County Regional Hospital, multiple groceries and retail shops, a wellness center and a community fitness center, a variety of gas stations and automotive service and parts stations, multiple pharmacies, a 3-bed nursing home and 2 large nursing homes, and the Chestnut Creek Center for the Arts. There are also a variety of restaurants and fast food options. We recommend the deepening of existing partnerships and the creation of new partnerships to extend these services beyond the town's limits.

GOAL	STRATEGY	TIMELINE	CONTINUI
OUTDOOR SPACES	Encourage Event Planners to provide cover, seating & water for elders and people with young children	Begin now. Continue until it becomes the standard.	
	Encourage Event Planners to provide easy on/off golf cart or rickshaw bicycle type conveyance for elders & people with disabilities.	Begin now. Continue until it becomes the standard.	
TRANSPORTATION	Collaborate with District III AAA to explore possible updates to Lynx Routes	Begin now. Complete by 8/18.	
	Encourage area entrepreneurs to develop a local UBER type transportation service. Provide entrepreneurs with local financial "Angel" contacts & assistance from Crossroads to develop Business Plan.	Begin now. Identify task force lead Complete by 12/19.	
	Create educational program for Fire & Rescue teams re: transportation alternatives available.	Begin now. GCSAC to develop & present. Complete by 12/18	
HOUSING	Encourage the development of a variety of accessible housing options for all ages. e.g. co-housing, assisted living, small house communities with amenities, rehab downtown bldgs to provide businesses on ground floor and residences up, develop & advertise rehab program for existing homes, develop small modular house at GCHS Cate Center. Form consortium & seek funding for rehab of older homes/manufactured homes.	Begin now. Involve school board & GC Bldg. Inspector for CATE Center project. Possible developer's luncheon sponsored by County for other housing projects. GCSAC forms consortium & seeks funding for rehab of older homes/manufactured homes.	
COMMUNICATION	Develop task force to solve broadband delivery problems in the County	The task force has been developed by the County. A study is being done.	
	Upgrade information for Seniors on County Website	This has been completed. However, there is room for improvement!	
	Develop "Listening Stations" in area venues	Begin now. GCSAC to develop tables for Listening Stations at local events	
HEALTHCARE	After area assessments, a task force determined the need for a FQHC in the County. Action required: Apply for HRSA Grants as they become available	Begin as monies become available. Grant writers being identified now.	

THE 8 DOMAINS

- 1. Outdoor Spaces
- 2. Transportation
- 3. Housing
- 4. Communication and Information
- 5. Healthcare
- 6. Respect and Social Inclusion
- 7. Community and Health Services
- 8. Civic Participation and Employment

Addendum: Utility-Scale Renewable Energy Facilities Policies

Utility-Scale Renewable Energy Facilities

Nationally, the United States has seen a dramatic increase in renewably generated energy in the last few decades. With respect to solar, since 2010 installed solar photovoltaic capacity has grown from about two gigawatts (GW) to approximately 130 GW at the end of the first half of 2022. For wind generated energy over this same period there has been an increase from 40 GW to 144 GW. These increases are due to many factors:

- 1. The cost of solar energy facility technology has decreased dramatically (80%) since 2010;
- 2. Growing demand for renewably generated energy from the private sector;
- 3. Instability in the availability and costs of traditional fossil fuels due to geopolitical conditions;
- 4. State policies and incentives to achieve carbon emissions goals and to reduce reliance upon fossil fuels; and
- 5. Economic and financial opportunity for landowners, especially farmers.

For solar, the growth in solar energy generation capacity in Virginia has similarly increased, with installed solar capacity increasing from 17 megawatts (MW) in 2014, to 470 MW in 2020, and further increases, along with increases in wind energy generation, are supported by State policies and regulations. The Commonwealth's 2018 Virginia Energy Plan called for targets of 3,000 MW of solar plus onshore wind capacity to be deployed by 2022, and 5,500 MW by 2028. Anticipated capacities were increased by the adoption of the 2020 Clean Energy Act requiring Dominion Energy Virginia and American Electric Power (aka Appalachian Power) to produce 100 percent (100%) of their electricity from renewable sources by 2045 and 2050, respectively, based upon an aggregate capacity of 16,100 MW of solar and onshore wind declared to be "in the public interest." As a result, potential interest in both solar and wind energy generation facilities has increased within the State, and specifically for wind, especially in localities that may have the wind resources to support the development of utility-scale facilities.

With large amounts of affordable and undeveloped land, and existing and upgraded electric transmission infrastructure, interest in the construction of utility-scale solar and wind in the County has and will likely increase in response to Virginia's directive to the two principal utility companies operating in the state to transition to renewable energy sources. More akin in form to

industrial development than traditional agricultural uses historically seen in more rural areas of the County, it will be necessary to consider the size, scale, design, and siting of these uses to ensure that they are compatible with existing residential and commercial uses, and do not negatively impact the County's agricultural, environmental, and recreational resources.

General Land Use Strategies for Renewable Energy

With regard to the broad consideration of renewable energy, the County has enacted the following general land use strategies:

- Discourage inappropriate development and land uses that may have detrimental impacts to prime farmland, rich natural habitats and resources, and the County's outdoor recreational resources.
- Balance the opportunities and the impacts of the future of renewable energy, and specifically utility-scale solar and wind development.
- Explore agreements for compatible projects that can assist with the deployment of broadband and other county services.
- The potential development of residential, commercial, industrial, and solar and wind developments in rural areas must be carefully planned to avoid loss of open space and important natural resources.
- Consistent with the requirements of § 15.2-2288.7., Local regulation of solar facilities., of the Code of Virginia, the County allows roof-mounted, as well as ground-mounted solar installations as accessory uses; this tool is important in helping facilitate sustainable, environmentally friendly development.

Utility-Scale Solar Facilities

Utility-scale solar projects can create a large footprint on the landscape and do not directly contribute to the local economy or provide jobs for the community over the long-term in a way that a comparably sized manufacturing or commercial facility would. But it can be argued that these projects do contribute to the power grid and may reduce overall rates and can be designed for minimal visual and environmental impact. Certainly, property purchase and lease payments to property owners have been seen to meet and supplement, if not surpass, dwindling revenues from agricultural and forestry activities, and increased tax revenues from projects can be used to address public funding gaps and cost increases, deferred maintenance of infrastructure or facilities, or fund other projects or expansion of services in the community that may contribute to the overall quality of life.

Future Land Use Considerations

The County will consider utility-scale solar facilities, through the review of a Special Use Permit, in the Rural Farm (RF) and Industrial (IND) zoning districts only. In addition to the regulations and standards for utility-scale solar facilities within the Zoning Ordinance (See Map 14.1 Utility-Scale Solar & Wind Siting Considerations), and requirements and standards applicable to the consideration of all Special Use Permits as outlined in Article 5 of the Zoning Ordinance, Special Use Permit applications for utility-scale solar facilities must be evaluated based upon the following criteria. Conditions may be imposed upon individual Special Use Permits to ensure consistency with these criteria, compliance with regulations and standards contained in the Zoning Ordinance, and/or to mitigate potential or anticipated negative impacts associated with the design or location of a facility; individual Special Use Permit applications may be denied where one or more of these criteria cannot be met, outright or through the imposition of conditions.

- 1. Active components (i.e., solar panels, substations, inverters, and the like) or developed features (i.e., fences, gates, maintenance/operations buildings, etc.) of utility-scaled solar facilities shall not be in such close proximity to, in their location or design, the following so as to negatively impact their use, value, or importance individually or to the County:
 - a. residences;
 - b. historic, cultural, recreational, and environmentally sensitive areas and resources; and
 - c. scenic view-sheds and vistas.
- 2. Facilities, including fencing and support equipment, should be significantly screened from the ground-level view of adjacent properties and rights-of-way by a buffer zone at least 150 feet wide that shall consist of natural vegetation and landforms and/or be landscaped with plant materials consisting of an evergreen and deciduous mix at least six feet in height at the time of planting. Landscaping materials should be native to the County and exclude the use of invasive species. Additional screening and/or setbacks may be proposed or required to mitigate for the potential impacts of a project owing to the location or design.
- 3. Scenic view-sheds and vistas are important recreational and economic resources for the County, and the location and design of facilities should not detract from the existing value, aesthetics, or rural character of view-sheds or vistas.
- 4. A minimum distance of two miles should be provided between utility-scale solar energy facilities.
- 5. Solar panels included as part of the same facility should be required to be sited on contiguous parcels to limit fragmentation and preserve rural character.

- 6. The area of solar panel coverage for any single solar facility project may not exceed 65 percent of the total acreage of the project.
- 7. Facilities should avoid development of areas of Forest Conservation Values or Ecological Cores rated high to outstanding as defined by the Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation and/or another equivalent state department.
- 8. Facilities should avoid development of areas identified as Class IV or Class V for agricultural suitability as defined by the Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation Agricultural Model and/or areas actively farmed within two years preceding an application, unless portions of the parcels utilized for the facility will continue to be farmed.
- 9. Wildlife corridors should be incorporated in the design of facilities and the latest guidance of state environmental departments should be considered; for instance, the Virginia Department of Wildlife Resources has Solar Energy Facility Guidance which includes recommendations for wildlife passages and fencing.
- 10. Facilities should be located a minimum distance of 1 mile from any Town or City boundary, or from properties in the Rural Residence (RR), Highland/Recreation-Public (HR-P), or Shoreline Recreation (SR) zoning districts.
- 11. Facilities planned for transmission line interconnection, as opposed to those to be connected into the local distribution network, should be located within 2 miles of transmission line corridors. Any generation lead lines (gen-tie) lines should be located underground or buffered to block visibility from roadways.
- 12. Facilities should provide maximum economic benefits to the County as demonstrated by thorough economic analysis.

Utility-Scale Wind Facilities

While Grayson County does not currently have any large- or utility-scale wind energy facilities, there is interest in siting facilities within the County given the potential viability based upon wind resources. Similar to utility-scale solar facilities, utility-scale wind facilities can have a significant impact on the landscape, however, different from solar, this is due to the height and number of turbines, as well as elevated siting needs, all of which combine to increase their visibility. Also similar to utility-scale solar facilities, utility-scale wind facilities do not directly contribute to the local economy or provide jobs for the community over the long-term, but it can be argued that these projects do contribute to the power grid and may reduce overall rates, and property purchase and lease payments to property owners may meet and supplement, if not surpass, dwindling revenues from agricultural and forestry activities, and increased tax revenues from projects can be used to address public funding gaps and cost increases, deferred maintenance of infrastructure or facilities, or fund other projects or expansion of services in the community that may contribute to the overall quality of life.

Future Land Use Considerations

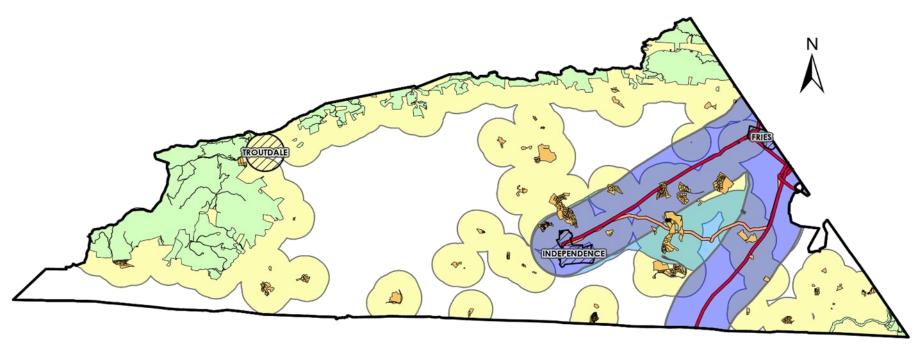
Given the potential of wind resources to support utility-scale wind, and the potential financial benefits, the County will consider allowing utility-scale wind facilities through the review of a Special Use Permit in limited circumstances and within the Rural Farm (RF) zoning district only. Given reduced visual impacts, and the potential for more direct benefits, the County will more broadly consider ensuring that small-scale roof- or distributed scale wind facilities can easily be permitted and installed as accessory uses to residential and commercial uses.

In addition to the regulations and standards for utility-scale wind facilities within the Zoning Ordinance (See Map 14.1 Utility-Scale Solar & Wind Siting Considerations), and requirements and standards applicable to the consideration of all Special Use Permits as outlined in Article 5 of the Zoning Ordinance, Special Use Permit applications for utility-scale wind facilities must be evaluated based upon the following criteria. Conditions may be imposed upon individual Special Use Permits to ensure consistency with these criteria, compliance with regulations and standards contained in the Zoning Ordinance, and/or to mitigate potential or anticipated negative impacts associated with the design or location of a facility; individual Special Use Permit applications may be denied where one or more of these criteria cannot be met, outright or through the imposition of conditions.

- The siting of facilities on gray fields and brownfields is preferred; however, the siting on undeveloped agricultural or forested land may be appropriate based upon consistency with other standards.
- 2. Facilities planned for transmission line interconnection, as opposed to those to be connected into the local distribution network, should be located within 2 miles of

- transmission line corridors. Any generation lead lines (gen-tie) lines should be located underground or buffered to block visibility from roadways.
- 3. Facilities and developed features should not be in such close proximity to, in their location or design, the following so as to negatively impact their use, value, or importance individually or to the County:
 - a. residences;
 - b. historic, cultural, recreational, and environmentally sensitive areas and resources; and
 - c. scenic view-sheds and vistas.
- 4. Facilities, including fencing and support equipment, should be significantly screened from the ground-level view of adjacent properties and rights-of-way by a buffer zone at least 150 feet wide that shall consist of natural vegetation and landforms and/or be landscaped with plant materials consisting of an evergreen and deciduous mix at least six feet in height at the time of planting. Landscaping materials should be native to the County and exclude the use of invasive species. Additional screening and/or setbacks may be proposed or required to mitigate for the potential impacts of a project owing to the location or design.
- 5. Scenic view-sheds and vistas are important recreational and economic resources for the County, and the location and design of facilities should not detract from the existing value, aesthetics, or rural character of view-sheds or vistas.
- 6. A minimum distance of five miles should be provided between utility-scale wind energy facilities.
- 7. Facilities should avoid development of areas of Forest Conservation Values or Ecological Cores rated high to outstanding as defined by the Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation and/or another equivalent state department.
- 8. Facilities should avoid development of areas identified as Class IV or Class V for agricultural suitability as defined by the Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation Agricultural Model and/or areas actively farmed within two years preceding an application, unless portions of the parcels utilized for the facility will continue to be farmed.
- 9. Facilities should be located a minimum distance of 1 mile from any Town or City boundary, or from properties in the Rural Residence (RR), Highland/Recreation-Public (HR-P), or Shoreline Recreation (SR) zoning districts.
- 10. Facilities should provide maximum economic benefits to the County as demonstrated by thorough economic analysis.

Map 14.1 Utility- Scale Solar & Wind Siting Considerations



Municipal Boundaries and Zoning

- Grayson County
- ZZZ Town and City Boundaries
- Highland Recreation Public
- Rural Residential
- Shoreline Recreational

2.5 5 10 Miles

Grayson County Solar and Wind Facility Development Guidelines

- Transmission Lines
- Proposed Transmission Line Extension
- Transmission Line 2 Mile Buffer
- Proposed Transmission Line Extension 2 Mile Buffer
- Municipal Boundaries and Zoning 1 Mile Buffer

PARKS AND RECREATION

A Master Plan for Tomorrow

Recreational opportunities are vital to the health and well-being of Grayson County's citizens.

Recreational programs provide the means for citizens to learn new skills,



improve their physical fitness, and develop an appreciation and understanding of the arts by offering various leisure activities in various high-quality facilities. The general public's desire for a wellness center, which was overwhelming in the 2013 and 2022-2023 public surveys, is at the forefront of the comprehensive plan.

The careful planning and conservation of natural and historic resources, provision of recreational opportunities, and holistic development of mixed-use residential and commercial areas, with interconnected trails and open space, have enabled Grayson County to reach its full potential to provide the highest quality of life for its citizens.

Existing Conditions

Citizen surveys and task forces have been used to assess the demand for recreational facilities, and programs in Grayson County. These studies suggest citizen demand for trails, a wellness center, sports fields, a community park, a pond, and additional programs and facilities. The county also encourages private recreational facilities.

Recreational Opportunities

Parks, recreation, and open space are an important part of the quality of life element for any community and an important aspect of the Comprehensive Plan. Recreational opportunities are abundant in Grayson County, including hiking, biking, canoeing, fishing, and rock climbing. Hiking and biking locations include Grayson County Rec Park, Grayson Highlands, New River Trail (Fries), Grayson Gravel Traverse, and the town of Independence.

The major canoeing and kayaking locations/entry points in Grayson County are Mouth of Wilson, Bridle Creek, Independence, Baywood, Riverside, Oldtown, and Fries.

Special events such as Halloween "Monster Mash, Concerts, Valentine Dance, Easter Egg Hunt, and Freedom 5K are put on through Grayson County Parks and Recreation with more events in the future. Other competitive sports, such as baseball, basketball, and football, are available through the county recreation program; these sports are also available through the public school system.

Grayson County Parks and Recreation's mission is to provide a well-rounded recreation program for citizens of all ages.

The Recreation Department offers year-round recreational activities such as Dixie League Baseball/Softball, T-Ball, Coach Pitch, 8-man Sandlot football, Flag Football, Cheerleading, Soccer, Basketball, Tennis, Pickleball, Summer Camps, Swim Lessons, Senior Trips, and Open Gyms. The Parks and Recreation Department is always looking to expand and grow its programs.

Parks and Recreation participants in organized sports, as shown in Table.

Sport	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023
Football	72	84	88
Cheerleading	26	62	68
Soccer	65	61	73
Basketball	72	109	171
Baseball	56	73	114
Softball	48	68	76
T-Ball/ Coach Pitch	94	98	104
Swim Lessons	No Program	12	44
Summer Camp	No Program	No Program	38
Total	433	567	776

Accomplishments for the parks and recreation department included building a new covered batting cage for baseball/softball for both ball fields, renovation and creation of a new basketball court, tennis court, and three pickleball courts. A new filtration system and renovation of the pool. Grayson County Parks and Recreation is providing children with adequate means to participate in basketball, softball, baseball, football, and cheerleading.

The Grayson County Parks and Recreation Department has identified a number of specific needs to ensure that adequate facilities and services are available to accommodate the projected growth and needs of the citizens. Currently, the County lacks adequate gym space, ball fields, and playgrounds. Additionally, the County is in serious need of more parking spaces. In order to accommodate the County residents, the construction of multiple new sports fields and a wellness center has been discussed.

Grayson County Parks and Recreation is constantly growing. We are regularly working to improve, add, and develop new trails and attractions to our parks. We have recently begun the development of a conceptual plan to assist with growth throughout our park system. Future plans will include the connection of our trail system with the walking path that begins on Main Street in Independence with the Lundy Trail system. This conceptual plan also provides for the development of various other attractions in our park. These would include fishing, hiking, mountain biking, bouldering, and disc golf. While these plans are purely conceptual, they help users look at what our parks could be. Grayson County is growing and Grayson County Parks and Recreation will continue to grow with it.

Independence Recreation Park





Park Amphitheater





Peach Bottom Falls





Recreational Facilities

Grayson County Rec Park

Grayson County Rec Park is located at 85 County Park Ln, Independence, VA 24348 just outside of the town limits of Independence, and consists of five ball fields, two picnic shelters, a playground, two paved walking tracks, gravel/dirt trails, tennis court, outdoor basketball court, three pickleball courts swimming pool, and two restrooms.

The Grayson County School System has facilities that are appropriate for community use and can expand community programs through cooperation with the Parks Department. Community groups and agencies regularly partner with the schools to provide additional recreational activities. In 2022, the county and the school system entered into a Use of facilities agreement to make school facilities accessible for the provision of active recreation opportunities. The school system also has after-school programs, including varsity and junior varsity sports, and athletic and special interest clubs.

Fields 1 & 2

The complex offers two 285' skinned diamond fields with fencing, lighting on field 1, and scoreboards. The diamond field distances can be changed with the use of temporary fencing, along with the ability to adjust the distance between bases to accommodate softball or baseball. The diamond fields are equipped with a press box. Public and family restrooms along with concessions are accessible within this area of the complex.



Fields 3 & 4

The complex offers two 200' skinned diamond fields with fencing, lighting on the field, and scoreboards. The diamond fields are equipped with a press box and private meeting space for the official's/recreation department. Public and family restrooms along with concessions are accessible within this area of the complex. A covered batting cage is located and can be used by the public beside field 4.

Other amenities include a walking track around the perimeter of the complex that has access to the park's trail system, an outdoor basketball court, tennis court, pickle ball court parking lots, and a high school baseball field.



Outdoor Pool

Olympic-size outdoor swimming pool- 2 slides, 2 diving boards (low dive & high dive), concession stand, with lifeguards on duty. Pool season is open from Memorial Day to mid-August.



Playground and Picnic Shelters

Grayson County Recreation Park features covered picnic shelters with an adjacent playground, Picnic Shelters may be rented anytime on a first-come, first-serve basis. Shelters are equipped with 5 to 8 picnic tables, bathroom facilities, grills, and electrical service.







Fries Community Center

The Fries Community Center is located at 316 W Main St, Fries, VA 24330 next to Fries Middle School. The center includes a pool, a gymnasium with a multisport court, a fitness center, a party room, and outdoor seating. Programs are offered through Fries Recreation and town-based youth sports organizations.





- 1. Support the development of a Community Fitness/Wellness Center to provide opportunity for exercise and physical fitness.
- 2. Continue to work and finish the Lundy project. (Falls, walking trails, picnic areas)
- 3. Survey other communities to gather input on strategies for parks, playgrounds, and greenspaces.
- 4. Continue working with the Senior Advocacy Committee to assess the unmet needs of the elderly and develop strategies to mitigate concerns and meet future needs.
- 5. Expand the Recreation Department programs and facilities to include adult/senior programs and outdoor recreation.
- 6. Actively promote cultural events such as festivals, markets, music and other communal activities that are regional attractions to Grayson County.
- 7. Support the County Wide Recreation Initiative as part of tourism and recreation development.
- 8. Create a recreation brand for outdoor recreational assets on the western end and providence district of Grayson County.
- 9. Bridge the Tourism and Recreation Departments to ensure that visitors can access local recreational offerings.
- 10. Look for opportunities to preserve and expand natural resource areas through the CIP process.
- 11. Explore new opportunities for space sharing with other public and private entities as a way to extend recreation capacity such as travel baseball/softball.

Grayson County Comprehensive Plan Implementation Matrix

The implementation matrix provides the specific direction to make this Plan a reality. The Matrix builds on the strategies included in each chapter by identifying tools, responsible parties, and anticipated timeframes for completion. The Matrix also correlates strategies with specific policies, goals, and values set forth in the Plan. The implementation matrix should be reviewed annually as part of the budgeting process to set properties as well as measure progress toward the Plan's vision of Grayson County.

The Implementation Matrix provided in this chapter is our roadmap forward. Listed below are the step-by-step directions to achieve our vision for Grayson County. The key to success will be a proactive approach by the Planning Commission in cooperation with the Board of Supervisors, County departments and boards, residents, businesses, and community institutions and organizations.

The Matrix includes the following information:

Implementation Strategy

Specific Action Item

Type of Implementation Goal Categories

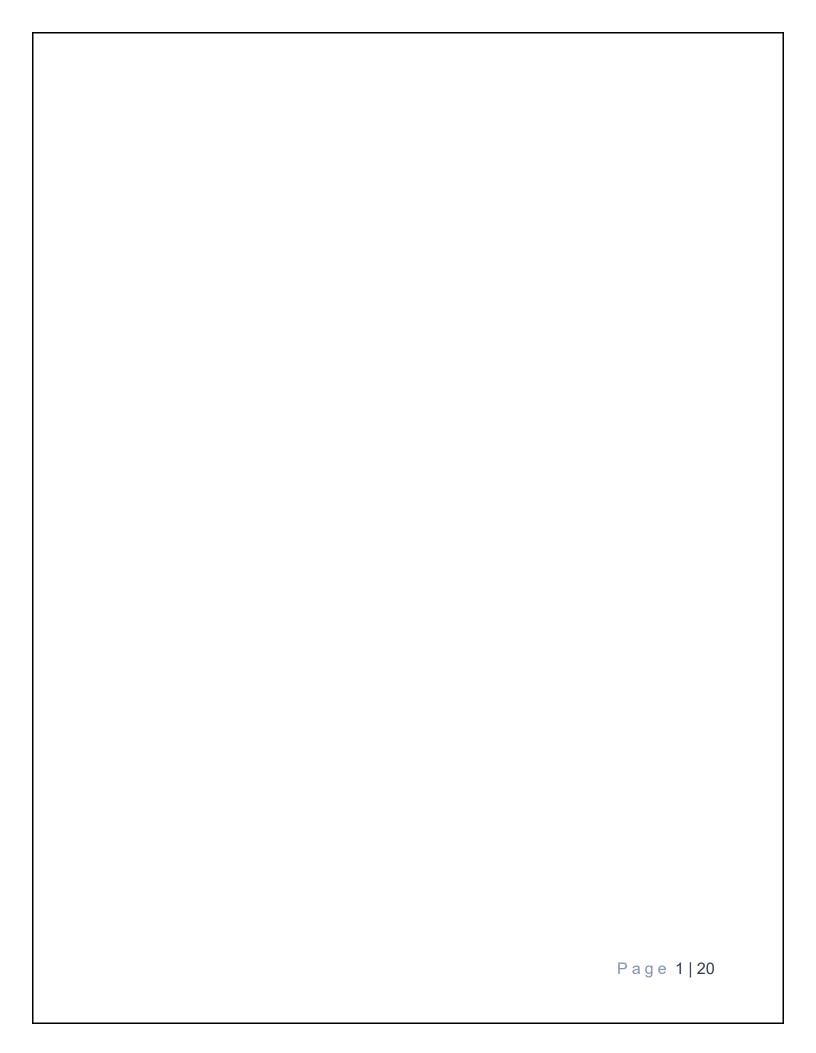
- a. Support life-long learning opportunities.
- b. Educate and prepare tomorrow's youth for the regional workforce.
- c. Protect the natural and cultural assets of the county.
- d. Improve infrastructure throughout the county.
- e. Strengthen the local economy and increase job growth.
- f. Improve citizens' quality of life and promote healthy lifestyle choices.
- g. Continue efforts to provide safe communities.
- h. Establish reasonable, predictable, and sustainable land-use policies and tools.
- i. Prepare for issues relating to dynamic shifts in population demographics.
- j. Promote responsible and efficient use of government resources.
- k. Utilize local and regional partnerships.

Responsible Agency

The organization(s) responsible for partnering, administering, managing, and/or implementing the specific action item.

Schedule

- Short-term (1-3 years) short-term actions can be completed within 3 years of the Plan's adoption
- Medium-term (3-5 years) medium-term actions may be initiated within 3 years but will be completed by 5 years from the Plan's adoption
- Long-term (5+ years) Long-term actions may be initiated between 3 and 5 years from the Plan's adoption but will be completed beyond the first five years of the Plan's adoption.
- Ongoing ongoing actions should be continued for the life of the Plan.





Implementation Matrix

CHAPTER 3

Goal: Enhance neighborhoods through preservation, revitalization, and quality infill development and create quality affordable housing and mixed-use development in higher-population areas.

Objectives	Strategy #	Implementation Strategy	Goals Category	Responsible Agency	Schedule
	"	POPULATIO	•		
	3-1	Support private investment in Assisted Living Developments and other housing infrastructure needed for elderly and aging, where possible.	f, g, d, j	Board of Supervisors Administration Dept of Social Services	Long Term
Housing and Development Preserve and Increase Housing Create Livable Communities	3-2	Create information clearinghouse for citizens in need of building repair and energy improvements by connecting them with established organizations such as Rooftop Community Action, People Inc., Rural Development, HUD, and others.	a, f, g, j, k	Administration Building Department	Medium Term
sing and D ve and Inc e Livable	3-3	Consider incentive program to remove pre-1976 manufactured homes that may be unable to meet current building codes.	d, f, g, j, k,	Board of Supervisors Administration Building Department	Ongoing
Hou Prese	3-4 3-4 3-4 3-4 straight-piping, and the lack of time environmental health off Ensure that the programs off the Health Dept. align with the	Create a task force to analyze the environmental health of the county as it relates to septic tank issues, straight-piping, and the lack of a full-time environmental health officer. Ensure that the programs offered by the Health Dept. align with the needs of the county. (See 9-2)	c, f, g, d, j, k	Board of Supervisors County Saff Regional and Institutional Partnerships State and Federal	Medium Term

CHAPTER 4

Goal: Support "K-to-Gray" educational opportunities, including career and technical education, long-distance learning, and lifelong learning.

Objective	Strategy	Implementation Strategy	Goal	Responsible Agency	Schedule
	#	EDUCATIO	Category		
			IN .	Deard of Comerciaers	
	4-1	Provide advanced technology and technology infrastructure to schools and students. Consider grant opportunities and donation infrastructure.	a, b, e, i, j, k	Board of Supervisors Administration School Board Higher Education State and Federal Agency Regional and Institutional Partnerships	Ongoing
portunities	4-2	Offer diverse after-school programs to include non-athletic activities such as ag/forestry, career readiness, arts, and craft internships, college courses, leadership training, trade skills, and advanced degree programs.	a, b, e, k	School Board Extension Office Higher Ed	Ongoing
nal Opı	4-3	Consider performance-based salaries and incentive salaries to attract/keep high-performing teachers	b, e	Board of Supervisors School Board	Ongoing
Promote Educational Opportunities	4-4	Increase Career & Tech Education Program and consider other trade-based youth/adult programs to educate "workforce ready" population for local employment or for small business development. To include: AC & Refrigeration, Masonry, Landscaping, Building Trades, EMT, Criminal Justice, Corrections, Property Management, Agriculture/Forestry, Home Health/Medical, and Culinary Arts	a, b, e, f, k	Board of Supervisors Higher Ed Workforce Extension Office School Board	Ongoing

Objective	Strategy	Implementation Strategy	Goal	Responsible Agency	Schedule
	#	EDUCATION	Category (CONTINU	JED)	
		Partner with established colleges to offer		Board of Supervisors	
	4-5	a "satellite campus" in Grayson County for advanced degrees and long-distance learning.	a, b, e, f, k	School Board Higher Ed	Ongoing
	4-6	Consider vacant spaces/buildings to utilize for advanced learning, trade education, small business development, community centers, mentorship/internship headquarters, and other programs	a, b, d, j, k	Board of Supervisors Administration School Board EDA	Ongoing
ties	4-7	Conduct Feasibility Study for school system "Early Diversion Program." Program will identify students who may benefit from career/ technical training programs	a, b	School Board High Education	Ongoing
nal Opportuni	4-8	Continue to support the Virginia Cooperative Extension Service and public libraries as valuable educational opportunities for the county.	a, b, k, j	Administration School Board Board of Supervisors	Ongoing
Promote Educational Opportunities	4-9	Integrate Agriculture in Education/Community by developing an internship/mentorship program for youth to gain experience/build resumes, expand Agricultural Education opportunities beyond traditional audiences and develop New/Beginning/Veteran Farmer Programs in partnership with Farm Bureau, CATE Center, NRCS SWCD, Cooperative Extension, Department of Forestry, etc. Combine with leadership training. (See 6-9)	a, b, e, f, k	Administration School Board DSS Local Business Partners	Ongoing
	4-10	Reach out to second home, retirees, professionals, and other potential volunteers to lead education programs in; trades, business, leadership /afterschool/intern, etc.	a, b	School Board Local Business Partners	Ongoing
	4-11	Provide education for repeat offenders emphasize the need for those in the Criminal Justice System to re-enter society as productive citizens.	a, f, j, k	Day Report Sheriff Dept State & Federal Entities	Ongoing

Objective	Strategy #	Implementation Strategy	Goal Category	Responsible Agency	Schedule
		EDUCATION (CON	ITINUED)		
Educational Opportunities	4-12	Develop an information system/network for county residents to learn about lifelong learning opportunities already offered by area organizations. Support workshops and programs already offered for lifelong learning. For example, Provide set open-use hours in the agriculture shop to local residents outside of school hours.	a,f	Citizen Boards & Committees School Board Board of Supervisors Administration	Ongoing
	4-13	Work with agencies and educational institutions to develop job skill training programs to meet identified gaps in the local workforce.(See 5-12)	a,k, e, i	Higher Ed Workforce Development Administration	Ongoing
Promote	4-14	Work with the school system to provide after-school leadership development academy to encourage the next generation of leaders.	a, b	Administration School Board Higher Education	Ongoing

CHAPTER 5

Goal: Support and expand existing businesses, attract new businesses, and provide a broad range of employment opportunities and a high quality of life for residents of, and those employed in, Grayson County.

Objectives	Strategy #	Implementation Strategy	Goal Category	Responsible Agency	Schedule			
	ECONOMY							
	5-1	Continue support of regional economic development authorities and small business incubators/development centers	e, f, k, d	Board of Supervisors Administration	Ongoing			
	5-2	Continue recruitment efforts of industries to the Wildwood Industrial Park, Blue Ridge Crossroads Commerce Park, and the Grayson County Industrial Park.	е	Board of Supervisors	Ongoing			
Support Business Expansion and Growth	5-3	Encourage efforts to ensure the necessary infrastructure is in place and operating at the Wildwood Industrial Park, Grayson County Industrial Park, Blue Ridge Crossroads Commerce Park, and other industrial developments where they align with Grayson County's best interest.	е	Board of Supervisors	Ongoing			
3usiness Exp	5-4	Create inventory of the privately-owned commercial and industrial sites and assist, where possible, with infrastructure needs or marketing to spur economic development.	d, e	Administration	Ongoing			
upport E	5-5	Promote small business development by encouraging creative financing programs such as revolving loan funds.	e, j, k	Administration	Ongoing			
S	5-6	Encourage small businesses and other types of economic development through asset-based development	e, j, k	Administration	Ongoing			
	5-7	Survey small business owners to understand the needs of these businesses and leverage resources to assist these needs.	e,k	Administration	Short Term			
	5-8	Support participation in regional Enterprise Zone to encourage local investment and business development.	e,k	Board of Supervisors	Ongoing			

Objective	Strategy #	Implementation Strategy	Goal Category	Responsible Agency	Schedule
		ECONOMY (CON	TINUED)		
th:	5-9	Gauge the support for a local office park to accommodate those without internet who may need personal office and when space is needed for business development.	е	Administration	Short Term
Support Business Expansion and Growth	5-10	Support initiatives that support agribusiness development and create employment through existing incentives programs, value-added/processing of local agriculture and forestry resources and exploring implications of use-value taxation as an additional tax incentive in partnership with the Grayson EDA. (See 6-4)	e, c, h	Administration Extension Agent	Ongoing
Ipport Busine	5-11	Support and encourage the development of advanced communication infrastructure, broadband, wireless internet, and cell coverage/towers. (See 8-1)	e, d, h, k	Board of Supervisors Planning Commission	Ongoing
Š	5-12	Work with agencies and educational institutions to develop job skill training programs to meet identified gaps in the local workforce. (See 4-13)	a, k, e, i	Higher Ed Workforce Development Administration	Ongoing

CHAPTER 6

Goal: Preserve, protect, and enhance the quality of Grayson County's agricultural area and promote rural lifestyles, farmland, agricultural and forestry enterprises, open space, recreation, and historic resources within the county.

Objective	Strategy #	Implementation Strategy	Goal Category	Responsible Agency	Schedule
		AGRICULTURAL AND		Agency	
try	6-1	Support the Agriculture Advisory Committee who work with the Agriculture Economic Development Director to analyze the causes of different types of agricultural damages, recommend policies/strategies to encourage farming, agriculture land retention, and strategies to improve ag/economics.	c, e, h, l, j	Administration Board of Supervisors Ag Econ. Dev. Extension Office	Short- Term
ve, Promote, and Support Agricultural and Forestry	6-2	Educate residents about opportunities to protect prime farmland/forestland through development of a land conservation plan. Encourage the farming and proper management of this land in future land-use decisions by exploring the impact of alternative land use (solar/wind energy generation, residential, etc.), studying implications of use-value taxation as a tool to manage land conversion and exploring the agricultural districts program	a, b,c, h	Administration Ag Economic Development Extension Office	Ongoing
Preserve, Promote, and Su	6-3	Support local food initiatives, including niche products, by aiding producers in applying for specialty crop grants and collaborating with local farmers along with regional agricultural organizations to create a regional food hub that will transport and market local agricultural products.	e, j, k	Ag Economic Development Extension Office Administration Local Businesses Regional & Institutional Partnerships	Ongoing

Objective	Strategy #	Implementation Strategy	Goal Category	Responsible Agency	Schedule
		AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST	RY (CONTINUED))	
restry	6-4	Support initiatives that support agribusiness development and create employment through existing incentives programs, value-added/processing of local agriculture and forestry resources and exploring implications of use-value taxation as an additional tax incentive in partnership with the Grayson EDA. (See 5-10)	e, c, h	Administration Extension Office Ag Economic Development Workforce Development	Ongoing
cultural and Fc	6-5	Consider expanding efforts of agritourism initiatives in partnership with the Tourism Director. (See 10-9)	e, k	Tourism Administration Ag Economic Development Workforce Development	Ongoing
mote, and Support Agricultural and Forestry	6-6	Consider workforce development program to meet the local farm/forestry labor needs and plan accordingly.	b	Administration Workforce Development Ag Economic Development Extension Office	Ongoing
Preserve, Promote, and	6-7	Create a marketing plan by evaluating the need for web-based clearinghouse of ag/forestry assets, educating producers on best options to market products and marketing options and assist producers with greater market access – new markets, aggregation and distribution of products. (Producers, value-added products, active farms, local food infrastructure & transportation options for food products	d e,k	Administration Extension Office Ag Economic Development Local Business Partners	Ongoing
	6-8	Encourage tourism visitation by supporting the Blue Ridge Discovery Center, Matthews Farm Museum, the 1908 Courthouse, State Park, and/or other natural & cultural history museums as tourism development. (See 10-8)	A, c, e, j	Tourism	Ongoing

Objective	Strategy #	Implementation Strategy	Goal	Responsible	Schedule
		ACRICIII TURAL AND FOREST	Category	Agency	
		AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST	RY (CONTINU	ובטן	
restry	6-9	Integrate Agriculture in Education/Community by developing an internship/mentorship program for youth to gain experience/build resumes, expand Agricultural Education opportunities beyond traditional audiences and develop New/Beginning/Veteran Farmer Programs in partnership with Farm Bureau, CATE Center, NRCS SWCD, Cooperative Extension, Department of Forestry, etc. Combine with leadership training. (See 4-9)	a ,b, e, f, k	Administration Extension Office Ag Economic Development Local Business Partners	Medium Term
tural and Fc	6-10	Support the GATE Center Commercial Kitchen as a resource for food safety education and business start-up within the food industry.	a, e,k	Ag Economic Development	Ongoing
mote and Support Agricultural and Forestry	6-11	Develop an Agriculture Economic Development plan focusing on top three priorities: Land Conversion/Transition, Marketing Strategies and Exploring Tax Incentives. This plan will be reviewed every year and updated every 5 years.	c,h,k	EDA, Ag Eco Dev, County Admin, Mt Rogers Reg Partnership, Commissioner of Revenue	Ongoing
, Promote and	6-12	Support development of multi-use facility/campus by following recommendations stated within feasibility study once complete in partnership with the Grayson County Agriculture Fair Foundation.	e,j,k	Administration Ag Economic Development Elk Creek Comm. Campus Board	Medium Term
Preserve, Pro	6-13	Promote sustainable forestry plans in partnership with the Department of Forestry and Cooperative Extension Service.	c, k	Dept of Forestry Extension Svc Administration	Ongoing
	6-14	Support water quality and riparian buffer programs by promoting educational programs and aiding NRCS, SWCD in seeking additional administrative funding support	b,c,d,k	New River Soil & Water Conservation District, Agriculture Advisory Committee	Ongoing
	6-15	Create awareness of agricultural issues via public relations and promoting unbiased informational resources.	a,c,f,g,k	Agriculture Advisory Committee, Cooperative Extension Svc., Ag Eco Dev	Ongoing

Objective	Strategy #	Implementation Strategy	Goal Category	Responsible Agency	Schedule
		AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST	TRY (CONTINU	JED)	
	6-16	Educate land owners on estate planning as it relates to generational farm transition.	b,c,e,f	Cooperative Extension Svc., Farm Bureau, VDACS, Department of Forestry, VA Outdoors Foundation, VA Tech	Ongoing

Goal: Support a sustainable transportation system that links highways, transit, greenways, sidewalk, and bike trails to provide multimodal transportation options.

Objective	Strategy #	Implementation Strategy	Goal Category	Responsible Agency	Schedule
		Transportat	ion		
	7-1	Continue to work with Virginia Department of Transportation to develop, design, and implement transportation projects, including, but not limited to, SMART SCALE, Highway Safety, Bike Pedestrian Safety, and Transportation Alternatives projects.	d, g, j	Board of Supervisors Administration Planning Department	Ongoing
ation	7-2	Continue efforts to support the Twin County Airport (TCA).	e, j, k	Board of Supervisors	Ongoing
Transport	7-3	Develop School System Capital Improvement Plan to prioritize transportation and facility improvement projects.	d, j,	Board of Supervisors School Board	Ongoing
Support Sustainable Transportation	7-4	Partner with Towns to expand bicycling and pedestrian transportation options.	j, k	Board of Supervisors Planning Department	Ongoing
port Su	7-5	Proceed with Phase IV of the Independence Pedestrian and Bike Trail (See 8-4)	d,j,f	Board of Supervisors Planning Department	Ongoing
Suk	7-6	Use VDOT, Sherriff Dept & State Police to understand guardrail needs for reoccurring safety concerns.	d, g, f	Board of Supervisors Administration State Agencies	Ongoing
	7-7	Amend administrative process for rezones to include site plans and review/interaction with VDOT for rezoning applications.	e,h, i	Planning Commission Board of Supervisors	Short Term
	7-8	Continue supporting District Three and Mountain Lynzx and encourage citizen participation through marketing efforts.	e,f, g, k	Administration Board of Supervisors	Ongoing

Goal: Expand access to improved and enhanced community services, facilities, and infrastructure for all; and expand opportunities for social equity among diverse community groups.

Objective	Strategy #	Implementation Strategy	Goal Category	Responsible Agency	Schedule
		PUBLIC SERVICES, FACILITI	ES, AND UTILITIES	S	
	8-1	Support and encourage the development of advanced communication infrastructure, broadband, wireless internet, and cell coverage/towers. (See 5-11)	e, d, h, k	Board of Supervisors Planning Commission	Ongoing
တ္မ	8-2	Support volunteer emergency services to ensure that all residents can receive timely emergency assistance.	g, j, k	Board of Supervisors Administration Emergency Mgt.	Ongoing
Improve Public Services, Facilities and Utilities	8-3	Continue working with the Senior Advocacy Committee to assess the unmet needs of the elderly and develop strategies to mitigate concerns and meet future needs. (See 9-4)	f, g, j, k	Board of Supervisors Department of Social Services	Ongoing
rices, Faci	8-4	Proceed with Phase IV of the Independence Pedestrian and Bike Trail. (See 7-5)	d, j,f	Board of Supervisors Planning Department	Ongoing
olic Serv	8-5	Conduct education and outreach to floodplain property owners. (See 11-13)	a, c, g	Planning Dept. Emergency Mgt.	Ongoing
Improve Pub	8-6	Create a multidisciplinary committee to research techniques/programs that prevent the cycle of poverty. The study should include how poverty relates to lack of employment, education, lifestyle choices, substance abuse, personal responsibility/work ethic, and social services.	a, b, f, g	Board of Supervisors Administration Department of Social Services	Short Term

Objective	ective Strategy Implementation Strategy G		Goal Category	Responsible Agency	Schedule
		JBLIC SERVICES, FACILITIES, AN	ID UTILITIES (C		
	8-7	Reduce long term cost to the county by improving efficiency of facilities, services, and workflows.	d, j	Board of Supervisors Administration	Ongoing
	8-8	Consider the extension of water and sewer lines to communities with gaps in service or when environmental health threats necessitate action	d, f, j, k	Public Service Authority (PSA) Administration Health Department	Ongoing
ies	8-9	Evaluate county water infrastructure throughout the county and develop a maintenance schedule to ensure that services remain viable.	d, f, j, k	Public Service Authority Administration	Medium Term
Utilit	8-10	Support efforts to reduce crime and substance abuse in Grayson County.	f, g	Sheriff Dept Administration	Ongoing
and I	8-11	Encourage countywide efforts to reduce waste and increase recycling.	С	Administration Public Works	Ongoing
Facilities,	8-12	Support strategies to prolong the life of the regional landfill by increasing recycling/reuse of materials for all partners in the Solid Waste Authority.	j, k	Administration Board of Supervisors	Ongoing
Public Services, Facilities, and Utilities	8-13	Support initiatives that expand the recycling program and the ability to collect revenue. Consider investing in a truck to haul products and a glass recycling /crushing process to capture revenue from this waste stream.	j, k	Administration	Ongoing
Improve	8-14	Achieve Certified Prevention Community Status	g	Sherriff Dept.	Short Term
dwl	8-15	Expand the Recreation Department programs and facilities to include adult/senior programs and outdoor recreation. (See 9-15 & Rec Park Addendum)	f, j	Administration Parks and Recreation School Board	Ongoing
	8-16	Assist citizens seeking assistance with high-cost projects such as home and septic system repair assistance through Community Action Agencies, Mount Rogers Planning District Commission, and other service providers. Promote foster parenting in the community. (See 11-12)	f, j, k	Department of Social Services State Agencies	Short Term

Objective	Strategy	Responsible Agency	Goal	Responsible Agency	Schedule
	#		Category		
	P	UBLIC SERVICES, FACILITIES, AN	ID UTILITIE	S (CONTINUED)	
	8-17	Continue improving the government website to facilitate the exchange of information in an accurate and efficient way.	d, j	Administration IT Department	Short Term
	8-18	Support educational programs about responsible animal ownership.	а	Sherriff Department	Ongoing
lities	8-19	Support and expand activities of the Day Report Program to prevent repeat offenders and assist them with transitioning back into the community.	j, k	Administration	Ongoing
ities, and Uti	8-20	Utilize crime statistic data and GIS to identify, prescribe and treat areas of acute criminal activity.	f,g	Sherriff Department	Ongoing
ervices, Facil	8-21	Expand DARE program into the higher grades in conjunction with School Resource Officer program.	a, f, g, j	Sherriff Department	Ongoing
Improve Public Services, Facilities, and Utilities	8-22	Build social capital by encouraging the formation and Growth of civic clubs that address community needs. Topics may include scholarships, affordable housing, and other social issues.	a, g, k	Administration	Ongoing
=	8-23	Consider resolution for "Clean Grayson Month" to promote civic and public actions to clean up the county.	c, g, k	Board of Supervisors Administration	Short Term
	8-24	Encourage community members to participate in and or support volunteer and emergency services in their communities.	g, b, f, j	Administration Emergency Mngt. Board of Supervisors	Ongoing

Goal: Improve health and wellness services and facilities within Grayson County and enhance resident access.

Objective	bjective Strategy # Implementation Strategy		Goal Category	Responsible Agency	Schedule
		HEALTH AND			
, and	9-1	Support the development of a Community Fitness/Wellness Center to provide an opportunity for exercise and physical fitness.	f,i, j	County Administration Parks and Recreation	Ongoing
Support & Promote Community Wellness Services, Facilities, and Educational Opportunities	9-2	Create a task force to analyze the environmental health of the county. As it relates to septic tank issues/straight-piping, the lack of a full-time environmental health officer. Ensure that the programs offered by the Health Department align with the needs of the county. (See 3-4)	c, f, g, i, j,	County Administration Health Department	Ongoing
Community Wellness Serv Educational Opportunities	9-3	Survey other communities to gather input on strategies for attracting medical clinics and services. Support private investment in medical services and clinics where possible.	d, f,j, k	Administration Board of Supervisors	Ongoing
t & Promote Co	9-4	Continue working with the Senior Advocacy Committee to assess the unmet needs of the elderly and develop strategies to mitigate concerns and meet future needs. (See 8-3)	f, g, j, k	Department of Social Services Board of Supervisors	Ongoing
Suppor	9-5	Expand the Recreation Department programs and facilities to include adult/senior programs and outdoor recreation. (See 8-15)	f, j	Grayson County School Board Parks and Recreations	Short Term

Goal: Preserve, enhance, and protect Grayson County's environmental resources to maintain high quality of life for residents and sustainable development for the future.

Objective	Strategy #	Implementation Strategy	Goal	Responsible Agency	Schedule
	#	TOURISM	Catagory 1		
			/1	Doord of Cuponicoro	
	10-1	Partner with regional tourism initiatives such as The Crooked Road, Round the Mountain, and other organizations accountable for increasing tourism.	c, e, j, k	Board of Supervisors Administration Tourism	Ongoing
nty	10-2	Actively promote cultural events such as festivals, markets, music, and other communal activities that are regional attractions to Grayson County.	a, c, e, k	Tourism Ag Stewardship Local Business Partnerships	Ongoing
ayson Cou	10-3	Create a tourism brand for outdoor recreational assets on the western end of Grayson County to promote tourism and small business development.	c, e, j, k	Tourism	Short Term
out Gra	10-4	Complete an inventory and a review of natural and cultural assets of the community	a, c	Tourism	Short Term
through	10-5	Consider a full-time visitor/tourism center.	e, k	Administration Board of Supervisors Tourism	Medium Term
ort Tourism in all aspects throughout Grayson County	10-6	Support collaboration between Grayson County and local historical societies/organizations to promote important historical/cultural resources of the county.	c, k	Administration Tourism	Ongoing
port Tourism	10-7	Bridge the Tourism and Recreation Departments to ensure that visitors can access local recreational offerings	a, c, d, f, j	Administration Parks and Recreation Tourism	Ongoing
oddnS	10-8	Encourage tourism by supporting the Blue Ridge Discovery Center, Matthews Farm Museum, the 1908 Courthouse, Grayson Highlands State Park, The New River, and/or other natural & cultural history museums as tourism development. (See 6-8)	a, e, c, j	Tourism	Ongoing

Objective	Strategy #	Implementation Strategy	Goal Category	Responsible Agency	Schedule
		TOURISM (CON	TINUED)		
all aspects on County	10-9	Consider expanding efforts of agritourism initiatives in partnership with agrotourism. (See 6-5)	e, k	Tourism Administration Extension Office Ag Stewardship	Ongoing
Support Tourism in all throughout Grayson	10-10	Support efforts to replace old welcome signs and implement wayfinding and information signage across the County in partnership with agritourism.	e, j, k	Tourism Administration Ag Econ. Development	Ongoing

Goal: Facilitate land use patterns that offer a variety of housing choices and convenient access to neighborhood shopping, schools, parks, and other services; protect property owners from incompatible land uses; make efficient use of Grayson County's limited land capacity; and coordinate land uses with infrastructure needs.

Objective	Strateg #	y Implementation Strategy	Goal Category	Responsible Agency	Schedule
		Land	Use		
	11-1	Review existing zoning districts and consider new zoning districts to achieve community land-use goals.	c,h,k	Board of Supervisors Planning Commission	Long Term
	11-2	Continue Zoning Ordinance reviews and consider amendments for ease of use and to achieve land use goals, as necessary.	h,k	Board of Supervisors Planning Commission	Ongoing
Se	11-3	Continue to support web-based GIS for citizens' use.	a, k	GIS Dept. IT Dept.	Ongoing
Support Sustainable Land Use	11-4	Review and amend land use ordinances to ensure that they are aligned with each other and meet state and federal criteria. Align the ordinances with land use goals.	h, j, k	Board of Supervisors Planning Commission	Ongoing
pport Susi	11-5	Improve county tax parcel boundaries and records to accurately reflect the county.	h,j	Administration Commissioner of Revenue GIS/IT Dept.	Medium Term
ns	11-6	Bolster the county Geographic Information System (GIS) to improve land-use planning and county efficiency.	h, j	GIS Dept. IT Dept.	Ongoing

Objective	Strategy	Implementation Strategy	Goal	Responsible Agency	Schedule
	#		Category		
		LAND USE (CO	ONTINUED)		
	11-7	Host community meetings to gauge citizen input on land use and zoning restrictions.(See 7-7)	h, j, k	Administration Board of Supervisors	Ongoing
	11-8	Sponsor a suitability analysis for land-use types and develop a future land-use map based on the recommendations of the suitability analysis.	c,g,h,k,	Board of Supervisors Planning Commission Ag Economic Development Dept. Extension Office	Short-Term
nd Use	11-9	Amend administrative process for rezones to include site plans and review/interaction with VDOT for rezone applications	h, j, k	Board of Supervisors Planning Commission	Short Term
Support Sustainable Land Use	11-10	Collaborate with land use agencies who provide technical assistance such as the New River Soil & Water Cons. District, VDOF, USDA, NRCS, USDA FSA, & other similar organizations.	h, k	All County Departments	Ongoing
Support	11-11	Consider amendments to the subdivision ordinance to require surveys and/or land division data in digital AutoCAD dxf files.	d,i,k	Board of Supervisors Planning Commission	Short Term
	11-12	Assist citizens seeking assistance with high-cost projects such as home and septic system repair assistance through Community Action Agencies, Mount Rogers Planning District Commission, and other service providers. (See 8-16)	f, j, k	Department of Social Servies State Agencies	Ongoing
	11-13	Conduct education and outreach to floodplain property owners. (See 8-5)	a, c, g	Planning Dept. Emergency Mgt.	Ongoing

Grayson County

Grayson County Board of Supervisors



Commonwealth of Virginia

RESOLUTION THE GRAYSON COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ADOPTING THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN, ADDENDUMS, AND IMPLEMENTATION MATRIX

WHEREAS, Section 15.2-2230 of the Virginia Code requires a review of the Comprehensive Plan every five years to determine whether amendments thereto are advisable; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission held a public hearing on November 19, 2024, after notice in accordance with Section 15.2-2204 of the Code of Virginia, and heard citizen testimony regarding the proposed amendments to the Comprehensive Plan, addendums and implantation matrix; and

WHEREAS, a comprehensive plan review is essential to ensure that it reflects current conditions, community needs, and the goals of the County of Grayson; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission, by Resolution adopted on November 19, 2024, found that the proposed amendments to the Comprehensive Plan will serve to guide and accomplish a coordinated, adjusted, and harmonious development of the territory which will, in accordance with present and probable future needs and resources, best promote the health, safety, morals, order, convenience, prosperity and general welfare of the inhabitants of Grayson County, including the elderly and persons with disabilities; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Grayson County Board of Supervisors does hereby approve and adopt the updated Comprehensive Plan, Addendum, and Implementation Matrix attached hereto, to be incorporated and referenced as the 2024 Grayson County Comprehensive Plan.

Adopted this 9th day of January 2025, in the County of Grayson, Virginia.

ATTEST:		
Stephen A. Boyer, Clerk	R. Brantley Ivey, Chair	
Grayson County Board of Supervisors	Grayson County Board of Supervisors	

CERTIFICATE OF VOTES

The record of the roll-call vote by the members of the Board of Supervisors of Grayson County, Virginia, on the foregoing Resolution, duly adopted by the Board upon a roll-call vote at a public meeting held on January 9th, 2025, as follows:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Aye</u>	Nay	<u>Abstain</u>	Absent
R. Brantley Ivey				
Michael S. Hash				
Tracy A. Anderson				
Mary E. Dickenson Tomlinson				
Mitchell D. Cornett				

Board Appointments

- (Please see Rules of Procedure 5.10 listed below)

Building Inspection Board of Appeals – 4 yr term

- Robert Phipps (EC) term expires 12/31/24
- David Hood (EC) term expires 12/31/24
- Christopher Cooke Alternate term expires 12/31/24

<u>District III Governmental Cooperative - 1 yr term</u>

- Mike Hash (P)) term expires 12/31/24
- Elizabeth Jones (EC) Alternate term expires 12/31/24

Economic Development Authority - 4 yr term

- Chris Butler (P) resigning 12/31/24 new appointee will fill the remainder of Mr. Butler's term which expires 4/13/26
- Todd Cannaday (EC) resigning 12/31/24 new appointee will fill the remainder of Mr.
 Cannaday's term which expires 05/18/23
- Roger Rose (EC) application attached page 2

Grayson County Senior Advocacy Committee - 2 yr term

Amelia Bland-Waller (EC) – term expires 12/8/24

Recreation, Conservation & Development (New River Highlands) - 1 yr term

Lyndsie Young (EC) – term expires 12/31/24

Wythe-Grayson Regional Library - 4 yr term

- Sandra Venzie (EC) term expires 12/31/24
- Mary E. Dickenson Tomlinson (OT) term expires 12/31/24

Note: Pursuant to the BOS Rules of Procedure, Sec. 5.10, all potential nominations for appointment or recommendation are listed in the order applicable to said Rules and/or in the order in which they were tendered.

BOS Rules of Procedure

5.10 Appointments to Boards, Authorities, Commissions and Committees.

All appointments to any board, authority, commission or committee shall require a majority vote of the members present constituting a quorum. Any member of the Board may make nomination(s) for the Board's consideration of appointment for any qualified and eligible individual(s) to serve. In instances where an appointment is required to be made from within a defined voting district, it shall be the responsibility of the Board member representing that district to identify candidates for nomination to be affirmed through appointment by majority of the Board. If a district specific nomination is not provided by a Board member representing that district or if the nomination(s) fails to achieve affirmation by majority vote, then it shall then be the responsibility of the At-Large Member of the Board to offer up a nomination(s) for the Board's consideration. Whenever possible, it shall be the responsibility of a Board member to provide the name(s) of individual(s) they wish for the Board to consider for appointment with as much advance notice of the action as possible, along with any support information that would be of benefit in assisting the Board to consider a candidate(s) for appointment. Appointment recommendations made in advance by Board members shall chronologically be included in the Board's Packets in the order that they are tendered. The Chairman shall take up the appointment recommendations as presented by way of a motion and majority vote to include the recommendations as nominations, as well as take up any additional nominations that may be offered up from the floor.

	DAII	E: 3-12-2024
Board, Authority or Commission of Interest:	AC	
Or Volunteer for:		
Name of Applicant: March Rose		
Date of Birth: 09-14-1957	District:	IC Creek
Phone Number(s): © 276.768.9417 H	ome #	
Physical Address of Applicant: 15 Discove	mano In	dopendence VA
Mailing Address: 15 Discovery Lano J	Independence	2 VA 24348
Email Address: 10ger 10se 706 6 gy		
Current Employment: relifed		To:
Past Employment History: <u>US Navy</u>		
Napa Anto Part	S From: 200	4 To: 2006
DTV Construction	<u>~From:_∂00 8</u>	To: 2012
	From:	To:
iver been Convicted of a Felony: Yes or No	<u> </u>	
Interested in the economic de	relapment o	4 Groyson County.
Previous Boards, Authority, Commissions and/or Co	ommittees Served:	
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Corangua Con at Pall Affice		thew canty WA + lifetime
Graven County Poll Officer VP 42 Guynn's Island VA Guicle Applicable Experience in this Area of Service:	rober 1998-2	thew (ounty VA & lifetime
Graveon Gunty Poll Officer VP + Guynn's Island VA Guicle Applicable Experience in this Area of Service: Buildma Muint surevisor for Guyn	eague for Ma Noe 1998-2	icleaghe Survivor for
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Graveon Gunty Poll Officer VP + Cougnn's Island VA Guicle Applicable Experience in this Area of Service: Building Muint supervisor for Guyr 60,000 renovation y expansion of the Maxime Engineer for Nawal V	eague for Ma Nove 1998-2 nos Island Cir ocuumn's Island Jestels.	d Museum, Mathew Cant
Graveon Gunty Poll Officer VP + Cougnn's Island VA Guicle Applicable Experience in this Area of Service: Building Muint supervisor for Guyr 60,000 renovation y expansion of the Maxime Engineer for Nawal V	earne for Ma Nove 1998-2 2001-25 Island Cive Downs Island 1055615.	d Museum, Mathew Cant
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Previous Boards, Authority, Commissions and/or Comm	earne for Ma Nove 1998-2 2001-25 Island Cive Downs Island 1055615.	d Museum, Mathew Cant

Please email completed form to: Linda Osborne at losborne@graysoncountyva.gov

Grayson County Virginia

Grayson County Board of Supervisors



Commonwealth of Virginia

RESOLUTION

OF THE GRAYSON COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
TO CONGRATULATE THE GRAYSON COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL VA FOOTBALL TEAM,
COACHES, AND SCHOOL OFFICIALS ON AN OUTSTANDING SEASON AND TO
HONOR THEM FOR THEIR ACCOMPLISHMENTS.

WHEREAS, The Grayson County Board of Supervisors recognize excellence in all endeavors; and WHEREAS, The Grayson County High School Football Team has placed second in the 2024 VA Division 1A High School Football Tournament finishing the season ranked 4th out of 44 possible teams

WHEREAS, The Grayson County High School Football Team achieved this for the first time in the history of the football program

WHEREAS, This award is a testament to the hard work, dedication, and determination these athletes put towards the success of the football program

WHEREAS, No team can be successful without a great staff behind them: Head Coach Stephen James, the Assistant Coaching Staff, Principal Jerrad Blevins, Superintendent Kelly Wilmore, and all the teachers and administrators at Grayson County High School who players a pivotal role in their success

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the Grayson County Board of Supervisors honor the tremendous achievement by the Grayson County High School Football Team for placing second in the state championship 1A finals.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the County Administrator to the Superintendent of Grayson County School, Principal of Grayson County High School, and the Grayson County High School Football Staff.

Adopted this 9th Day January, 2025, in the County of Grayson, Virginia.

By:	Attest:
R. Brantley Ivey, Chair	Stephen A. Boyer, Clerk
Gravson County Board of Supervisors	Gravson County Board of Supervisor

The record of the roll-call vote by the members of the Board of Supervisors of Grayson County, Virginia, on the foregoing Resolution, duly adopted by the Board upon a roll-call vote at a public meeting held on December 12th, 2024, as follows:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Aye</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>Abstain</u>	<u>Absent</u>
R. Brantley Ivey				
Michael S. Hash				
Tracy A. Anderson				
Mary E. Dickenson Tomlinson				
Mitchell D. Cornett				

BLUERIDGECROSSROADS economic development authority

Carroll - Galax - Grayson VIRGINIA

Carroll-Grayson-Galax Regional Industrial Facilities Authority November 25, 2024

Roll Call

•	Mike Watson-	Carroll County	present
•	Jody Early-	Carroll County	present
•	Mike Burnette-	City of Galax	present – 3:15pm
•	Sharon Ritchie-	City of Galax	present
•	Steven Boyer -	Grayson County	present
•	Mike Hash-	Grayson County	present
•	Tracy Moore-	Carroll alternate	absent
•	Evan Henck-	Galax alternate	absent
•	Mitchell Cornett-	Grayson alternate	absent
•	Others present-		

Others present-

o Ashlyn Shrewsbury- BRCEDA Director

o April Collins- SBDC Director

Call to Order

Mr. Watson called the meeting to order at 3:02pm.

Consent Agenda and Treasures Report

Mr. Boyer made the motion to approve the amended consent agenda and treasurers report. Ms. Ritchie seconded the motion, which carried unanimously.

SBDC Report

Ms. Collins reviewed her report for the board. She mentioned that they have submitted the SSBCI application and stated that there has been a good response to the SBA Disaster Loan, but she expects more once people fully realize the impact that the hurricane had on their business. She also mentioned that some people have applied for the American Express grants and that the SBDC has fielded some of the questions on that.

Director's Report

The Blue Ridge Crossroads Region is Virginia's "Entrepreneurial Region."

BLUERIDGECROSSROADS economic development authority

Carroll - Galax - Grayson VIRGINIA

Ms. Shrewsbury shared her report, including the update that she is currently serving as MRRP's Interim Executive Director. The Hampton Property is on hold for now, as Galax is considering keeping ownership of the property, and asking BRCEDA to help market it instead of taking ownership. Ms. Shrewsbury will look into how marketing moneys would be shared for that property since Carroll isn't a member of that property but is a member of BRCEDA. Ms. Shrewsbury also shared that they received 1 response for the Audit Services RFP, a Robert A. Headrick Jr. CPA LLC firm, and that after staff's review, they recommend moving forward with that firm since it is cheaper than the current audit services received.

After discussion, Mr. Early made a motion to approve the award to this firm for auditing services of BRCEDA/SBDC/TWR and authorize the execution of the contract upon completion of review and revisions by legal counsel. Ms. Ritchie seconded the motion, which carried unanimously.

Announcements

Since the current December BRCEDA meeting is scheduled for the week of Christmas, the board approved moving the meeting to December 16th at 9 am.

Closed Session

Mr. Boyer made a motion to go into closed session for discussions concerning a prospective business or industry or the expansion of an existing business or industry where no previous announcement has been made of the business' or industry's interest in locating or expanding its facilities in the community, real estate, investment of public funds, and consultation with legal counsel. Mr. Hash seconded the motion, which carried unanimously.

End Closed Session and Reconvene Regular meeting.

Mr. Boyer made a motion to end closed session and return to regular session. Mr. Hash seconded the motion, which carried unanimously.

Adoption of Resolution of Certification of Closed Session

WHEREAS, the Blue Ridge Crossroads Economic Development Authority Board has convened a closed meeting on this date pursuant to an affirmative BRCEDA Agenda recorded vote and in accordance with the provisions of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act; and

WHEREAS, Section 2.2-3711 of the Code of Virginia requires a certification by the Blue Ridge Crossroads Economic Development Authority Board that such closed meeting was conducted in conformity with Virginia law.

The Blue Ridge Crossroads Region is Virginia's "Entrepreneurial Region."

BLUERIDGECROSSROADS economic development authority

Carroll - Galax - Grayson VIRGINIA

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Blue Ridge Crossroads Economic Development Authority Board hereby certifies that, to the best of each member's knowledge: (1) only public business matters lawfully exempted from open meeting requirements by Virginia law were discussed in the closed meeting which this certification resolution applies; and (2) only such public business matters as were identified in the motion convening the closed meeting were heard, discussed, or considered by the Blue Ridge Crossroads Economic Development Authority Board. The motion was adopted by a Roll Call vote as follows:

Member & Vote

Mike Watson – aye Jody Early – aye Mike Burnette – aye Sharon Ritchie – aye Steven Boyer – aye Mike Hash – aye

With no further business, the meeting adjourned.

Respectfully Submitted - by Ginny Plant on behalf of Stephen Boyer, Secretary

Michael Watson - Chairman

The Blue Ridge Crossroads Region is Virginia's "Entrepreneurial Region."



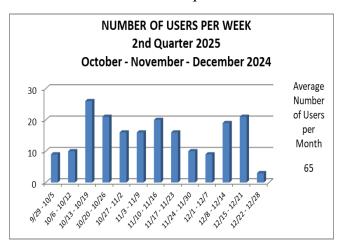
GRANT COMPUTER CENTER OUARTERLY PROGRESS REPORT

"Connecting our world through generosity"

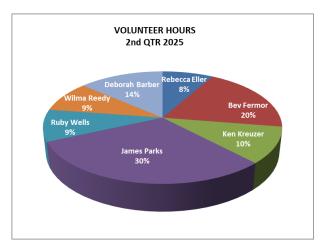
2nd QUARTER – Fiscal Year 2025 (October – November - December 2024)

The computer center was open for public use for an average of 15.46 hours per week for 13 weeks. There were four (4) closings for holidays, two (2) closings due to weather, and three (5) closings due to internet outage as a result of flooding.

During the quarter, the Grant Computer Center averaged 14.38 users per week and a total of 187 users for the quarter.



There were countless users who utilize our Wi-Fi. There are six (6) regular and two (3) alternate volunteers who worked 202.25 hours.



Since last report, the following changes and/or improvements have been accomplished:

- We are open Monday from 11:00 am to 2:00 pm and Tuesday through Thursday from 11:00 am to 5:00 pm and continue our efforts to recruit additional volunteers to expand operating hours. We continue to explore the possibly of a Friday shift from 11:00 am to 3:00 pm and/or opening the computer center during Bingo from 6:00 pm to 9:00 pm on Fridays.
- We worked with Grayson County Emergency Services during the recent flooding event by giving access for several distribution teams and storing donated relief items at our facility.
- We are currently referring Homebound Schooling Program students to the Gate Center as we do not have an instructor available at this time.
- The Goodwill Grange is improving its emergency preparedness plan in light of past events. We are in the process of formulating a quick reference manual to provide instruction for different types of situations such as tornados, victims of abuse, gun violence/threat, homelessness, etc. We will continue to provide emergency shelter and water and obtain assistance or take other measures, as appropriate.
- We are providing a venue for meetings and events for various entities such as the National Grange, Grayson County tax collection, and the Wythe Grayson Regional Library.
- We are working to provide individual assistance to people signing up for internet service and helping with the operation of their devices.
- We have updated all computers with the latest antivirus software.
- We are working with Wytheville Community College to allow internships at our facility as we have completed the proper documentation.
- We are working with New River Conservation Group and assisting with spreading the word of their endeavors by printing information, Facebook, and distributing fliers, etc.

- We now have an alliance with the Wythe Grayson Regional Library and provide assistance with obtaining a library card and we are also a pick-up and drop-off site for library materials. Wythe Grayson library staff visit our facility each Tuesday.
- During the flood, we were greatly disappointed that the computer center was without internet for several weeks. We had generator power to provide electricity for people to charge their devices.

The following changes and/or improvements are planned for the future:

- Will continue to replace office furniture as necessary when funds permit.
- Will continue to maintain supplies for operations (i.e., print cartridges, alcohol gel, paper, etc.).
- Will continue to perform maintenance and upkeep on the computer center, such as repainting, replacing ceiling tiles, replacing air filters, painting, and making repairs to the roof. Painting will be scheduled as soon as possible.

Continuing Community Support:

- We now have Gigabeam internet service which is faster than our previous service.
- Device and computer class/training is offered each Thursday from 2 to 5 pm.
- We continue to welcome many citizens to gain a working knowledge of computers and the internet as well as provide a needed service to users, such as email, faxing, copying/printing, transferring media, and retrieving passwords.
- We are pledged to offer our facility as a backup evacuation area for emergency situations at the Grayson Highlands School or the community as needs arise. We offer adequate bathroom facilities, a lending library, and use of our internet service. The Grange maintains a supply of bottled water in the event the local schools (or citizens) need to utilize our facility for shelter.
- Rugby Fire and Rescue has utilized our conference room, computers, television screen, and
 internet for their monthly recertification training. They are in need of EMTs and we have
 assisted in this effort by advertising when and where training sessions begin.
- We will continue to support Rugby and Troutdale Fire and Rescue by providing training on computer use and technical support.
- We have partnered with Grayson County for improved internet service in our area and are
 getting more questions lately about the operations of digital equipment. We are there to help
 people with their question and we enjoy being a part of this endeavor. Many people are being
 directed to Gigabeam.com or the Grayson County website to sign up for service.
- We will continue to update the community on the progress of the Grayson Connected Project by holding current event meetings.
- We continue to support individuals helping out while obtaining their community service hours for their court hearings. They help by weed-eating, cleaning, and various other tasks.
- The Grange offers a place for residents of this area to get internet. There is limited cell service and radio in the area, so the only reliable resource for media is our facility. It appears cell phone usage has increased as we are experiencing an increasing number of people inquiring about what cellular services are available in the area.
- WiFi continues to be available in the vicinity of the building and parking lot.
- Beginning January 1, 2025, James Parks will relinquish leadership of the computer center to the Grange Treasurer, Ken Kreuzer.

All Grant Computer Center business is conducted at the monthly Goodwill Grange meeting and/or through the Executive Committee as necessary. The Goodwill Grange meets every third Thursday at 7:00 p.m. The public is welcome.

Grant Computer Center Financial Report 2nd Quarter, FY2025 October – November – December, 2024

Period covering 10/1/2024 - 10/31/2024

Revenues			Expenses		
Computer Center Income			Computer Center Expenses		
CC Printing Fees	\$10.00		CC Utilities		
Edward Jones Interest	\$72.94		CC Electric	\$122.92	
Total Revenue		\$82.94	Total Expenses		\$122.92
			Net loss for Period		\$39.98

Period covering 11/1/2024 - 11/30/2024

Revenues			Expenses			
Computer Center Income			Computer Center Expenses			
CC Printing Fees	\$6.00		CC Office Supplies		\$8.41	
Total Revenue		\$6.00	CC Utilities			
			CC Electric	\$100.84		
			CC Water	\$40.00		
			Total Expenses			\$149.25
			Net loss for Period			\$143.25

Period covering 12/1/2024 - 12/31/2024

Computer Center Income					
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CC FAX Fees	\$4.00		CC Utilities		
CC Printing Fees	\$11.00		CC Electric	\$126.71	
Total Revenue		\$15.00	Total Expenses		\$126.71

Entire Quarter: 10/1/2024 - 12/31/2024

			Total Expenses			\$398.88
Total Revenue		\$103.94	CC Water	\$40.00		
Edward Jones Interest	\$72.94		CC Electric	\$350.47		
CC Printing Fees	\$27.00		CC Utilities			
CC FAX Fees	\$4.00		CC Office Supplies		\$8.41	
Computer Center Income			Computer Center Expenses			
Revenues			Expenses			

Account balances 10/1/2024

Account balances 12/31/2024

Account title	Balance	Account title	Balance
Computer Center CD's	\$6,000.00	Computer Center CD's	\$6,000.00
Computer Center checking	\$12,989.38	Computer Center checking	\$12,694.44